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## P O E M S

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A \mathrm{~N} D
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# MISCELLANEOUS PIECES, 

WITH A

FREE TRANSLATION

> OF THE

OEDIPUS TYRANNUS OF SOPHOCLES.

B Y

THE REV. THOMAS MAURICE, A.B.

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UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD.

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Printed for the AUTHOR;
And fold by J. Dodsley, Pall-mall; G. Kearsly, in Fleet-itteet;
Meffrs. Fletcher, Prince, Parker and Bifss, Oxford; and
Meffrs. Woodyer and Merrye, in Cambridge.
M.DCC.L.XXX,

## TO HIS GRACE

## THE DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH.

My Lord,

T$O$ animate mankind to the practice of virtue, and the conqueft of thofe pafions which are moft detrimental to fociety, by holding forth examples taken from real life, either of vice degraded or triumphant virtue, hath ever been the chief aim of thofe who duly confidered the nature and origin of theatrical compofition. While Comedy holds the mirror to folly, it is the office of 'Tragedy to expofe to public deteftation thofe vices, to which the diftinguifhed rank of the offender, or the nature of the offence itfelf, fanctified by the "ftupet in titulis" of popular delufion, may have given a long and. fecure dominion over the human mind.

Sophocles, my Lord, hath given us in the following pages a lively and pathetic inftance of the deftructive nature of ambition, of the inftability of human grandeur, and of the difaters too generally confequent when the paffions are not under the due fubordination of reafon. I am convinced I hall offend no perfon except yourfelf, when I add that the fteady and tranquil happinefs which hath ever attended your Grace in the exercife of every focial and domeflic virtue, and the univerfal refect paid to that integrity which neither intereft could ever allure, nor ambition ever hake from the bafis whereon it is fixed, will be the beft proof and the ftrongeft confirmation of the doctrine which this great mafter of tragic writing and morality hath thus endeavoured to eftablifh.

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At a period when the moft folemn ties, both religious and civil, are treated with fuch avowed contempt, to behold thofe, who are moft eminent among our nobility, fteadily adhering to the dictates of virtue, and fetting fo confpicuous an example of parental duty and conjugal affection, mult, while it abahes the front of vice, cxcite in the breaft of every good man the fublimeft fatisfaction, accompanied with the heartieft wihes for its long continuance among mankind.

1 have the honour to be,

My Lord,

# Your Grace's moft obliged 

And mof devoted fervant,

Woodford, 15th Junc, 1779.
THOMAS MAURICE.

PR.E-

## P R E F A C E.

MosT of the following Poems have been already fubmitted to the infpection of the public: under the fanction, however, of fo many refpectable names, and with the alterations recommended to the Author by many judicious friends, they will perhaps have a better plea to their attention.

To urge, that, of the mifcellaneous pieces in this colle Ction, the greater part are juvenile compofitions, and that the tranfation itfelf is but a continuation of thofe endeavours which were exerted at a time of life when his ambition indeed was awakened, but his judgment immature, would be an excufe very inadequate to their defeets. He is inclined rather to fubmit them with thofe defects to the confideration of the reader, and await the fentence, if not of candour, at leaft of impartiality.

With refpect to the Epistolary Verses, the Author has only to intreat the forgivenefs of thofe to whom they have at different times been fent for the liberty his ambition led him to take of uniting their names with his own in a work which, otherwife perhaps, might fhare the fate common to the poetical productions of. the age.

The Poem of Hero and Leander is not a regular tranlation of any part of Moichus; neither is the Eaftern Elegy, entitled Hinds, offered to the public as a particular imitation of any Afatic poet: the firf was compofed as an exercife at fchool, and the latter was written when the imagination of the Author had been animated with the perufal of thofe beautiful fpecimens of Eoftern poetry, lately given to the world by Mr. Jones, and Mr. Richardfon.

Tue Prospect of Lafe was in its original form a paraphrafe of a Grecian Chorus: the plan has been fince enlarged, but the pieture perhaps is too gloomy not to meet with cenfure.

A writer, who is ambitious of general applaufe, hould never engage in difputes of party: but the prefent unhappy contert in America is certainly a fubject for too extenfive concem to fix the ftigm:
a: fation on the bard who laments it. The Verses therefore witen at that era when thofe fatal honilities commenced, will require lefs apology, becaufe they exprefs, though in an unworthy manner, the lentiments of every true lover of his country.

The Tragedy of the Trachinians of Sophocles was performed in the originai Greck by the feholars of a genteman, to whom the Author with gratitude acknowledges himbelf indebted for his own education. The lines here publihed, were meant to have been recied, previous to the performance. Though, for fome reatons, they were not fpoken, he was unwilling to refufe the requeft of thofe, who, from being concerned in that performance, had a right to demand the perufal of them. It they meet with their approbation, he fhall not be anxious whether or not they can tland the teft of feverer criticifm.

The Poems that follow have been already honoured with a public perufal, and with fome thare of the public applaufe.

To the Tranilation itfelf are prefixed a few prefatory pages, which will explain the plan on which the Tranflator has proceeded. That fome of the fpeeches toward the end of the Tragedy appear immoderately long, though fone cenfure may be due to his own want of ability to find words fufficiently expreffive of the original idea, is partly to be afcribed to the cuftom of the Greck dramatic writers, who made the arfacs relate the mott interefting events of the play, and often difplayed in their fpeeches, as well as in thofe of the principal characters, which are likewife generally extended to a confiderable length, all that vigour of genius that fo Atrongly marks the tragical writers of antiquity.

Some apolony is neceflary for the delay in the publication of this book: but thofe who are acquainted with the difficulties and delays that attend works of this kind when the Author cannot be on the foot, will form in their own minds a better excule for him, than any he himielf can offer.

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Epiftolary Verfes
To Samuel Johnfon, L. L. D.
To Thomas Percy, D. D. from Oxford, on antient minftrelfy.
To the Marquis of Blandford, after feeing Blenheim.
To the Author of Poems and Trantlations from the Afiatic lan-guages.
Hero and Leander.
Hinda; an Eaftern Elegy.
The Profpect of Life: an Ode.
Verfes written in the year $1774^{\circ}$
Prologue to the Tragedy of the Trachinians.
Imitations of the Splendid Shilling-
The School-Boy.
The Oxonian.
Defcriptive Poems -
Netherby.
Hagley.
A Monody, facred to the memory of Elizabeth, Duthers of Norethumberland.
Af Free Tramation of the Oedipus Tytannus of Sophocles.

# To SAMUEL JOHNSON, L.L.D.․ 

While Britain's lofty bards his thoughts engage,
Will Johnfon fmile on this ignobler page?
From thee her flame my infant fancy caught,
And kindled at thy page the glowing thought;
Learn'd, by thy light, her fteady courfe to guide,
Tempt the rough fhore, and brave the deepening tide.

What equal tribute fhall the mufe prepare;
What heights of rapid fong unufual dare?
But when her hand hath fwept the nobleft wires,
Above her boldeft flights thy praife afpires:
'The wife, the virtuous venerate thy name;
This is thy praife, and this the nobleft fame.

Oh truly great! whofe generous, active mind
Scorns ev'ry labour but to blefs mankind!
Thine the high tafk a nation to reform,
The rifing race with virtuous hopes to warm;

## [ 2 ]

With folly's fons eternal war to wage,
And lafh the crimes of an abandon'd age.

Befet with ills, opprefs'd by namelefs woes;
Superior to their rage, thy genius rofe:
Unable thefe to crufh thy great defign, To damp thy piety, thy thoughts confine!

On wealth, and power, thy fteadfaft foul looks down,
Regardlefs if the mighty fmile or frown.
Guilt is thy foc, guilt open, or conceal'd,
And none are fafe whom virtue does not hield:
When in her caufe thou draw'it the rightcous fword,
It wounds, alike, the peafant and the lord.

Dy thee rcfin'd, to full perfection brought,
We rival Greece in language, as in thought;
Genius foars bolder, fancy brighter hines,
And manlier vigour animates our lines.
Let blockheads rail, whofe precepts, wifely, teach
'To call obfoure, what dullnefs cannot reach:
Thy labour'd volume claims our nobleft praife,
That loftier fenfe in loftier found con"eys.
How fiene thow frong, the polifh'd periods roll,
With thoughts that rcuze, tranfort, convince the foul!

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[ } & 3\end{array}\right]$

But are there fome, the fleady foes of worth, Still prompt to give the embryo falhood birth,

Who ftrive to blacken thy illufrious name,
By each mean art that dark revenge can frame;
Attack the firmnefs of an honeat heart,
That fcorns, alike, the knave's or villain's part:
Faction's bafe fons, who principle difdain,
Or know no principle, but that of gain?
If fuch there are, ev'n thefe thou can'fl defife,
Ev'n the ee thy fix'd integrity defies:
Thy fame fhall flourih when their mem'ries rot, Their rage, their writings, like their names, forgot.

What bold, ambitious hopes, my bofom warm,
Oft' as my eyes behold thy honour'd form;
As all the labours of thy life I trace,
Thy glory, and the glory of our race!
Thy mind, retaining fill her wonted fires,
With added years increafing ftrength acquires:
Vig'rous, as when to Juvenal's manly page
Thy mufe congenial gave rekindled rage.
But thy ambition boafts a nobler aim,
Than man's applaufes, and the bubble, fame;

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$$

## [ 4 ]

Anxious to gain, and eager to fecure,
That brighter meed to patient virtue fure ;
Thine are the joys, that animate the juft,
And lift the foul above its kindred duft :
Ev'n here, the dazzling feenes entrance thy fight,
While confcience gives a feraph's pure delight.

## [ 5 ]

To the Reverend THOMAS PERCY, D.D.

From clafic plains, where fience loves to dwell, Sooth'd with the warblings of her Attic fhell ; From bowers, where patriots, fages, kings, have Atray'd,
With wifdom mufing in the laurel chade ;
Friend to the mufe, this votive verfe receive,
Praife what you can, and what you may, forgive.

Hither that mufe thy favour'd footftep led,
And wreath'd a chaplet round thy youthful head:
Here bade thy foul, with daring fearch, explore
'The rich, exhauflefs mines of antient lore;
Reach the bold flights of Plato's fire-clad thought,
And fan the truths his greater mafter taught:
Wifeft of men, whofe firm unfhaken foul
Beheld, without difmay, the deadly bowl,
Nor cou'd ungrateful Athens blaft a name,
That ftill fhall mine, their glory and their hame.
Here to thy view bade Athen's patrict rife,
Fate in his voice, and light'ning in his eyes,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}6\end{array}\right]$

The foes of Grecce and frecdom to confound, And dah the pride of Philip to the ground:
Or warm'd thee with the found of Tully's tongue;
On which admiring Rome with rapture hung,
Taught thee what ftrains the Theban roll'd along, And all the fiweets of Maro's polilh'd fong.

Oft, 'midft thefe kindred glades, thy mind might trace
The myftic page of Mona's antient race;
Whom, trembling thro' her forefts inmof gloom,
She pour'd by midnight from her cavern'd womb;
Prophets, whofe eyes the depths of fate cou'd pierce,
Who burt the bands of death with magic verfe:
And thofe of later day, with rage fublime,
Who fmote the harp, and rouz'd the foul of rhyme;
Whofe martial Arains rehears'd the toils of fight,
And warm'd the heart of many a hardy knight:
How, like a rock, each lion-chieftain food,
Or urg'd his panting fteed thro' feas of hoftile blood.

Methinks I fee, where Alnwick's turrets hoar
Darken her flood, fo often fain'd with gore,
A thoufand heroes fill the fracious hall,
And helms and lances hang the frowning wall.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}7\end{array}\right]$

Full in the center of the warlike band,
I fee a chief of bolder vifage ftand;
With keener flames his glift'ning eye-balls hine,
And his port marks him of the Percy line-
The fong begins; the minftrels fweep the Atring,
And the high roofs with martial clangors ring:
Of tournament they fing, and tented plain,
A Percy victor, or a Douglas flain,
Or Arthur's feats, in daring lays rehearfe,
Or Edward's conquefts fwell the mighty verfe;
The founds, like light'ning, pierce each warrior's foul,
And life's warm tides in brifker currents roll ;
Their fears they make, and clath the burnifh'd field,
And feem trimmphant e'er they reach the field-

Bold were the notes, and kings approv'd the fong,
Like thofe who heard, unpolifi'd, rough, and firong $y$
But cou'd not o'er the arm of death prevail,
When all the powers of fong and mufic fail :
Time, with oblivious hand, defac'd the page,
And virtue only triumph'd o'er his rage:
Their rugged numbers we no more admire,
Yct tho' their language fails, their raptures firc.
PERCY, 'twas thine to cull each nobler lay,
And give new verdure to the witherd bay;

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}8 & \end{array}\right]$

The blooms of infant genius to reftore,
Teach them to fpread, and bid them fade no more-
For long as genuine pafion fways the heart, And nature's painting fhames the ftrokes of art,
Britain hall love the frain that fings, fo well,
How her bold antient heroes fought and fell :
Her rifing offspring kindle as they read,
And burn, like them, to conquer or to bleed-

## [ 9 ]

# To the A UTHOR of POEMS And TRANSLATIONS from the Afiatic Languages. 

> W HITHER does fancy ftretch her rapid wing, Thro' what new regions of ferener fpring? My ravifh'd fenfe an opening Eden greets, A wafte of treafures, and a wild of fweetsAnd now I feem thro' fairy bow'rs to ftray, Where fcatter'd rubies pave the fpangled way; Tranfparent walks, with polifh'd fapphires bright, And * fountains, fparkling with ambrofial light.

> A fiweeter lyre no Eaftern fwain hath ftrung,

More foftly warbled, or more boldly fung;
Whether, great Bard, thy vigorous mufe rehearfe
Solima's deathlefs praife, in deathlefs verfe;
Paint the bright virtues of her generous mind,
Great as thy own, and as thy own refin'd;
Or, tun'd to grief, the melting numbers move,
And breathe the fofteft tales of plaintive love:

* Alluding to the poem of the Seven Fountains. See page $33^{\circ}$


## [ 10 ]

Tender as Petrarch's flows th' impaffion'd line, Nor Vida boafts a chafter page than thine.

Yet not that Britain's laurels round thy head, And Arab's palms with rival luftre §pread, For this I fing_but, that, with fix'd difdain, Thy Roman foul refus'd the flaterer's ftrain; And dar'd prefer, (unvers'd in courtly guile) Virtue's juft praife beyond a Monarch's fmile.

## [ II]

To the Moft Noble the MARQUIS of BLANDFORD, after having feen Blenheim Houfe.

SUCH the proud monument of Churchill's fame,
Albion, thy boaft, and vanquilh'd Bourbon's Chame;
Yet tho' the roofs, with ftoried triumphs bright,
Pour on our cyes a flood of mimic light,
Tho' the rich walls, in breathing filks array'd,
Boaft all the blended pomp of light and flade;
He claims a furer fame than thefe can give,
On nobler monuments his triumphs live:
For when this towering manfion fhall decay,
(Forgive, great Architect, the daring lay)
When Time flall dafh to earth the mould'ring burt,
And yon proud column crumbles into duft,
In Britain's love his mem'ry fill fhall bloom,
And anxious nations guard the warrior's tomb.

Here, BLANDFORD, oft, as to thy wond'ring eyes
His deathlefs feats in bright fucceffion rife,
Congenial tranfports in thy bofon roll,
And half his fpirit fires thy infant foul.
C 2

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}12\end{array}\right]$

But far from the: lic war's tumultuous rage,
Nor let ambition taint thy tencer age;
Let Spencer's bright example teach thy mind
Sublimer joys, and tranfports more refin'd :
Like him, thy hand to pining want extend,
Protek the orphan, and the wretch befriend.
Thefe, thefe are arts that give more true renown,
Than captive nations, and a world o'erthrown.
But if thy country call thee to her caufe,
If freedom mourn her violated laws;
Then let thine arm the righteous fabre wield,
And be another Churchill in the field.

Yon lefs fuperb, yet not lefs glorious * pile,
Rear'd its fair front beneath his guardian fmile:
There, the pale victim of difeare and grief,
Directs his fecble ftep, and finds relief:

* The Infirmary at Oxford, crected upon the moft extenfive and ufful plan, by the 'Truftees of Dr. Radeliff's benefaction, out of the furplus money remaining after defraying the expences of his library, and fupported by the ample contributions of his Grace the Duke of Malborough, and others of the nobility and gentry of Oxfordhire. His Grace has likewife been a confiderable benefactor to the Univerfity, by piefenting it with an extenfive trat of ground for building an Obfervatory on, and with a reflecting telefcope of twelve feet, made by the lave Mr. Short, which is the larget inftrument of the kind ever made in England, (one only excepted, finifhed by the fame artift for the late King of Spain) and is of grat value.

Defpair's

## $\left[\begin{array}{lll}{[13}\end{array}\right]$

Defpair's wan cheeks the flufh of life refume,
And his pray'rs confecrate the hallow'd dome:
His grateful tongue of Radcliffe's bounty tells,
And on thy parent's name with rapture dwells.
The laurel'd fons of Ifis' happy vale
Catch the glad found, and fwell the applauding gale;
Her Naiads propagate the fav'rite theme,
And all her echoes waft it down the ftream.

But lo! attended by her infant train,
That fort around her on the velvet plain,
Like the firt blooming Eve, ere fatal pride
Led her fair feet from innocence afide,
The bcauteous Marlbro' feeks her wonted Ahade,
Where Perfian odours breathe thro' yonder glade;
Her fairer Paradife-for all the flowers
That thed their foft perfumes in eaftern bowers,
Tranfplanted there their purple blooms expand,
And live and flourifh by her foft'ring hand.
But who are there, that furh'd with all the glow
Which health and youthful beauty can beftow,
Amidft thofe ficy fhrubs, themfelves more fiveet,
Advance to meet her in her lov'd retreat?

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[4]}\end{array}\right.$

In whom tho e charms, and ev'ry beauteons line
That marks her features, by reflection hine:
Our dazzled fight thecir rival fplendors tire,
Nor know we which mon jufly to admire, (So like they hine in ev'ry nobler grace)

The lovely parent, or her blooming race.

Hence let us hafte to yonder rugged feep,
Down whofe grey fides the plunging waters fweep;
Or climb yon mountain, black with hanging wood,
Round whofe broad bafis winds the deep'ning flood,
That, rolling thro' the fpacious valley, Alames,
With its proud waves, the meaner tide of Thames.
Such, Brown, the wonders of thy plaftic hand;
The new creation forang at thy command;
And yon Rupendous arch furveys his tide
Aftonifl'd, fpread with all an ocean's pride.

Beneath thofe elme, in Britain's clder time,
Old Chaucer pourd his legendary rhyme:
To hear his wond'rous tales, the lift'ning moon
Check'd her bright axle at its higheft noon;
While many a wood-nymph round the bard would throng,
And dance refonfive to his midnight fong.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}15\end{array}\right]$

To thefe dear glooms, from battle's glorious toils, With honours laden, and triumphal fpoils, Great Henry fled *, to lofe in beauty's charms
The care of kingdoms, and the din of arms:
To rapture here, and Rofamond refign'd,
New paffions fir'd the royal Victor's mind :
The cleareft fprings they fought, the darkeft groves,
And ev'ry bower was confcious to their loves.
But Mort the blifs unholy joys afford,
His raging confort feeks her abfent lord;
And Rofamond, from love and Heary torn,
Retires to weep in yonder glooms forlorn.
Oh never more may guilty tranfports fain
Thefe hallow'd haunts, nor jealous fires profane;
But ev'ry future lord, like Spenfer, prove
The fweets of focial life, and fpotlefs love!

* Henry the Second.


## [ 16 ]

## HERO AND LEANDER.

Stretcin' D on Abydos' folitary ftrand,
With eye erect to heav'n, and fuppliant hand,
Leander lay: the tempeft blacker grew,
And veil'd that heav'n for ever from his view !
He marks the boifterous hurricanes that fweep,
With madd'ning rage, the furface of the deep:
But fiercer forms within his bofom roll,
And furious gufts of paffion tear his foul.
Abfence and wild defpair at once confpire
To fivell the tumult, and inflame defire:
Sudden he ftarts, and thus, in frantic mood,
Pours his loud plaints to the remorfelefs flood.
" Thou reftefs deep, whofe hofile waves divide
"An eager lover, and his anxious bride,
" Ah ceafe thy rage; ye tempefts rave no more,
" Nor bar my paflage to the wifh'd-for hore:
"Much have I borne beneath your bleak domain,
"As each dark cve I crofs'd the watry plain.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}17\end{array}\right]$

"Raging with fierce, impatient fires, to hare
" The fond embraces of my abfent fair :
"Witnefs thou friendly torch, whofe glimmering lighs
"Chear'd the dull horrors of the dulky night ;
"Witnefs ye confcious tow'rs, that oft have feen
"The trembling tranfports of your love-fick queen;
"When in her arms my dropping limbs the preft,
"And clafp'd me breathlefs, fainting to her brean.
' Dear, tranfient fcenes! but ah!muft never more
"Thefe eyes with rapture view the Thracian flore?
"Shall intervening feas, and adverfe wind,
"Damp or reftrain the lover's active mind ?
"No, let me plunge amidit the foam, and brave
" All the wild fury of the dahing wave:
"Soon on yon cliffs fhall blaze my well-known guide,
" While Hero's name fhall bear me thro' the tide.
"Fir'd at the found, my foul within me burns,
"And danger, toil and fate indignant fpurns."
He fpake, and rufhing down the rocky fteep,
Plung'd in the bofom of the hoary deep.

Now darknefs, brooding o'er the vaft profound,
Had fpread her dragon wing oe'r all around :

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}18\end{array}\right]$

The pale moon funk amidnt the tenfold night, And every nar with-held its chearing light:

Dcicnding torrents, mix'd with ruddy flame,
Roard to the howling blaft in loud acclaim;
'The pealing thunders broke thro' heav'n's cleft plain,
And hook the caverus of the groaning main;
Nor ceas'd the lightnings, with deftructive glare,
'To flath impectuous thro' the duky air.
Leander, frantic with amaze and dread,
Amidn the billows rear'd his languid head,
And fought the faithful lamp, but none appear'd,
And not a ray the dark horizon chear'd,
Save where the lightning thot a dreadful gleam,
Or fparkles glifen'd on the glowing fream.
In vain to heav's he lifts his haggard eyes,
Adds vow to vow, and wearies Jove with cries:
No pitying God would grant a lover's pray'r,
Nor Venus hear his wailings of defpair.
He next invokes old Neptune to his aid,
And ev'ry nymph, and ev'ry blue-ey'd maid,
In vain; relentlefs fate had feal'd his doom;
The decp, to whelm him, opes her yawning womb.

Exhaufted with fatigue, at length he gave
His languid limbs to float along the wave;
Then, heaving from his breaft a mighty figh,
Exclaim'd, "'Tis heaven's decree, and I muft die:
" Muft dic, my Hero, ere thefe circling arms
"Once more, in thine, embrace an angel's charms.
" Ye crucl winds, ye fportive tempefts, hear
"Thefe my laft words, and waft them to my dear.
" Tell her, not all your rage combin'd could move
" This conftant foul, nor quench the fire of love:
"Tell her, for her I brav'd the boiftrous tide,
"For her the madnefs of the ftorm-and died."
He faid; and darknefs rufhing on his fight,
Wrapt the pale lover in eternal night.

Hero meanwhile, with anxious cares oppreft,
A thoufand paffions ftruggling in her breal,
Pafs'd in fufpenfe her tedious hours away,
The night in watching, and in tears the day.
Now, from the higheft tow'r the ftretch'd, with pain,
Her eager eyes c'erall the boundlefs main;
Now with her flayes from room to room the flies,
Till the wide dome refounded with their cries.

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\mathrm{D} 2
$$

## [ 20 ]

At length he paus'd, her frength began to fail, And thus the fake, with faultering lips and pale-
" Dear partners of my grief, who $m$ re than hare
" In all the complicated pangs I bear,
" Did cver wretch fuch various tortures know,
"Toil with like cares, or bend with equal woe?
" I fink, I fank bencath the mighty weight,
"And yicld me to the torrent of my fate-
" Thaice hath the moon her nightly journey roll'd,
"Nor yet thefe arms the lovely youth infold;
" Perhaps, already, welt'ring on the wave,
"O'er his pale head the circling billows rave.
" Lah there!-I fee him mangled, gan'd, and torn,
"Wide oer the howling watte of waters borne.
"I fee him dafh'd againh the rocky more,
". His beauteous limbs all black with wounds and gore:
"Help, help, ye powers!"-the fainting princefs faid, And her flaves bear her to the royal bed.

In vain fie frove her languid eye to clofe, And lufe the fenfe of grief in fweet repofe, Such dreadfal feenes within her bofom wrought, And doubt and terror darken ev'ry thought :

## [ 2 I ]

Before her fight the ghaftly phantom ftood, All deadly pale, and fmear'd with clotted blood;

Dreadful it fmil'd, as o'er her proftrate charms
It feem'd to hang, and ftretch its empty arms.
The gloomy vifion fir'd her madd'ning brain, And wilder horror fhot thro' ev'ry vein.

She ftarted from the couch in wild defpair,
Beat her white breaft and tore her raven hair ;
Then, rufhing forth, the rocky heights afcends,
Where wideft o'er the wave the turret bends;
Rolling her fiery eyes from fide to fide,
Soon as her lover's floating corpfe the fpied,
Headlong fhe darted from the giddy fteep,
And funk for ever in the whelming deep.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[22}\end{array}\right]$

## HINDA; an Eafern Elcgy.

LED by the ftar of cvening's guiding fires,
That fhone ferene on Aden's lofty fires,
Young Agib trod the folitary plain,
Where groves of fipikenard greet his fenfe in vain:
In wealth o'er all the neighbouring fiwains fupreme,
For manly beauty cy'ry virgin's theme;
But no repofe his anxious bofom found,
Where forrow cherih'd an eternal wound.
The frequent figh, wan look, and frantic flart,
Spoke the defpair that prey'd upon his heart.
The haunts of men no more his fteps invite,
Nor India's treafures give his foul delight.
In fields and deep'ning hades he fought relief,
And thus difcharg'd the torrent of his grief.

- Ye fwains, that thro' the bow'rs of pleafure rove,
- Ye nymphs, that range the myrtic glades of love,
- Forgive a wretch, whofe foct your bow'rs propiane,
c Where ioy alone and happy lo:cis reign:


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[ } & 3\end{array}\right]$

- But oh! this breaft inceffant cares corrode,
- And urge my fainting fteps to death's abode!
- Joylefs to me the feafons roll away,
-' Exhaufted nature hurries to decay;
- Day's chearful beams for me in vain return,
- For me the flars of heav'n neglected burn:
- In vain the flow'rs in wild luxuriance blow,
- In vain the fruits with purple radiance glow;
- In vain the harvelt groans, the vintage bleeds,
- Grief urges grief, and toil to toil fucceeds:
- Since the whofe prefence bade the world be gay,
:Whofe charms gave luftre to the brightef day,
s HINDA, once faireft of the virgin train,
6 Who haunt the foreft, or who range the plain,
= Sleeps where the boughs of yon black cyprefs wave ${ }_{2}$
s And I am left to languifh at her grave!
- To that dear fpot, when day's declining beam
: Darts from yon thining towers a farewell gleam,
* Conftant as eve, my forrows I renew,
' And mix my tears with the defcending dew,
- The laft fad debt to buried beauty pay,
s Kifs the cold hrine, and clafp the mould'ring clay.


## [ 24 ]

- Far other founds this confcious valley leard,
- Far other vow's thefe ardent lips preferr'd,
- When fick with love, and eager to embrace
- Beauties unrivall'd but by angel grace,
- I madden'd as I gaz'd o'er all her charms,
- And hail'd my HINDA to a bridegroom's arms.
- I printed on her lips an hafty kifs,
- The pledge of ardent love and future blifs;
- Her glowing blufhes fann'd the fecret fire,
- Gave life to love, and vigour to defire;
- Then, when the tear, warm trickling down my check,
- Spoke the full language paffion could not fpeak,
- Our mutual tranfport feald the nuptial rite,
- Heav'n witnefs'd, and approv'd the chafte delight-
" Prepare, I cried, prepare the nuptial feaft,
" Bring all the treafures of the rifled Eaft:
" The choicen gifts of ev'ry clime explore,
" Let * Aden yield her tributary fore;
* Aden and Saba are both cities of Arabid Felix, celebrated for the gardens and fpicy woods with which they are furrounded.


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}25\end{array}\right]$

" Let Saba all her beds of fpice unfold,
" And Samarcand fend gems, and India gold,
" To deck a banquet worthy of the bride,
"Where mirth thall be the gueft, and love prefide.
" Full fifty fteeds I boaft of fwiftef pace,
" Fierce in the fight, and foremoft in the race.
" Slaves too I have, a numerous, faithful band,
"And heav'n hath giv'n me wealth with lavih hand :
" Yet never have I heap'd an ufelefs ftore,
" Nor fpurn'd the needy pilgrim from my door;
" And, fkill'd alike to wield the crook or fivord,
"I fcorn the mandate of the proudeft lord.
"O'er my wide vales a thoufand camels bound,
"A thoufand fheep my fertile hills furround;
"For her amidft the fpicy fhrubs they feed,
" For her the choiceft of the flock thall bleed:
"Of polifh'd chryftal fhall a goblet mine,
"The furface mantling with the richeft wine;
" And on its fides with * Omman's pearls inlaid,
' Full many a tale of love fhall be pourtray'd:

[^0]
## [ 26 ]

"Hefper thall rife and warn us to be gone,
" Yet will we revel 'till the breaking dawn;
" Nor will we heed the morn's unvelcome light,
" Nor our joys finifl with returning night.
" Not Georgia's nymphas can with my love compare,
"Like jet, the ringlets of her mulky hair :
" Her ftature like the palm, her fhape the pine,
" Iler breafts like firelling clufters of the vine;
" Fragrant her breath as Hadramut's perfume,
" And her cheeks fhame the dimank rofe's bloom.
" Black, foft, and full, her eyes ferenely roll,
"And feem the liquid manfion of her foul.
"Who hall deferibe her lips, where rubies glow,
" Her tecth like mining drops of pureft fnow?
" Bencath her honey'd tongue perfuafion lies,
" And her voice breathes the frains of Paradife.
" A bower I have, where branching almonds fpread,
"Where all the feafons all their bounties fied;
"The gales of life amidnt the branches play,
" And mufic burfts from cv'ry vocal fray,
" Its verdant foot a fream of amber laves,
" And o'er it Love his guardian banner waves:

## [ 27 ]

" There fhall our days, our nights in pleafure glide,
"Friendrhip Chall live when paffion's joys fubfide;
"Increafing years improve our mutual truth,
" And age give fanction to the choice of youth."

- Thus fondly I of fancied raptures fung,
: And with my fong the gladden'd valley rung.
〔But fate, with jealous eye, beheld our joy,
- Smil'd to deceive, and flatter'd to deftroy;
- Swift as the fhades of night the vifion fled,
- Grief was the gueft, and death the banquet fpread.
- A burning fever on her vitals prey'd,
- Defied Love's efforts, baffled med'cine's aid,
- And from thefe widow'd arms a treafure tore,
- Beyond the price of empires to reftore.
- What have I left, what portion but defpair,
- Long days of woe, and nights of endlefs care?
- While others live to love, I live to weep;
- Will forrow burft the grave's eternal lleep?
- Will all my pray'rs the favage tyrant move
- To quit his prey, and give me back my love?
- If far, far hence, I take my haity flight,
- Scek other haunts, and fcenes of foft delight,


## [ 28 ]

- Amidnt the crouded mart her voice I hear,
- And fhed, unfecn, the folitary tear ;
- Mufie exalts her animating ftrain,
- And beauty rolls her radiant eye in vain :
- All that was mufic fled with Hinda's breath,
- And beauty's brightert cyes are clos'd in death!
- I pine in darknefs for the folar rays,
- Yet loath the fun, and ficken at his blaze;
- Then curfe the light, and curie the lonely gloom,
- While unremitting forrow points the tomb.
- Oh! Hinda, brightent of the black-cy'd maids,
- That fport in paradife' embow'ring fhades,
- From golden boughs where bend ambrofial fruits,
- And fragrant waters wafh th' immortal roots;
- Oh from the bright abodes of purer day,
- The proftrate Agib at thy tomb furvey;
- Behold me with unceafing vigils pine,
- My youthful vigour want with fwift decline;
- My hollow eye behold, and faded face,
- Where health but lately fpread her ruddy grace-
- I can no more-this fabre fets me free;
- This gives me back to rapture, love and thee.


## [ 29 ]

- Firm to the froke its Mining edge I bare,
- The lover's lat fad folace in defpair.
- Go, faithful feel, act ling'ring nature's part,
- Bury thy blufhing point within my heart ;
- Drink all the life that warms there drooping veins,
- And banifh at one ftroke a thoufand pains.
- Hafe thee, dear charmer ; catch my gafping breath,
- And chear with fmiles the barren glooms of death!

6'Tis done-the gates of Paradife expand-

- Attendant Houri feize my trembling hand-
- I pafs the dark, inhofpitable hore,
- And, Hinda, thou art mine-to part no more.'


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}30\end{array}\right]$

# THE PROSPECTOF LIFE: 

## A N O D E.

$\mathbf{T}_{\text {HOU }}$, in whofe breaft ambitious tranfports burn, And ye, who wafte the vigour of your age
In fruitlefs wifhes to protract the date,
Afiign'd to life by unrclenting fate;
Ah from the feenes of fplendid folly turn, And mark her mirror in this faithful page.

What tho', blind wretch, along her dang'rous tide, Sportive, the thoughtlefs and the giddy glide;

Or, led by folly's meteor light aftray,
Securely wanton round the verdant flore:
How are they fwept by fudden fates away,
Or break like bubbles and are heard no more !

## [ 3 I ]

But if thou wilt the untried ocean dare,
For rougher ftorms thy finatter'd bark prepare,
When all thy boarted fkill fhall fail ;
For many a rock lurks unperceiv'd beneath, And know,--creation teems with various death,

With fecret treafures of exhauflefs woe,
That o'er the deareft joys of man prevail,
And cruh the happinefs of all below.

Behold the circling elements confpire
To hurry haplefs mortals to the tomb, Leagued to deftroy, earth, ocean, air, and fire,

With active violence urge on their doom.
Deeply convuls'd with thunder's awful found,
See the cleft earth difclofe her yawning womb,
And whelm whole empires in the gulph profound!
Eruptive thro' the midnight air
Fell comets flafh, and vivid lightnings glare, Smiting with death the guiltlefs victim's head,

Or rufhing whirlwinds defolate the plain,
Where Afric's barren wafte expands,
And caravans, with nations in their train,
Promifcuous bury in the burning fands.

But who hall ocean's countlefs wrecks rehearfe,
The myriads welt'ring on her formy bed ?
Stupendous tomb of half the human race,
That Acep unwept by one funcreal verfe,
One mournful tear their obfequies to grace!

From feenes of public terror turn thy view;
Fate's thoufand ills in humbler feenes purfue:
Extend thy glance thro' ev'ry various Itage,
From childhood's follies up to doating age-
What then is life, but one vaft chearlefs maze,
Where blinded man in error ftrays;
Alternate fport of joy and forrow,
To-day triumphant, and opprefs'd to-morrow ?
Firft let thine cye attentive fcan
What namelefs woes thy fteps await,
Ere ripening years mature thee into man,
And darken ev'ry prorpect of delight:
Scarce has the frail inhabitant of clay,
'Midft toil and danger, Atruggled into day;
Dut infant fereams too well declare
The wretched babe misfortune's fated heir.

Perhaps he falls her early prey;
And finks untimely to the grave;
But if his tender head her fury brave,
And fate this happielt boon deny,
A thoufand furies hover nigh,
In haft'ning years, their certain prey to feize :
A thoufand ravening paffions ready ftand,
Each with a whip of fcorpions in his hand;
Thefe, with united rage, his bofom fting,
Blaft all his hopes, and poifon ev'ry fpring
Whence genuine rapture had begun to flow,
And fpread an univerfal blank of woe!
While unaffuag'd and piercing pains,
The monftrous race of peftilent difeafe,
Infuriate rufh thro' all his throbbing veins,
Tu madnefs ev'ry frantic pulfe inflame,
And writhe with agony his tortur'd frame.
Then vifionary fears his foul affright;
He finks in fuperfition's tenfold night.

Now let the mufe exalt her ftrain ;
Let martial clangors drown the voice of pain :
Behold him, now, in life's meridian ftate,
When all the fyren pleafures round him wait;

## [ 34 ]

Ilis cheeks with health and manly beaty glow, And valour frowns upon his dauntlefs brow:

What tho', inflam'd with glory's charms,
IIe rumes at the trumpet's call to arms, And gains the flining plume of high renown?

Perhaps, the loftieft fummit gain'd,
With ev'ry bold, ambitious wifh obtain'd,
He triumphs in his foes o'crthrown,
And boafts the fplendors of a ravifh'd crown:
Yet foon the glittering phantom fies,
The widow's monn hath pierc'd the fkies:
Some frefh ufurper rifes to confound
His tow'ring pride; and fortune's changeful frown
Tumbles the victim of her vengeance down.

But thus to triumph, thus to fall,
Is not the guilty, glorious lot of all:
Yet ev'ry breaft with various pallion burns,
And the fad profpect ftill thro' life returns.
Does frience court thee? ah the with forego,
For added knowledge is but added woe;
Error and doubt diftract the fchoolman's mind,
Happier, tho' humbler, refts th' untutord hind.

## [ 35 ]

In fenfual joys you plunge, but plunge in vain,
No heartfelt pleafures are to thefe allied;
The feftive board unfeen difeafes ftain,
And forrow floats amidft the crimfon tide.
Does beauty fire thee? know, that ficklieft fiow'r
Blooms and expires, the product of an hour! Bright, but to perifh; blooming, but to fade;
The lovelieft cheek that ever wak'd defire,
The brighteft eye muft foon its charms refign;
Refign at once their luftre and their fire, And hide their glories in eternal fhade!

But fay, do bafer tranfports warm thy foul, Ambitious fill to fwell thy hining fore,
And, mines exhaufted, yet athirf for more?
Take then the utmoft wifh that foul can frame;
For thee, her treafures let Pactolus roll,
For thee, the diamonds of Golconda flame:
Yet Oh! when death fhall lift the threaten'd dart,
When keen remorfe, for all the victims flain
To fatiate thy unbounded chirft for gain,
Plunges her fiery talon in thy heart;

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}36\end{array}\right]$

Will thefe remorfelefs Proferpine affuage,
Will thefe allay the bofom fury's rage ?

Ah! why the catalogue of ills prolong,
And fwell with complicated woes the fong?
Recount thofe darker moments of defpair, When all the paffions, fierce and unconfin'd, Rufh with the tempeft's fury on the mind,
And reafon, headlong, from her ftation bear:
When poverty to ev'ry other pang
Adds her keen edge-prefents an infant train,
Who with imploring eyes around thee hang,
And raife their fuppliant plaints for bread in vain:
Stern fate, perhaps, determin'd to deftroy
All that was precious, all thou wifh'd to fave,
And cruhh at once the fource of ev'ry joy-
Blafts the young confort blooming in thy arms;
Nips in the bud a daughter's op'ning charms,
Or gives thy bofom friend to an untimely grave.

Then, ev'ry fource of genuine comfort dead, Youth's fire extinct, and manhood's vigour fled,

To clofe the dreary fcene, enfeebling age,
With faultring foot, and furrow'd front appears,

## [ 37 ]

Jealous, miftrufful, impotent; opprefs'd
With never-cealing doubts and groundlefs fears,
Without one hope to warm the languid breaft,
Thy toil to foften, or thy grief affuage.
The pow'rs of memory fail ; the balls of fight,
" With dim fuffufion veil'd," no more retain
Their fparkling beams, but thed a doubtful light.
No more the deafen'd ears can drink the found
Of plaintive lute, or foftly-warbling lyre:
The nervous arms no longer dart around
The brandifh'd javelin, or avenging fire.
Fall'n is their boafted might, and nought remains
As life's laft remnant moments tedious flow,
But black referves of unexhaufted pains,
And fad fucceffive fcenes of length'ning woe!

VERSES written in the Year $1774{ }^{\circ}$

* WHAT fhouts were thole; what fierce and martial train
"Rufhes to war in yon embattled plain?
" Ah whence thofe flames that brighten all the coaft,
"And light to vengeance each devoted hoft?
"Oh! feene of guilt, that blots the fick'ning day!
" And muft a parent's eyes that feene furvey?
" My fons, my fons, in impious fight engage,
" And brothers madden with forbidden rage."
Thus from the bofom of th' Atlantic tide,
While at her voice th' oblequious waves divide,
Slow-rifing, Britain's guardian Genius faid;
And tore th' eternal laurels from her head.
Her foot fac fix'd upon the rocky fteep,
Where * Botton's barrier clifis o'erhang the deep:
In win the fretch'd her anxious eyes around,
To the broad horizon's remoteft bound;

[^1]
## [ 39 ]

The finiling fields, the peonled marts to trace
The happy haunts of her once favour'd race.
Thofe fields, thofe marts, were now a defart grown,
Their beauty vanih'd, and their pride o'erthrown.
Inftant the warrior flufh, that wont to ftrcak
With glowing crimfon her immortal check,
Exchang'd for deadly pale its radiant dies,
And the keen lightnings languifh'd in her eyes;
The flield of glory trembled in her hand,
Her fpear the dafh'd upon the ftony frand:
And as fhe view'd the defolated plain,
Pour'd from her burfing heart this plaintive frain.
"Ah, fatal fields! where, erft the chofen band,
" Fir'd by my voice, and led by freedom's hand,
" Thro' wild untrodden defarts burft their way,
" Where yelling favages in ambuh play;
"Where the grim wolf lay dormant in the brake,
"And vengeance farkled from the trampled fnake-
" Ah race unworthy thofe immortal fires,
" Debas'd their virtues, tho' not quench'd their fires,
"Yc, who thofe fpears with brother's blood have fain'd:
"What nights of toil and days of battle gain'd.

## [ 40 ]

" To murd'rous difcord have refign'd a prey,
" And marr'd the toil of ages in a day.
" Dar'd they, for this, the polar winter's finow;
"For this, the burning fun's intenfer glow?
"For this did many a hero frew the plain,
" When * Potowmack ran purple to the main?
" For this, my Wolfe his life viAOorious pour,
"And Braddock perifh on a barb'rous thore?
" Behold, my fons, this wounded breat I bare,
"Ah ceafe thefe ftreaming wounds afrefl to tear!
"From you they came; and cv'ry horfile dart
" Drinks my warm life, and rankles at my heart.
" Sheathe, fheathe your fivords; or, if the rage of fight
" Fill my bold race with fuch fevere delight,
" (For well I know what martial ardors roll
" In breafs like yours, and fire the warrior foul)
" Hate to the fields where fairer glory calls;
" Hate, hurl your thunder round Ihavanah's walls.
" Once more infulting Spain hall flee with dread,
" And haughty Bourbon bow the Rubborn head.

[^2]" Infpir'd with dark revenge, and rival hate,
" They plan defruction for my fav'rite fate :
"Eager to crufh a pow'r, their fourge and fhame,
" With hell's dire arts your difcords they inflame;
"'Till civil torches light them on their way,
" And hofts refiftlefs feize th' unguarded prey.
" But hall my Britons, whofe exalted name
" Shines on the bright record of nobler fame;
"Shall the bold fons of freedom and the waves,
"Shrink at the nod of Gaul's imperious flaves?
"A race for treacherous arts alone renown'd,
"Who know of honour nothing fave the found;
" But vers'd in flatt'ry, and grimace, and guile,
"Betray with bows, and murder with a fmile:
"Shall thefe rule Britons? Firft, ye lightnings, fweep
"Thefe blafted cliffs, and whelm them in the deep.
" What tho' no foft luxurious arts ye boaft,
" Rough like your native clime, and rugged coaft,
"Ye glory in the nobler arts of truth,
"And manlier paffions fire your vig'rous youth;
". Courage is theirs, and noble thirft of fame,
" Virtue's ftrong throb, and honour's virgin flame:

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}42\end{array}\right]$

"Thefe are your bulwark, and when the fe fall fall,
"Britons hall crouch the abject flaves or Gaul.
"Have ye forgotten Creffy's glorious field,
" Where my lov'd Henry rais'd the warrior Mich;
" Where glory's felf his victor armies led,
"And with three crowns adora'd his royal head?
" Before him fee her glittering ftandard borne,
" Her laurels blafted, and her lilies torn;
"See at bis feet her captive monarch bow,
"And wail the jewels ravih'd from his brow.
" Rouze, let rekindling fancy call to view
" The coward heaps immortal Marlbro' new;
" His arm but rais'd, oppofing hofts retire,
"Or feek in death a refuge from his ire.
" Methinks I fee a train of heroes rife,
" Flames in their hands, and terrors in their eyes;
" Revenge!" they fhout, and tow'rds Havannah's fpires
"Wave their red arms, and point their hoftile fires.
" Rouze then, my fons, nor heed the fullen roar,
" Which jealous faction yells around your thore:
"Soon fhall the hydra fpend her pois'nous breath,
"By me dragg'd howling to the gates of death.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[33}\end{array}\right]$

"Once more, in arms united as in mind,
"Be firm, and brave the powers of earth combin'd:
"Gallia fhall hrink aghaft, and vaunting Spain
"Strive with the miftrefs of the world in vain."

She fpake ; the luftre to her eye return'd, Her cheek with renovated crimfon burn'd; Eager 'he grafp'd th' unconquerable blade, And all the terrors of her fhield difplay'd: Then fwiftly plung'd in Ocean's mighty bed, And the bright billows farkled o'er her head.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}4 & \end{array}\right]$

VERSES intended as a P R O LOG U E To the TRACIIINIANS of SOPHOCLES,

Performed by the Scholars of the Rev. Mr. PARR, at Stanmore in Middlefex.
TIIE for of Jove, with anxious qualms opprefs'd,
To footle the manes of his murder d gueft, In willing exile roves to diftant climes:
Strange doctrines there to rogues of modern times;
Whom farce fern juftice can expel the land,
Tho' heady Mansfield guide her vengeful hand.
But what you'll think more flange, he takes his wife,
To fell the farrows of his future life.
As on they journey, filent, penfive, flow,
Hearts full of grief, and eyes that fleam with woe,
A river flopped their courfe-ye powers divine!
How could you thwart fo pious a defign ?
The Hero paus'd, the Lady gave a fcream, At length appeared the genius of the fleam : A huge milhapen clown, with face of brass, That well might for an Iris porter pals:
Noraveras,-I thiak-confound the barbarous name,
Like Ilercules himfelf in Arength and fame, Across his Shoulders our fair heroine ftrode, And thus in triumph thro' the billows rode.

## [ 45 ]

One would have thought the waters might afiuage
The monfter's heat, and cool his brutinh rage;
But flite of all, this huge, this ill-form'd wight,
Dar'd utter words, fo rude and unpolite-
Dared offer things-fo hocking to be told,
As made the prudish lady's blood run cold-
To fuck a height increas'd his vile defire,
It rouz'd the watchful hufband's jealous ire, Who, infant as he reached th' oppofing Chore,

Hurled the fwift arrow, dept in pois'nous gore,
That flopped the faithless mifcreant in his flight, And font him howling to the fades of night !

But ere the lat pang heaved his stubborn breaft,
With rage, with anguilh, and revenge opprefs'd,
The Centaur thus the trembling dame addrefs'd:
"If e'er thy hurband wander from thy arms,
"Or gaze with fondnefs on another's charms;
" This veftment fprinkled with my blood, Shall prove
" A pow'rful charm, and bind him to thy love."

Sage counfel; which our Heroine did not fail
To ponder well, as mortal flefh is frail-
Time proved her right; for foo this conftant lord,
So fond, fo true, a neighb'ring nymph adored;

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[6]}\end{array}\right]$

And while conflicting pafions tear her breaft,
She fends her faithlefs fpoufe this fatal veft :
The envenom'd robe his tortur'd finews fires,
And the falfe wretch in dreadful pangs expires.

Ladies, i'faith, thefe Grecian dames, I ween,
Were full of ranc'rous fpite, and deadly fpleen;
Our Britifh nymphs, of yore, were fomewhat crucl,
And flew their rival fweethearts in a ducl:
But you, fair virgins, more polite and wife,
Contented murder mortals, with your gyes.
And, if neglectful of his fpoufe at home,
In thefe our days a hufband chance to roam;
The prudent wife fuch wanton vengeance fcorns,
And decks his temples - with a brace of horns.
THE SC HOOL-BOY.

In the Manner of the Splendid Shilling.

ThRICE happy he, whole hours the shearing files
Of freedom beefs; who wantons uncontroul'd
Where cafe invites, or pleafure's fyren voice;
Him the fern tyrant with his iron fcourge
Annoys not, nor the dire oppreflive weight
Of galling chain; but when the bluffing morn
Purples the aft, with eager transport wild,
O'er hill, o'er valley, on his panting feed
He bounds exulting, as in full career
With horns, and hounds, and thund'ring flouts he drives
The flying fag ; or when the duffy fades
Of eve, advancing veil the darkened fly,
To neighboring tavern, blithfome, he reforms
With boon companion, where they drown their cares
In fprightly bumpers, and the mantling bowl.

Far otherwife within there darksome walls,
Whore gates, with rows of triple feel fecur'd,
And many a bolt, prohibit all egress,
I fend my joyless days; ere dawn appears,

Rous'd from my peaceful Aumbers by the found Of awe-infpiring bell, whofe every ftroke Chills my heart-blood, all trembling, I defcend From dreary garret, round whofe ancient roof, Gaping whih hideous chinks, the whifling blaft Perpetual raves, and fierce defcending rains Difcharge their fury-Dire, lethargic dews
Opprefs my drowfy fenfe; fill fancy teems With fond, icical joys, and, fild with what Or Pocts fing, or fabled tale records, Prefents tranforting vifions; goblets crown'd With juice of Nectar, or the food divine Of rich Ambrofia, tempting to the fight! White in the fhade of fome embow'ring grove I lie reclin'd, or through Elyfian plains Enraptur'd Atray; where ev'ry plant and flower Send forth an odorous fmell, and all the air With fongs of love and melody refounds.
Meanwhile benumbing cold invades my joints,
As with flow fault'ring footteps I refort
To where, of antique mold, a lofiy dome
Rears its tremendous front ; here all at once
From thoufand different tongucs, a mighty ham
Alfalts my ears; loud as the dittant roar

Of tumbling torrents; or as in fome mart Of public note, for traffic far renown'd, Where Jew with Grecian, Turk with African,
Affembled, in one general peal unite
Of dreadful jargon.--Strait on wooden bench
I take my feat, and conn with ftudious care
Th' appointed tafks; o'er many a puzzling page
Poring intent, and fage Athenian bard, With dialect, and mood and tenfe perplex'd; And conjugations varied without end.

When lo! with haughty ftride (in fize like him Who erit extended on the burning lake, Lay floating many a rood;) his fullen brow, With low'ring frowns and fearful glooms o'ercaft, Enters the Pædagogue ; terrific fight! An ample ninefold peruke, fpread immenfe, Luxuriant waving down his moulders plays;

His hand a bunch of limber twigs fuftains, Call'd by the vulgar Birch, tartarean root, Whofe rankling points, in blackeft poifon dipt, Inflict a mortal pain; and, where they light, A ghafly furrow leave.-Scar'd at the fight,

## [ 50 ]

The bunling multitude, with anxious hearts.
Their ftations feek.----A folemn paufe enfues; As when, of old, the monarch of the floods, 'Midft raging hurricanes, and battling waves, Shaking the dreadful Trident, rear'd aloft
His awful brow.-.-Sudden the furious winds Were hufh'd in peace, the billows ceas'd their rage:
Or when, (if mighty themes, like thefe, allow
An humble metaphor) the fportive race
Of nibbling heroes, bent on wanton play,
Beneath the fhelter of fome well-ftor'd barn, In many an airy circle wheel around;

Some eye, perchance, in private nook conceal'd, Beholds Grimalkin; inftant they difperfe, In headlong flight, each to his fecret cell; If haply he may 'fape impending fate.

Thus ceas'd the gen'ral clamour; all remain
In filent terror wrapt, and thought profound.

Meanwhile, the Pxdagogue throughout the dome
His fiery eyeballs, like two blazing fitars,
Portentous rolls, on fome unthinking wretch,
To fhed their baleful influence; whilft his voice
Like thund $r$, or the cannon's fudden burt,

Three times is heard, and thrice the roofs refound!
A fudden palenefs gathers in my face;
Through all my limbs a ftiff'ning horror fpreads,
Cold as the dews of death, nor heed my eyes
Their wonted function, but in ftupid gaze
Ken the fell monfter; from my trembling hands
The thumb-worn volume drops; oh dire prefage
Of inftant woe! for now the mighty found
Pregnant with difmal tidings, once again
Strikes my aftonifh'd ears. Transfix'd with awe,
And fenfelefs, for a time, I ftand; but foon,
By friendly jog, or neighb'ring whifper rous'd,
Obey the dire injunction; ftrait I loofe
Depending brogues, and mount the lofty throne
Indignant, or the back oblique afcend
Of forrowful compeer; nor long delays
The Monarch, from his palace ftalking down,
With vifage all inflam'd; his fable robe
Sweeping in length'ning folds along the ground :
He thakes his fceptre, and the impending fcourge
Brandifhes high; nor tears nor fhrieks avail;
But with impetuous fury it defcends,
Imprinting horrid wounds, with fatal flow
Of blood attended, and convulfive pangs.

$$
\mathrm{H}_{2}
$$

## [ 52 ]

Curt be the wretch, for ever doom'd to bear
Infernal whippings; he, whofe favage hands
Firft grafp'd thefe barbarous weapons, bitter caufe
Of foul difgrace, and many a dolorous groan, To hapiefs fchool-boy.--Could it not fuffice I groan'd and toil'd beneath the merchefs weight, By ftern relentlefs tyranny impos'd,
But fcourges too, and cudgels were referv'd
To goad my harrow'd fides: This wretched life
Loading with heavier ills; a life expos'd
To all the woes of hunger, toil, diftrefs;
Cut off from ev'ry genial fource of blifs;
From ev'ry bland amufement, wont to foothe The youthful breaft except when father Time, In joyful change, rolls round the feftive hour, That gives this meagre, pining figure, back
To parent fondnefs, and its native roofs.
Fir'd with the thought, then, then my tow'ring foul
Rifes fuperior to its load, and furns
Its proud opprefiors; frantic with delight,
My fancy riots in fucceffive feenes
Of blifs and pleafures: plans and fehemes are laid
How beft the flecting moments to improve ${ }_{2}$
Nor lofe one portion of fo rare a boon.

## [ 53 ]

But foon, too foon, thefe glorious fcenes are fled, Scarce one fhort moon enjoy'd, (oh! tranfient ftate

Of fublunary blifs) by bitter change,
And other feenes fucceeded, what fierce pangs
Then rack my foul; what ceafelefs floods of grief,
Ruh down my cheeks, while flrong convulfive throbs
Heave all my frame, and choak the power of fpeech.
Forlorn I figh, nor heed the gentle voice
Of friend or ftranger, who, with foothing words,
And flender gift, would fain beguile my woes:
In vain; for what can aught avail to foothe
Such raging anguifh! Oft with fudden glance
Before my eyes in all its horrors glares
That well-known form, and oft I feem to hear
The thund'ring fourge-Ah me! e'en now I feel.
Its deadly venom, raging as the pangs
That tore Alcides, when the burning veft
Prey'd on his wafted fides.-At length return'd
Within thefe hated walls, again I mourn A fullen pris'ner, 'till the wifh'd approach
Of joyous holiday or feftive play
Releafes me: ah! freedom that muft end
With thee, declining Sol ; all hail, ye fires
For fanctity renown'd, whofe glorious names

In large confpicuous characters pourtray'd,
Adon the annual chronologic page
Of Wing or Partridge ; oft when fore opprent
With dire calamities, the glad icturn
Of your triumphant feftivals, hath chear'd My drooping foul; nor be thy name forgot, Illuftrious George, for much to thee I owe Of heart-felt rapture, as with loyal zeal Glowing, I pile the crackling bonfire high, Or hurl the mounting rocket thro' the air, Or fiery whizzing ferpent; thus thy name Shall fill be honour'd, as thro' future years

The circling featons roll their fettive round.

Sometimes, by dire compulfive hunger prefs'd,
I foring the neighb'ring fence, and fcale the trunk
Of apple-tree ; or wide, o'er flow'ry lawns, By hedge cs thicket, bend my hafty fteps,
Intent, with fecret ambuhl, to furprize
The itraw-built neft, and unfufpecting brood
Of Thruh or Bullfinch; oft with watchful ken
Eyeing the backward lawns, left hoftile glance
Obferve my footfteps, while each ruftling leaf,
Stirr'd by the gentle gale, alarms my fears:
Then,

## [ $\begin{array}{ll}55 & ]\end{array}$

Then, parch'd beneath the burning heats of noon,
I plunge into the limpid Atream, that laves
The filent vale, or on its graffy banks
Beneath fome oak's majeftic Made, recline;
Envying the vagrant fifhes, as they pafs
Their boon of freedom; 'till the diftant found
Of tolling Curfew warns me to depart.

Thus under tyrant power I groan, opprefs'd
With worfe than flavery; yet my free-born foul
Her native warmth forgets not, nor will brook
Menace or taunt from proud infulting peer:
But fummons to the field the doughty foe
In fingle combat, 'midft th' impartial throng,
There to decide our fate. Oft too enflam'd
With mutual rage, two rival armies meet
Of youthful warriors; kindling at the fight,
My foul is fill'd with vaft heroic thoughts,
Trufting, in martial glory, to furpars
Roman or Grecian chief; inftant, with fhouts
The mingling fquadrons join the horrid fray;
No need of cannon, or the murd'rous $\mathfrak{f e e l}$,
Wide-wafting; nature, rage our arms fupplies.
Fragments of rocks are hurl'd, and fhowers of ftones

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[56}\end{array}\right]$

Obfeure the day; nor lefs the brawny arm, Or knotted club avail : high in the midft Are feen the mighty Chiefs, thro hofts of fues Mowing their way; and now, with tenfold rage, The combat burns, full many a fanguine fream Diftains the field, and many a veteran brave Lies proftrate ; loud triumphant thouts afcend By turns from either hoft; each claims the palm Of glorious conqueft ; nor till night's dun hades Involve the $\mathrm{k} y$, the doubtful conflict ends.

Thus when rebellion hook the thrones of heav'n,
And all th' eternal powers in battle met,
High o'er the reft, with vaft gigantic ftrides, The godlike leaders, on th' embattled plain,

Came tow'ring, breathing forth revenge and fate;
Nor lefs terrific join'd the inferior hofts
Of angel warriors, when encount'ring hills, Tore the rent concave,-flanhing with the blaze
Of ficry arms, and lightnings, not of Jove;
All heav'n refounded, and th' aftonifl'd deeps
Of chaos bellow'd with the monftrous roar.

## [ 37 ]

## 'THE OX ON IA N.

Parent of light and fog, whatever name,
Phoebus, or Mithras, more delight thine ear;
The Mure, with rapture, hails thy riffing beams,
Burt from her drear confinement, where the hand Of vaunting tyranny repreft her rage,
And damp'd her flagging wing, now borne aloft
To milder regions, and more genial foils.

No more the Pedagogue, wish brandifi'd rod, Annoys my fides, nor fauns with deathful founds My farted ears; for now, with transport heard,

The joyful mandate fummons me away,
To where fam'd Ifs rolls her laureate wave;
On whole gay banks an ancient city ftands,
Crown'd with an hundred fires, and felling domes
Modern, or Gothic, ftately to the view :
Hither, 'tis fid, from Athens' widow'd bow'rs
By Perfian pride and civil rage expelled,
Dame Wisdom fled of yore, and with her came,

Leaving the fabled haunts of Caftaly,
Ninc beauteous maids, who boaft their birth from Jove:
High on there pinnacles enthron'd they reign,

* "To us invifible, or dimly feen,"

Except by foaring fancy's keener glance.
Around their marines, from Britain's fartheft bound,
Array'd in fables, croud a motley race;
Difinct with various titles, and degrees
As various-high above the reft appear
Two forms of more majeltic port and mien,
Whofe foverain rule the toga'd race obey,
Hight Proctors; by their flecves of ominous fweep,
Of Genoa's looms the fam'd produce, well known,
And dreaded; thefe in order next, and next
In dignity, a tribe of fages ftand,
Dreadful with Tippet, fource of dire difmay
Fo Frefhmen, and the whole unbearded race;
Their ofice to fupport and poife the fcale
Of fteady juntice, from the peaceful fhades
Of fcience to repel the barbarous fons
Of infolence, and faction's wild uproar;
Nos are there wanting, who, with ponderous mace,

* Milon's Paradife Lob.

May add to mild reproofs vindictive blows,
Full often rued by many a heedlefs wight.

But now array'd in like mysterious file,
With flowing band, that faintly ornament,
Hung waving from my chin, I flue forth
To feet the manfion of a learned fage,
Y'clep'd a Tutor; him aloof I ken,
On elbows twain of antient chair reclined,
With cobwebs hung, by time's flare tooth defaced,
Midst volumes piled on volutines all around,
And duffy manufcripts; treafures I ween
Of antient lore: He fallen from his chair
Reclines not, 'till with many an aukward bow
And ftrain right humble 1 implore his grace.
Queftions the rage proposes, dark, perplex'd;
Of various import -and to found my fill
O'er many an author turns; to me well known,
Virgil or Horace, or the dreadful page
Of Homer, rime accurft-defcending hence
His Steps at awful diftance I purfue,
Admiring much my ftrange unwonted garb,
And wond'rous head-piece; till at length we reach
The mansion of a venerable Seer,

## [ 60 ]

Second alone of all the leter'd race,
Who opes a mighty volume, graced with rows
Of various names, in feemly order rang'd;
'Midft thefe the humbleft of the mufe's train
Emolls his mame: and Ifis hails her fon.
Some myfic founds pronounc'd, with trembling lips
The facred page I kifs, and from his hand
A book reccive, of fmall regard to fee,
With godly counfels fraught, and wholefome rules;
Which ill betide the wight who dares offend.
The wonted fees difcharg'd, I hafte away
To join the circle of my old compecrs,
Sever'd by cruel fate- The hearty flake,
The friendly welcome, go alternate round:
And that bleft day, 'ill eve's remoteft hour,
Is facred to our joys--Its choicen flores
The genia! larder opes; exhaufted deep,
Even to its inmon hoards, the buttery gioans.
But now the bottle rolls its ample round,
Kindiing to rapture each congenial foul;
The turf of merriment, the joyous catch
ling round the roofs inceflant-much is tall: d
Of pate ceplaits, and grievous tanks impos'd
Dy former tyrants; tyrants now no moro.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}6 I\end{array}\right]$

Tranfported with the thought, in frantic joy I raife my arm, and 'midff furrounding fhouts, Quaff the full bumper; ah full dearly rued! Stem fortune, thus ev'n in the cup of blifs
To mix the dregs of woe-a deadly hue
Sudden invefts my cheeks, my fainting foul Is fill'd with horrid loathings and frange pangs, Unfelt before, convulfing all my frame:

Med'cines are vain, or ferve but to augment My grievous plight, 'till fome experienc'd friend Lead me to neighb'ring couch, where grateful fleep Soon o'er my fenfes fheds her opiate balm.

Heard with lefs terror, now, the tolling bell Summons my footfeps to that awful dome, Whofe gaudy windows, all fuperbly dight With various tints, and quaint hiftoric lore, Tempt from devotion's page the roving eyeMyherious ftudies next my thoughts employ; Figures and lines, with niceft art to range, Oblique or fquare, and time, and mode, and fpace, Perplex my brains-Now logic, rugged maid, Opens her fores profound, the wavering mind To fix aright, and gaide the excentric thought:

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}62\end{array}\right]$

Sage doctrines, nathlefs unreftrain'd I rove At large, and riot in fucceflive rounds
Of new delight : Now up the filver ftream
To Medley's bowers, or Godftowe's fam'd retreat,
Straining each nerve, I urge the dancing hiff;
Or, ruhhing headlong down the perilous fteep,
Rouze the fly Reynard from his dark abode:
Or, if inclement vapours load the fley,
Tennis awhile the heavy hours beguiles;
Or, at the billiards fatal board, I ftake
With anxious heart, the laft fad remnant coin.

Tutors may chide, and angry fires withhold The wonted largefs, their united rage
I wreck not; *Ticking, gentleßt maid, fupports
Ny finking fame, and all my woes beguiles.
O fairer far than all that Greece, or Rome,
In vaunting Atrain, of nymph or goddefs tell;
To thee a thouland temples pierce the fies:
To thee a thoufand altars ever fmoke :
Great queen of Arts, without whofe chearing ray,

* Nail, Ticking! guardian of diffrefsPanegiric ok Oxford Ale.


## [ 63 ]

Science would droop, and genius mult expire.
Raifing one general pray'r, of every rank
Unnumber'd fuppliants throng thy crouded courts.
'To thee, the haughty doctor, rais'd on high
To learning's loftieft feats, tho' far renown'd,
Cringes fubmiffive; thee with all his arts
The fubtle lawyer feeks, nor heeds the voice Of bailiff thundering at his neighbour's gates. Propitious power, my lyre fhall ftill be Atrung

To fing thy praife, my pencil fill prepar'd
To paint thy charms-and well they may, I ween;
For thine the pencil is, and thine the lyre!

Whether the grape's rich juice regales my foul,
Or from the potent bowl I quaff new life,
Abhorrent itill, I loath the naufeous fumes
Of that detefted weed, Virginia hight,
Which the fage Don, in firal clouds exhales,
Frequent and full, as o'er his drow fy malt
Gravely he nods-Be mine that milder leaf
Which Rowley's patriot hand, with fudicus care,
From hill, or wood, or flowery vale feleats:
Cheerd with its genial vapours oft I lounge

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}64 & ]\end{array}\right.$

Deneath the matron's * roofs, or thine, O Kemp;
Nliftaken patriot, as, in high debate,
Of Britifh freedom, and of Britilh herb,
We reafon much, nor weightier thoughts employ
My tranquil mind, but how the mantling bowl
With fweet, with four, with feirit rightly mix'd,
May be replenifh'd; oft by thefe infpir'd
From ftreet to freet, beneath the moon's pale beam,
Heedlefs I ftray, if haply Proctor's voice
Check not my progrefs-Siftideathful found,
"What $\uparrow$ fhould I do, or whither turn-amaz'd,
Confounded," down fome narrow lane I feower
Of fam'd St. Thomas, virtue's chate retreat:
Eut win my flight, for rufin's cruel palms
Arreft my fleps, and to the offended power
Fore me reluctant - he aloud exclaims
Of broken faith, and violated laws,
Full many a tale he adds, of deep import,
And then with mandate fern, to college dooms
IIe, haplefs wight, with dreadful fines amers'd,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { "*Matron of Ma:rons, Martha Bagas." } \\
& \text { Oxford Savincr. } \\
& \text { + The Splendid Shilling. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## [ 65 ]

Till one long moon revolves her tedious round:
Some godly author, Tillotfon perchance,
Or moral bard to conn, with heart full fad.
There long I figh unfriended, and alone,
Unlefs fome dun afcend my lofty dome,
At firft with gentle foot, and fuppliant voice,
But oft denied, and bolder grown, he adds
Vindictive menace, and before my eyes
Difplays the horrors of that antient fort *,
Drear manfion, where the fullen debtor pines,
'Midft circling gloom, and hunger's cruel rage :
While reftlefs fancy to my fight prefents
That dreaded volume + , whofe recording page
Brands, with eternal infamy, the wretch,
Incorrigible deem'd, whom dire mifdeeds
Of darker ftain difgrace: me Phœbus flies,
And all the tuneful nine, tho' oft I try
With feeble nerve to ftring my ufelefs lyre-

[^3]
## [ 66 ]

The time elaps'd, with throbbing heart I feek
The dreaded feer, and to his hand prefent
The letter'd page; with brow autere he reads
And bids me, from experience wife, beware
To roufe, a fecond.time, his fleeping ire-

Thrice happy fons of Cam, whom Proctor's sage-
Rarely molefs, whether your fnorting fteeds
Snuff from afar Newmarket's well known breeze ;
Or furious pant to gain the verdant heights Of * Gog-magog —O fkill'd with dexterous hand:
'Fo fmack the thong, and guide the acrial car;
By * Trompington's or * Barnwell's blooming dames,
Kenn'd with amaze: How does cach Ilis beau.
Envy your lot!-Shaves to no fervile laws,
That pinion down their fancy, you diforet
In gaudy filks, and various tinctur'd vefts,
Beft fares for female hearts; our humbler garbs:
Subfuic, or fable, fearecly tempt the glance
Of wimful nymph, tho many a nymph we boat,
As blithe, as blooming, and as bright as your's-

Why thould the mule of direr crils fing;
When Ruftiontion, in her harpy fangs,

* Paces :ucll known at Cambride.

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
67
\end{array}\right]
$$

Hurries the wretch, from joy and Ifis far,
In fylvan folitudes to wafte his youth, 'Midft chiding aunts, and antiquated maids ?
Or why, that laft fad fate the wretched prove, Exil'd for ever from her facred haunts,
To roam, like Adam, thro' the defart earth, "* With all the world before them, where to choofe
"Their place of reft," yet after all find none.
Spurning each youthful folly, wifer I
Afcend, with graduate fplendor, to the heights
Of claffic dignity; in time perchance
May wield the fafces of proctorial power, And be myfelf that Don, fo lately fear'd.

\author{

* Milton's Paradife Lor,
}


## $\begin{array}{llllllll}\mathbb{N} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{H} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \boldsymbol{B} & \mathrm{Y} .\end{array}$

## P R E F A C E.

$N_{\text {Etberby is fituated on the borders of Cumberland, twelve miles }}$ ncrth of Carlifle; and was formerly a Roman flation: the Caftro Expioratorum of Antoninus. From the many valuable remains of antiquity, continually found on, or near, this fpot, it is conjectured that the famous Æfica ftood not far diftant; efpecially as the river Efk, from which its name is derived, runs through there grounds. The perpetual feuds that fubfifted on the borders, between the Englifh and Scots, before the Union of the two nations, with the particular circumfance of the debateable lond, which, at prefent, makes a part of the eflate; the eruption of Solway Mofs which happened in 1771; added to the prefent improved and beautiful fate of Netberby, afforded ample room for luxuriant defription, and the wantonnefs of a poetical imagination.
" Netherby-.The feat of the Rev. Dr. Graham, placed on a " rifing ground, wafhed by the ER, and commanding an extenfive ". view; trore pleafing to Dr. Graham, as he fees from it a creation " of his own; lands that eighteen years ago were in a flate of na" ture, the people idle and bad, frill retaining a fmack of the feudal " manners: fcarce a hedge to be feen: and a total ignorance prevailed " of even coal and lime. His improving firit foon wrought a great "change in thefe parts: his example inftilled into the inhabitants an

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}72\end{array}\right]$

" inclination to indultry: and they foon found the difference between " floth and its concomitants, dirt and beggary, and the plenty that a "right application of the arts of hufbandry brought among them. "They lay in the midnt of a rich country, yet ftarved in it: but in " a fmall fpace they found that inftead of a produce that hardly fup" ported themfelves, they were enabled to raife even fupplies for their " ncighbours: that much of their land was fo kindly as to bear corn " for many years fucceffively, without help of manure, and for the " more ungrateful foils, that there were limeftones to be had and " coal to burn them. - The wild tract foon appeared in form of " verdant meadows and fruitful corn-fields: from the firft, they were "foon able to fend to diftant places, cattle and butter: and their "arable lands enabled them to maintain a commerce as far as Lan" cahire in corn.
"By fignifies a habitation; thus, there are three camps or fations, " with this termination, not very remote from one another; Netherby, "Middleby, and Overby." Mr. Pennant's Tour in Scotland. Yol. 11. p. 64 .

## [ 73 ]

## $A \quad R \quad G \quad U \quad M \quad E \quad N \quad T$.

A comparative view of the prefent flowilning fate of Netherby, with its former defolate appearance. Addrefs to Induftry. Congues of Britain by Cafar. The firf irruption of the Scots-Their repulfe by the Roman ligions, under Gulius Agricola. The seall of Sceerus. Afica. Britain fuccelfively conquered by the Sawons, the Danes, the Normans. Feudal Syftem. Magna Charta. General view of the borders, before the Union-After the Union. The particular improvements at Netberby. Eruption of Solway Mofs. Defcription of the grounds about Netherby. Skiddaw. Ellen Irvine. Tbe boufe defcribed. Concluding with a view of the new church building on the eftate.

## [ 757

## $\begin{array}{llllllll}\mathrm{N} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{H} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{Y} .\end{array}$

$A_{R E}$ thefe the regions, where, from age to age, Contending nations frove, with mutual rage;
Her barren wing, where brooding famine fpread;
And frantic faction rear'd her ghaftly head?
How chang'd the fcene-what glorious profpects rife;
Where-e'er around I turn my wond'ring eyes!
Here guardian peace, here fmiling culture reigns,
And endlefs plenty cloaths the fertile plains.
Yon ftream * that, crft, impurpled with the חain,
In many a fanguine billow fought the main,
Now guiltlefs rolls, and views, with confcious pride,
Luxuriant landfcapes glitter on her fide;
A thoufand hills with wealth and verdure crown'd,
And vales in rich profufion fmiling round.
No more they ring with battles fierce alarms,
No trumpets early clangors rouze to arms;

> * The Etik.

Echoes of rapture, now, alone, they hear, The ploughman's whiffle, or the fportfman's cheer--
What tho' bleak Boreas oft deform the day,
Or frequent forms obscure the genial ray,
Th' industrious f wain, with firm, undaunted foul,
Contemns his rage, and bids the temper roll:
Mark, how Serene, his honeft front defies
The wilde fury of the beating 1 lies:
Still as the fining flare the furrow turns,
His boom with rekindled ardour burns;
By long experience taught, the grateful foil, With interest, will repay his ufeful toil.

Hail Industry, rough virtue's hardy child;
Whole filing prefence chars the lonely wild:
At thy kind touch the rock, relenting, blooms,
And Eden firings, 'midst Lapland's frozen grooms.
The rapid river, rolling in its courfe,
Thy hand arrefs, and curbs its headlong force;
The Swelling deep's tumultuous fury bounds,
And chains its waves with everlafing mounds.
Empires and nates to thee their greatness owe,
From thee their wealth, their power, their splendor flow;

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[77}\end{array}\right]$

Rifing in glory, as they court thy fway,
By thee they flourifh, and with thee decay.

Long had the mighty Roman Victor hurl'd Slaughter and rapine o'er the wafted world:
Unconquer'd yet, remote, Britannia ftood
Safe 'midft her native cliffs, and guardian flood.
He mark'd the dangers of her ftormy fhore, He heard the breaking waves eternal roar;
But, flufh'd with conqueft, his undaunted mind
Brav'd all the rage of feas and forms combin'd.
In vain, the favages his arms oppofe,
His legions burft their way thro' hofts of foes;
Her rocks they fcale, her tracklefs defarts pierce,
They tame her monfters, and her fons, more fierce.
Swift o'er the land the Roman arts increafe,
And culture triumphs, with returning peace:
With fudden verdure, lo! the valleys fimile,
And rifing plenty crowns the blooming ine.

Far to the North, beyond where 'Tweed's fair pride,
Thro' velvet meadows rolls her amber tide;
Or Cumbria's lofty mountains, rifing round,
Of ancient Britain, form'd th' extended bound:

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}78\end{array}\right]$

There dwelt a race, inur'd to want and toil,
'I he fons of Caledonia's defart foil;
There view'd the neighb'ring ftate, with jealous cyes,
And rufh'd, exulting, on the benuteous prize.
'They pour'd their armies o'er the fertile plain,
Tore ev'ry fence, and reap'd the untimely grain :
The Britons mrink, unequal, from the fight, And bend, to diftant fields, their hafty flight.

Nought can withftand the fell barbarian's rage,
Nor tears nor thrieks their favage fouls afluage, Nor fex, nor age, their murd'rous weapons fpare,
Nor from the temples holy harines forbear ;
With impious hand, they quench the hallow'd fire ;
While the fage Druids, 'midat their rites, expire.
To quell their pride, th' imperial bards advance,
Their myriads crouch beneath the Roman lance;
Aloft the victor-hofts * their flag difplay,
The Britifh youth, with joy, the fign obey;
On the proud foe the vengeful blow rcturns,
While every breaft with great refentment burns:

* The General who finally cffablified the dominion of the Romans in this ifland was Julius Agricola; who governed it in the reigns of Vefpafian, Titus, and Domitiad. He carried his viftorious arms to the moft northern extremity of it, and pierced into the remaote forefts and mountains of Caledonia, which were before deemed inacceffible.

Onward

## [ 79 ]

Onward they rufh, like fome refiftlefs flood, And deluge all his wafted realms with blood-

His rocks, his mountains, every defart heath,
Refponfive echo to the fhrieks of death!
Thus, full aveng'd, the fwains, with anxious care,
The trampled fence and mural breach repair;
Their friendly aid the generous Romans lend;
Their new allies from rapine to defend :
And lo, a mighty rampart * rears its head;
While nations triumph in its guardian Shade;
Winding o'er hill and vale, from Solway's fhores,
To where the Tyne his diftant current pours:
The lofty tow'rs with Chining warriors blaze,
Whofe helmets glitter with the morning rays:
Dauntlefs they ftand, and fretch the founding bow,
And dart fwift vengeance on the diftant foe.
Then flourifh'd thy fair pride, illuftrious townt;
Tho fate hath dan'd thy gilded temples down!
What tho' thy beauteous turrets beam'd on high,
And thy ftrong bulwarks tower'd amidft the fley;
Not all thy ftrength, nor beauty, could withftand
Faction's fell rage, nor fop the plunderer's hand.

* The wall of Severus, extending from Bullacfs on the Soltay Firth quite atrefs tha kingdom to Newcaftle.
+ 式fica. Sace Camden's Britanaiz.


## [ 80 ]

Thie feat of heroes, gen'rous, rough and bold,
Oft thro' thy gates the tide of battle roll'd-
Methinks I hear the rattling chariot bound,
And the bold need impatient paw the ground;
Monarchs and chiefs, the glory of mankind,
Beneath thy domes, their laurel'd heads reclin'd;
Like them, flall flourih thy immortal name, Partake their honours, and enjoy the fame. The lab'ring hind, as o'er thefe hallow'd plains, (Where reft intomb'd thy grandeur's proud remains, )
Fie guides the hare, beholds, with wild furprize,
Iteimets and fpears, of wond'ious make and fize;

* Urns, altars, fatues, which frange follptures grace,

And fondly frives the myftic lore to trace;
From mould'ring coins the facred ruft he clears,
And mars the labour of a thoufand years.
Pleas'd fome great prince or hero to behold, But more delighted with the glift'ning gold.

Queen of the world, at length, majeftic Rome
Beheld, and trembled at her han'ning doom;
Opprefs'd with grandeur's valt incumbent weight,
The fenate fcarce upheld the finking flate;

* The reader will find, in Mr. Pemnant, a particular account of all the curiofties at Netherby, with engravings of the principal.


## [ 81 ]

Her pamper'd fons, unlike their valiant fires,
Retain no patriot rage, no martial fires;
On beds of filk they watte the tedious day,
Or feebly trill the foft, unmanly lay.
Unable to repel the barbarous hofts,
That pour'd their fury on her plunder'd coafts,
She calls her bravelt fons from ev'ry fhore,
In black'ning fwarms the diftant legions pour,
From burning realms, where fouthern deeps refound,
From Britain's coafts, from Afia's fartheft bound :
While vengeance o'er the imperial city lours,
And frantic difcord fhakes her hundred towers.
The drooping Britons, feiz'd with equal dread,
Beheld their brave allies and conquerors fled,
The guardians of their ftate; nor vain their fears,
High on the wall the infulting Scot appears:
Furious from native courage, and defpair,
The fiercenefs of his rage, awhile they dare;
But broke and routed by fuperior force,
To diftant plains, once more, they bend their courfe :
The fhouting foe purfues, with barbarous rage,
And the fierce hofts eternal confict wage ;
Till Britain's loftieft hills, alone, afford,
Her offspring refuge from the murd'rous fword.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}82\end{array}\right]$

But now, imperial Rome in aflaes laid,
Her laurels blafted, and her frength decay'd;
Germania's veteran bands, in war renown'd, With terror aw'd the wond'ring nations round :

Hengift and Horfa, chiefs of mightier name, Shone foremoft on the bright record of fame; Like gods, they tower'd amidft the fons of earth, As from thofe powers * they trac'd their vaunted birth.

To thefe brave chiefs the Britons turn their eyes,
On them alone their laf fond hope relies:
The hero comes; but not, with vengeful hand,
From rapine's grafp to wreft the bletding land;
With their triumphant foes their faithlefs train, In barbarous league, they join, and rivet every chain.

In vain the Druid finites the magic ftring,
In vain the rocks with choral warblings ring;
Tho' of Britannia rais'd her feeble fhield,
Tho' of their bravelt veterans frew d the field;
Tho' Horfa's felf, defcended from the fkies , Pourd forth his life, a glorious facrifice,

* They wicre reputed to be defeended from their god Woden.


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}83\end{array}\right]$

Beneath a Briton's fpear-yet ftill, in vain,
She ftrove her ravifh'd honours to regain; Refiftefs Hengift thunder'd round the land, And tore the fceptre from her trembling hand;
At length fhe funk beneath the galling yoke,
Her rage extinct, her martial fpirit broke;
Pale, at his feet, her profrate genius lay, While flaughter mark'd the victor's crimfon way.

The Saxon triumph'd, till the fiercer Dane, In pomp, advancing o'er the whitening main, Rear'd his infulting Raven * on her hore, And fwell'd her rivers with unufual gore; Where-e'er he treads, the furies howl around, While his fell foottteps blaft the with'ring ground: Both yield, at length, to William's conquering fword, And harrafs'd Britain own'd a Norman lord.

Why fhould the mufe of feudal power relate,
The haughty lord's, or humbler vaffal's fate ;

[^4]
## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}84 & \end{array}\right]$

How petty Kings each others realms invade, By turns, are murder'd, conquer'd, or betray'd? Their fame, their fortunes, the difdains to fing; Oblivion hade them with thy dunky wing. With joy the haftens to that happicr age,

In which, fuperior to oppreffion's rage, The firm, undaunted barons, dar'd withftand A tyrant's frown, and check'd his guilty hand:

When Juftice darted from the radiant kk ,
When vengeance wav'd her flaming fword on high;
When rifing freedom dawn'd upon our ifle, And chear'd the nation with her rofeate fmile :

When laws, which time nor tyrants hall efface,
Founded on wifdom's and on virtue's bafe,
Of this wide empire form'd the mighty bound;
The pride, the wonder of the nations round!
Then culture rais'd once more her drooping head,
And arts, that lay in long oblivion dead,
Sprang to new life-then commerce gave her lail,
With fwelling pomp to flutter in the gale;
Our navies fail'd to many a diftant chore,
That now firt heard the Britilh lion roar-
The peaceful fwain fecurely turn'd the foil,
And reap'd, fecure, the prodace of his toil:

## $\left[\begin{array}{lll}{[85}\end{array}\right]$

In one firm league the various nations join,
Loof, undiftinguih'd, in the Englifh line;
All but the haughty Scot-whofe fubborn foul *
Nor Henry's + conquering fquadrons could controul,
Nor fiercer Edward $\ddagger$; tho' fuch heaps of flain,
Expiring, groan'd on Falkirk's fatal plain;
And blafted by malignant fortune's frown,
The captive Baliol wail'd his plunder'd crown.
Wide o'er the borders rang'd a favage band,
That fcatter'd flames and ravage round the land:
Where-e'er fair culture's beauteous hand was feen,
'Their favage footfteps crufh'd the rifing green;
And ev'ry flower that bloffom'd on the mead, Shrunk from their rage, and droop'd its wither'd head.

What gloomy profpects open on my eyes!
On every fide, what fcenes of horror rife!

[^5]
## $\left[\begin{array}{ll} & 86\end{array}\right]$

I fee each beauteous vale with weeds o'erfpread;
The fields neglected, and their owners fled;
Scarce can the pining natives, that remain,
By wretched arts their wretched lives fuftain:
Nor branching tree, nor verdant hedge appears,
Nor voice, nor found, the lonely defart chears;
Save where the bittern fcreams, with clam'rous throat,
Refponfive to the raven's hoarfer note,
That flaps her wing 'gainft yonder mould'ring tower;
The fole furviving pledge of Roman power.

The glorious period *, wilh'd fo long in vain,
Breaks forth at length in Anna's golden reign;
When the fame laws cach happy nation bind,
In Aricteft league by her wife councils join'd :
When cither triumphs in Britannia's name,
Their pow'r, their int'reft, and their King, the fame.
And fee, from far, yon glitt'ring far $\dagger$ appear,
Whofe luftre gilds our weftern hemifphere ;
'Thefe plains, opprefs'd with one long wintry night,
Fecl the warm influence of its genial light:

* The Union.
+ The happinefs and fecurity derived from the glorious Revolution are here alluded to, and the general encouragement given to agriculture by late parliaments._Mr. Gray fays, "The thar of Brunfwick fhines ferene."


## $\left[\begin{array}{lll}{[87}\end{array}\right]$

Green rifing woods the lofty hills adorn,
The fruitful valleys fimile with waving corn;
But ftretch'd immenfe, beneath more northern fkies, Uncultur'd fill the barren region lies-

Graham beheld, and, in his prudent mind, Pond'ring awhile, the beauteous plan defign'd:

He mark'd the hallow'd fcene, where, many an age,
Beheld of old the Britifh hofts engage;
He faw the fwain, with toil and want opprefs'd,
He faw-and manly pity heav'd his breaft.
He taught the wild, unfkilful hind, to rear
The tender plant, and marls the varying year;
When the moift earth, enrich'd with genial rain,
Expects, impatient, the protracted grain;
When fpreading fhoots the pruning hand implore,
Or autumn waves, mature, his yellow ftore.
And lo! a race, in native wildnefs rude,
That long had rang'd the dreary folitude,
The meagre fons of floth and pale difeafe,
Spring from their trance-their rufty hares they feize;
They raife the fence, they lift the pond'rous load, And form the ditch, and mark the future road.

Their hard'ning limbs the tempeft's rage fuftain,
While manlier vigour flows in ev'ry vein;

## [ SS ]

Heav'ns! with what rival zeal they toil, they fweat,
Beneath th' inclement blaft, or fcorching heat,
Their lord, with glorious hopes, their labours chears,
And paints the plenty of approaching years;
He marks the boundaries of ev'ry field,
Nor fcorns himfelf the weighty prong to wield,
To break the clod, to crufh the noxious weed, Or fcatter, as he treads, the lib'ral feed.

The defart foon in lovelier garb appears,
And ev'ry field the fmile of plenty wears:
Increafing years increafing treafures bring,
With liveher verdure blooms returning fpring;
The fwains, tranfported, view the grateful foil,
And triumph in the meed of many a toil.
When lo! a fcene more dark and dreadful rofe,
Than e'er had fwell'd the lift of former woes;
A tyrant, fiercer than the Danifh band,
Spread defolation o'er the fmiling land.
Near that fam'd fyot where, * flung with hame and grief,
Scotia's bold warriors fpurn'd a minion chief:

[^6]
## [ 89 ]

And, tho' mere fkill'd to conquer than to yield,
Bade Henry triumph on a bloodlefs field.
Full many a league a mighty fwamp extends;
The dukky heath by gentle flope afcends:
'The rafh, advent'rous ftep will foon betray,
And whelm the wight, incautious of his way.
Woe to the trav'ler, whofe benighted feet,
By chance, hall fumble on this lone retreat;
Soon fhall the hopelefs wand'rer meet his doom,
Bewilder'd 'midft the vaft incumbent gloom :
Some faithlefs bog fhall quickly clofe him round,
Some chafm fhall fwallow in its gulph profound.
This valt morafs-oh grant, ye powers above,
Thefe fields may never more its fury prove-
Diffolv'd by floods, and fwol'n with mighty rains,
Pour'd its black deluge o'er the neighbouring plains.
Mark how the gloomy ocean, gath'ring round,
Indignant fwells, and burfts th' oppofing mound :
Ah fee-thro' yonder beauteous vale * it fpreads,
Whelming, at once, an hundred fertile meads;
Then,

* "A tract, diftinguihed for its fertility and beauty, ran in form of a valley for fome fpace in view of Netherby; it had been finely reclaimed from its original ftate, prettily divided, well planted with hedges, and well peopled: the ground, originally not worth fixpence an acre, was improved to the value of thirty hillings. I faw it in that fituation in the year

Then, bearing onward, with refiftlefs force, Swecps herds and houfes in its dreadful courfe;
Till Efk's fair tide its mingling billows ftain,
That roll with added fury to the main.
The trembling fwains, with terror and amaze,
Diftracted on the cruel fooiler gaze-
Such frantic horror glar'd in ev'ry face,
As feiz'd of old the wild, aftonifh'd race,
That faw Vofuvius firft in thunder pour
Eragments of rocks, and freams of molten ore;
Whofe fiery volumes, blaft their green alcoves, Their loaded vineyards, and their bending groves-.

1789: at this time a melancholy extent of black turbery, the eruption of Solway-Mofs, having in a few days covered grafs and corn, levelled the boundaries of almoft every farm, deftroyed moft of the houfes, and drove the poor inhabitants to the utmoft diftrefs; till they found (which was not long) from their landlord cvery relief that a humane mind could fuggeft. Solway-M ofs confilts of fixteen hundred acres; lies fome height above the cultivated tract, and fecms to have been nothing but a collection of thin peaty mud: the furface itfelf was always fo near the fiate of a quasnire that in moft places it was unfafe for any thing heavier tha: a fortman to venture on, cien in the drien fummer. The fhell or cruft that kept this liquid within bounds, neareft to the valley, was at firf of fufficicnt ftength to con$t_{3 i n}$ it, but by the imprudetioc of the peat-digetrs, who were comtinually working on that fide, became at length fo wakened, as not to be able any longer to refift the weight prefing on it: the furdity of the Mofs was likewife greatly increafed by three days rain of unufual - jolence, which frecciud the eruption. About these hundred arese of mofs.were thus difcharged, and about four hundred of land covered ; but providentially not a human life loft." Mr. Pcmant's Tous, p. 64, where may be found amore particular account of this event.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll} & 91\end{array}\right]$

Untaught fuch dire extremes of fate to bear, The fullen ruftic dropp'd, in wan defpair: Extended on the damp, unwholefome earth, He curft the baleful moment of his birth;

The tear of anguih trembles in his eye,
And his ftrong bofom heaves the frequent figh.
With wilder grief the frantic females rave,
And bound, with horror, from the monfter wave;
While from their breafts their trembling infants hung,
And, confcious of their fate, more clofely clung.

But foon their lord, opprefs'd with generous grief,
To each defponding wretch affords relief;
His lib'ral hand diffufive plenty pours :
Benevolence unlocks her genial ftores:
He hears their plaints; he calms the burfting figh,
And wipes the falling tear from ev'ry eye.
The fwains, with chearfulnefs, renew their toil,
And lighten, of its load, the burthen'd foil ;
The fields * once more their verdant hue refume,
And with fuperior pride and beauty bloom.

[^7]
## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}92\end{array}\right]$

How wide thefe furs their infant brasches fpread,
And wave their wanton foliage o'er my head!
Already', from the fultry dog's far heat,
Their friendly fhades afford a kind retreat;
Ambitious to repay his guardian care,
Who bade their tow'ring fummits rife in air.
Let others boaft the proud, afpiring pile,
Columns and fanes, in ev'ry various ftyle;
With fivelling arches bound the folemn glade,
Or thunder down the fteep the loud calcade ;
While thro' the hades, as fearful of the light,
The polifh'd fatue glances on the fight,
Here, Venus fmiles, 'midft circling boughs conceal'd ${ }_{3}$,
And there, Minerva feems to make her hield.
Nature, great architect, thefe phaius arrays,
In pomp, beyond what mimic art diplays;
To them no works of foreign pride are known,
Nor other bound, but heavn'ris wide archalone-
Majeftic thro' the midt, with murm'ring roar,
Sce winding Eik his rapid curent pour;
On the bright wave the fortive falmon play,
And bound and gliften in the noon-tide rav.

## [ 93 ]

There tow'ring Skiddaw *, wrapt in awful fhade, Monarch of mountains, rears his mighty head, Dark'ning with frowns fair Kefwick's beauteous vale, He views beneath the gath'ring tempefts fail,
Secure, nor heeds the rolling thunder's rage;
Tho' Scruffel + trembling marks the dire prefage.

Pierc'd with congenial grief, my fancy flies
To where Kirkonnel's neighb'ring woods arife ;
There, bending o'er the beauteous Ellen's + tomb,
She weeps the wretched nymph's untimely doom.
So fair a plant, old Kirtle's wand'ring tide
Had never cherifh'd on its verdant fide;
But oh! what pen her various charms thall paint,
Here even a Raphael's glowing tints were faint :
Thofe radiant eyes, where lambent lightnings play,
Thofe coral lips, that breathe the fweets of May;
*. Skiddaw is plainly feen at the diftance of thirty miles from this fata.

+ Alluding to thefe proverbial lines-
When Skiddaw weats a cap,
Scruffel wots full well of that.
Scruffel is a mountain in Annandale in Scotland, the inhabitants of which prognofficate grod or bad weather, from the mifts that fall or rife on the brow of Skiddaw.

1 See Mr: Pennant, page 88.

## [ 94 ]

Thofe cheeks, that hame the morning's purple glow,
That bofom, whiter than the pureft fow:
Around her fort a thoufand laughing loves;
Each breaft is kindled as the virgin moves:
With her foft name, the woods, the valleys rung,
And Ellen's praifes dwelt on ev'ry tongue-
Two rival fwains, of nobler birth and fame,
Together languifi'd in the tender flame;
Bold Fleming knew to guide the whirling car,
To dart the fpear and ftemm the rage of war;
In Ardolph's breaft ignobler tranfports roll'd, He boafts his large domains, his hoards of gold;

With thefe he fought the blooming maid to gain,
Who fpurn'd his proffer'd rreafure with difdain.
The warrior triumph'd in her partial care,
For valour ever wins the gen'rous fair.
With him the fparkled in the feftive round,
He fake, and rapture dwelt in ev'ry found;
Together, thro' the winding vale they rove,
Together, wander in the lonely grove,
The feather'd warblers catch their tender frains,
And wilder mufic floats along the plains.
In rapture, thus, their moments roll'd away,
While fearce the lover brooks the long delay;

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}95\end{array}\right]$

'Till Hymen fmil'd propitious from above, And fhower'd down rofes on the couch of love.

Ardolph, mean-time, with jealous cares opprefs'd, Felt ev'ry various paffion tear his breaft; Rage, hatred, grief in mingling tempefts rife, Lour on his front, and fire his redd'ning eyes ; All frantic, wild, he fought a darkfome glade, And proftrate roll'd, beneath th' incumbent Thade; Then ftarts aghaft, and pours thefe dreadful moans, While each majeftic oak in concert groans-.
s* Ye arching glooms, that o'er this wretched head,
" In fable pomp, your friendly horrors fpread;:
"And wave, obedient to the fullen gale,
". That murmurs, hoarfe, along the lonely vale:-
"Thou moon, that glancing on yon diftant ftream,
" Dart't thro' the quiv'ring thades a filver gleam,
"By you I fwear; hear all ye fylvan powers,
"That haunt this tide and range thefe hallow'd bowers,
"And famp my vows: ere day's bright orb arife,
"To deck with kindling light the blufhing fkies;
" The hated wretch this llighted arm hall feel,
"s And pour his life beneath my reeking fteel;
"Yes, when tranfported with thofe blooming charms,
"He finks, all melting, in her circling arms;

## [ $9^{6}$ ]

" Then hall my vengeance wake, and fate hall clafp
"The cxpiring haro in her chilling grap-
" Thou too, whom neither vows nor fighs could move,
"Thou fhalt the fiercenefs of my paffion prove;
" How will my bofom glow with rapturous heat,
" How ev'ry pulfe with thrilling tranfort beat,
"As o'er that paradife of fweets I rove,
" And fatiate all my rage, and all my love!"

He foake, and guided by the moon's pale ray, Burlts thro the winding gloom his eager way;

Fiarce as he moves, his furious fteps refound;
The dark heath hakes, the foreft trembles round:
As when, o'er fultry Libya's burning plains,
Some tyger ftalks, the terror of the fwains;
If chance a frolling kid, or wanton fawn,
Thoughtlefs of danger, gambol oer the lawn;
His fiery eyes the panting fpoil furvey,
He bounds and fprings, exulting on his prey-
Such favage tranforts flath from Ardolph's eycs,
As fulden the devoted wretch he 'fies,
W'ith his fair fpoufe, bencath a neighb'ring grove,
Rectin'd in all the tendernefs of love.
With headlong rage he plunges in the tide,
Whofe waves alone the hontile youths divide;

And, fpringing tow'rds th' oppofing bank, difplay'd
To Fleming's fartled view the vengeful blade:
To fereen her lover from th' impending blow, The beauteous nymph oppos'd her breaft of fnow; Her fnow-white breaft the murd'rous weapon tore, And pierc'd her heart-that guhn'd in floods of gore:

The trembling hurband clafp'd her, fainting, round, And eager ftrove to ftanch the ftreaming wound :
While, fondly hanging on his beating breaft,
To his pale cheek her paler cheek the preft;
Then fixing ftedfafly her wimful eyes,
Eflay'd to fpeak, but, choak'd with burfting fighs,
She ftrove in vain-thofe eyes in darknefs roll,
And hov'ring feraphs catch her gafping foul.

Fleming, in frantic horror, feiz'd the blade,
And inftant ftruck the bare affaffin dead-
Then, with a thoufand ftruggling paffions preft,
He rais'd the pointed dagger to his breaft :
Scarce could his grief the defp'rate deed withftand,
But confcious honour check'd his rifing hand; " Yes, I will dare to live, and feek, in fight, "A nobler paffage to the Chades of night:

## [ $9^{9}$ ]

"Come, glory come, and fpread thy fmiling charms;
"O bearme to the battle's inad alarms;

* Beat cv'ry drum, let cv'ry trumpet found,
"Till anguifh, in the field of death, be drown'd."
He faid, and ruhling to th' embattled plain,
'Gainf the proud Turk * he Jed a valiant train;
There glory own'd her fon, and round his head,
I Yer radiant hands unfading laurels fpread.
But while her choicen gifts the hero crown'd,
The lover languin'd with his fecret wound:
Eager he haten'd to his native fhore,
And zephyr's gentlen breezes waft him o'er;
He fought the grove, where lay his lovely bride,
Stretch'd his fond limbs along the turf-and died.

On yondermount where once, with honile pride,
The Roman wayd his crimfon banner vide;
A graceful ftrufure mects the wend'riag fight,
And flis the gazing aranger with dojght:
As o'er thete vies he rolls his eager cyes,
And feesan \& Eden in a defert rife.

* Te areerwards forved in the wars araint the Infucels.
+ The realer will not think this defeription much exaggerated, who has travelled farther northeard than Noblerby; as the cotrance into Scotame, on that fide, for many miles sog:ther, barsa moft unpromiting and dreary afoct.


## [ $9: 3]$

What tho' no ufelefs grandeur deck the dome,
Rich with the Mining fpoils of Greece or Rome;
What tho' no gilded rcofs, with high emblaze,
Pour on the dazzled eye their freaming rays;
Yet beauty fmiles confefs'd in ev'ry part,
While nature crowns the bold attempts of art :
Here elegance, with ufe, her charms combines,
And thro' the whole with fofter luftre hines.
No more thefe walls the victor's houts prolong,
Echoing the clafh of mail, the martial fong;
Within their bounds refide a gentler train;
Here facred peace and focial virtue reign:
Here, groaning with its freight, the friendly board
Proclaims the bounty of its generous lord;
Here famin'd travellers forget their woes, And weary'd ftrangers fink in foft repofe.

To crown the whole, view yon proud fane afcend, Which, guardian feraphs, with their wings defend!
Behold! all radiant with celeftial light,
The dome, afcending, fwells upon the fight;
The folemn gates our mufing fouls infpire
With rev'rend awe, and rouze devotion's fire;

## [ 100 ]

Here oft, as yonder planet lights the day,
Or ev'ning fheds oblique her purple ray, With confant zeal fhall bend a youthful train, And fongs of rapture rend the hallow'd fane. Hark, what fweet warblings undulate in air, Glowing with praife, or fraught with fervent pray'r;
While, as they chaunt Jehovah's mighty name,
'Thro' ev'ry bofon fpreads the kindred flame;
Their pious vows fhall confecrate the pile, And heav'n's dread fire receive them with a fmile.

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H & A & G & L & E & Z
\end{array}
$$

## [103]

## $P \quad R \quad E \quad F \quad A \quad C \quad E$.


#### Abstract

$H_{A G L E Y}$ is fituated in the neighbourhood of Birmingham, on the road leading to Bewdley, in Worcefterfhire, and is not lefs indebted to nature for its beauties than the tafe and genius of the late Lord Lyttelton.


Through a long dark avenue of limes we approaci the houre, which is an elegant modern building, and adorned with paintings of the moft eminent Italian maners. There are likewife fome bufs and fatues of great value; thofe of Milton, Shakefpeare, Spenfer, and Dryden, in the library, were made by Scheenmaker, and left by Mr. Pope, at his death, to his lordinip. The views from the houfe are cvery way delightful; particularly that on the garden fide. Immediately oppofite, at fome diftance, on the brow of a lawn, ftands a light column, backed by a noble grove; on the left of which the temple of Theiens prefents itfelf, on the beauuful hill of Witchberry, emboromed in firs; and above this, on a higher eminence, towers the obelink.

Leaving the houfe we come to the Parifh Church, a fmall Gothic building, in which is a beautiful monument to the manory of Lucy Lyttelton, his lordfhip's firtt lady.

## [ 104 ]

Every reader of tafte will remember the beautiful monody compoted by his lordnip on the death of this lady, which does equal honour to the memory of both. Oa the left of this monument is a fmall unadorned fonc, which acquaints us, toat the noble author retts below. This was placed here by his lordhhip's particular defire, and Atrongly impreffes the mind with in idea of that virtue which fought applaufe, fuperior to what man could beftow.

A narrow path leads from hence along the lawn to a gloomy hollow, whofe fteep banks are covered with large rocky fones, as if rent afunder by fome violent concufion of nature. The guhing cafcade, on either fide, adds to the folemnity of the feene,

We now reafcend the bank, and winding to the right, arrive at the Alcove, which is fupported by the Palladian bridge, of elegant contruction. Never before did the hand of art model, or the eye of fancy behold, a feenc fo ravihing. The grand calcade tumLling from one rock to another down the embofoned vale; the richnefs of the woods, and the diftant Rotunda that terminates the fwelling vifta, at once fill the mind with aftonifhment and pleafure.

Keeping to the left hand of the water, a Portico, on the fummit of a rifing ground, catches the eye with peculiar grace. We enter, through a fmall wicket, the environs of the grotto. From a bench under an old oak of furprizing magnitude we have:a mof pleafing profpect of this retirement; the fhrubs and flowers feattered in profulion on the banks, falute us with their fragrance as we penetrate its inmoft recefies; where ftands a flatue of Venus, as juft rifing from the water: Here are feveral grotefque fone alcoves, and feats thaded with laurels.

## [ $10 \%$ ]

trate its immof recefies; where fands a flatue of Vinus, as juft rifing from the water: Here are feveral grotefque fone alcoves, and feats fladed with laurels.

Oppofite to thefe is another cafcude, which is decorated with large vitrified cinders, and other fones of a himing fubfance, which have a very pleafing effect. This rural folitude is quitted, not without relufance, and after rifing the ficep afcent, we continue our walk under the fhade of facious trees to a bank, on which is an urn, dedicated to the memory of the late Mr. Shentone.

Turning hence to the left, the rotunda again frikes the view, as we walk along the fides of a folitary glen, thick planted with coppice and other trecs. Croling this glen, you arrive at the favourite fpot of the late Mr. Pope, in the midf of a fwelling irregular lawn, entirely furrounded with woods. His lordhip has erefed an urn to the memory of this bard; whom, living, he honoured with his particular friendfhip.

The afcent now becomes bold and feep, winding amidit a variety of fately trees, to the higheft eminence in the park; on which is fituated, with great judgment, and not lefs beauty, the Ruin. This venerable pile bears every appearance of antiquity; and we are confirmed in that opinion, by the mafly fones which have in many places tumbled down from the ruinous walls, and the mouldering towers almoft covered with ivy. But how great is our aftonilhment, when, on a nearer approach, we perccive it to be a ufeful modern Atructure, built for a keeper's lodge, and fo difpofed, as to make it a principal object from feveral feats in the park. Ifere, indeed, the tafte of the defigner has difplayed itfilf; and his lord-

## [ 106 ]

nip, in leaving one of the towers entire, hath afforded an opportunity of furveying an horizon, which, for its valt extent, and the grandeur and beaty of the objects it difolays, is no where to be rivalled.

From hence the path leads to the foot of the Clent Hills, which are fituated without the park pale, but amply recompence the labour of afending them, by the cxtenfive profpect exhibited from their fummits. If the ftranger choofes to purfue the path on the left, he will find, near the extremity of the park, a handrome Gothic feat, which gives an agreeable view of thefc hills, the ruin, and the dienat country. But purfuing that to the right, through one of the moft delicious groves imaginable, he will foon arrive at a feat, which has this infeription:

## Sedes Contemplationis. <br> Omnia Vanitas.

Nothing can equal the pleafing ferenity we experience in this delightful rccefs, fo admirably adapted to relieve the eye, fatigucd with the great and diftant objects hefore prefented to its view.

The next object that claims attention is the Hermitage, compofed of clumps of wood and roots of old trees, carelefsly heaped torether. The floor is neatly paved with fmall pebbles, and is furrounded with a feat, covered with a mat.

We now defend into a vale, where are fome pools of water; on every fide furrounded by large chefnuts, and fpreading elms. Along this rale the path winds through a grove of oaks up a fteep hill,

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
107
\end{array}\right.
$$

near the fummit of which is a feat, from wherce we have an inmenfely extended view of the country, and the houfe delightfully fituated in the lawn below. It would be contrary to my plan, which is only to give the reader a general idea of this place, preparatory to his perufal of the following pages, and indeed imponible, to enumerate all the beauties that appear from this cminence. On the back of the feat is this infcription, taken from the fifth book of Paradife Loft:

Thefe are thy glorious works, Parent of good, Almighty! thine this univerfal frame-

We fhall therefore retire into the grove behind; where, from the firft bench, the eye is prefented with a more confined profpect, which, by its variety, is rendered doubly pleafing. Thomfon's feat, the Temple of Thefeus, and the obelifk, appear to great advantage, at well judged diftances amidtt hanging woods, and lawns covered with the livelieft verdure. From the fecond beneh is feen, between the branches of the trees, the fupendous Wrekin, a high mountain in Shrophhire, at the dffance of at leaft thirty miles, and the buildings are totally excluded. The path now leads to the Doric Portico, thus inferibed,

Quieti et Mufis.
This is, in my opinion, one of the moft agreeable retreats in the park; and is fituated on the brow of a very fteep lawn, bounded every way by the nobleft trees that ever graced the foreft.

## [ 108 ]

Hence the path leads into a rude and gloomy dell, down whote decp fhelving fides feveral little ftreams continually run, that delight us with their coolnefs, and foothe us with their murmurs.

After rifing the declivity on the oppofite fide, the path leads to the Rotunda, a neat and elegant building, from which the alcove and water above-mentioned are very friking objects. Proceeding onward we defeend into another deep glen, but in many circumfances varying from the former, and foon after the feene changes into a beautiful extent of lawn, where the parfonage-houfe prefents itfelf to the view, and a graceful row of elms conducts us to Thomion's feat.

The profpect from this fpot is fuch, as never fails to fix the attention, and raife the delight of the beholder. The fteep hanging woods directly oppofite; amidn which the Doric portico difplays itfelf with greater beauty; the Clent Hills and the Ruin on one hand, with the romantic Malvern Hills bounding the horizon on the other, contribute to adorn the fcene with variety, bcauty, and grandeur.

Winding through the grove on the right, which affords a diftant view of lord Stamford's grounds, an eminence appears, on the brow of which is erected the Column, bearing a fatue of Frederic, prince of Wales, the father of his prefent majefty. The view from hence is equally extenfive with that from the hill before-mentioned, commands the houfe, and is in every refpect correfpondent with that diflay of tafte and magnificence, which prevails amidtt the receffes of Hagler.

HAGLEY.

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\left[\begin{array}{lll}
109
\end{array}\right]
$$

## H A G L E Y.

ONCE more, with trembling hand, Iftrike the lyre,
Genius of verfe the living lays infpire;
Ye tenants of the glade, that o'er me fpread
Your flutt'ring wings, and warble round my head,
Lend me your notes-and thou, whofe love-lorn tale,
Wild-cchoing, floats along the dying gale,
O Philomel-if e'er at eve I rove
To hear thy tender plaints in yonder grove;
O fweeteft far of all the feather'd train,
Warm my rapt breaft with thy feraphic frain:
Hagley I fing-to Hagley's bowers belong
The foftert meaures, and the nobleft fong.

Ye bleft retreats, ye pleafing glooms, all hail!
Ye varied fcenes of woodland, hill and dale,
Whether my eyes with hurried glance furvey
Yon flow'ring lawns in wild luxuriance gay,
Or to thofe diftant forefts ftretch with pain, That tower to heay'n and darken all the plain:

## [ 110 ]

Still as the varied profpect meets my fight, My conicious bofom beats with new delight.

Where fhall the fong begin? For every place Invites alike, and beams with rival grace: From feene to ficene the mufe bewilder'd flies, While more than fairy landfcapes round her rifeSuch mingled tranfports our grand parent knew, When nature's charms firt met his wond'ring view;
Led by his Maker thro' the blooming wild, Where-e'er he rov'd, rekindling beautics finil'd:
On cy'ry plant he gaz'd, on ev'ry flower,
And taßed ev'ry fruit that deck'd the bower;
Paus'd in the valley, mark'd the mountain's pride,
Or hanging o'er the fountain's verdant fide,
Admir'd his hadow in the filver flood;
The gay reflected lawn, the dancing wood, The heav'n's blue concave, and the folar blaze-
Till thought was lof amidft the fhining maze!

Ye fpreading limes! On whofe majeftic brows
An hundred rolling years have fhed their fnows;
Ye hills and op'ning plains, where nature pours
With lavifh hand the choicelt of her fores;

## [ 111 ]

Ye hallow'd roofs, which fcience hath array'd
In all the glowing pomp of light and fhade,
That oft have heard a Pope's melodious tongue,
And oft refounded while a Thomfon fung,
Receive the meaneft of the tuneful train, Who trembles while he wakes the votive ftrain.

Beauty and frength thro' all the pile unite,
Warm the bold thought, and fix the roving fight:
Tafte guides the rule, while judgment marks the lines,
And all the mafter in the ftructure hines.
Here live the rev'rend fages of mankind,
Whore works delighted, or inform'd the mind;
The laurel'd offspring of immortal Rome
Live here, and with their prefence gaard the dome!
Here too her later fons, not lefs in fame,
Whofe fingers wak'd to life the pencil'd frame,
Or foften'd into fenfe the rugged ftone,
Flourifh amidtt creations of their own.

Come forth, my mufe, and wand'ring o'er the green,
Mark the fair glories of this living feene-
From yon proud Obelifk, whofe tow'ring brow
Throws its long fhadows o'er the plains below;

## [112]

From yonder Fane*, which darkfome firs embrace,
Down to the graceful Column's humbler bafe:
O would fome power my kindling breaft infpire With Titian's genius, or with Thomfon's fire;

Soon hould the fmiling lawn, the purple fkies,
The hanging grove, on breathing canvas rife;
In all its charms the vivid landfape fhine,
And nature's touches only rival mine.

Beneath this antient pile, whofe Gcthic tower
Pale ivy clafps, and circiing elms embower,
Refts his pale head, who firft thefe beauties plann'd,
And rais'd this Eden with his foftring hand-
Dumb the foft mufic of his tuneful tongue,
On which the lift'ning fivains enraptur'd hung;
That heart, which lately leapt at beauty's name,
That glow'd with virtue's, friendhip's pureft flame,
Beats now no more-let thoughtlefs man attend,
And mark the point where all his triumphs end!
With mournful pomp, by his unconfcious fide,
Cold as her urn, reclines his beauteous bride;

* Temple of Thefcus.


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}113\end{array}\right]$

To whofe fair memory flow'd the tend'reft tear,
That ever trembled o'er the female bier :
O let congenial anguih paufe, and weep,
Where beauty, worth, and buried genius fleep!

Thou little murmuring rill halt be our guide,
Whofe amber waves along the pebbles glide;
Sacred perhaps to fome fair rural power,
That fweeps unfeen amidft the neighb'ring bower'.

To that lone Dell, beneath the deepen'd fhade,
Where down the valley burfts the rude cafcade;
Hence let us fly from day's increafing beam,
Lull'd by the murmurs of the babbling fream:
Or farther bend, to where the moaning dove
Invites our fteps to yonder gay Alcove :
Delightful haunt-where fportive elves repair,
And chaunt fuft warblings to the midnight air;
What diftant found is that which meets my ears,
Sweet as the mufic of the rolling fpheres!
Heav'n's! what a glorious fcene! with rapid fweep
The headlong waters rufh from fteep to fteep;
While the grey rocks, whofe bafe they foam around,
Repels them as they break with furious bound:

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}114\end{array}\right]$

The farkling fun-beams on their furface play, And the bright waves reflect a double day.
Mark with what pomp the dark o'er-arching wood
Rends its broad arms to tafte the billowy flood;
While far above, on yon green mountain's height.
The bold rotunda fwells' upon my fight.

Now o'er the noping lawn's luxuriant fide,
Where fands the portico in all its pride;
Soft let me feek the grotto's cool retreat,
And reft awhile on yon fequefter'd feat
Beneath that antient oak-the foref's boaft,
Whofe branching arms might hield a num'rous hoft-
Fair Venus, to thy guardian power Ibow,
Propitious fmile, and hear my proffer'd vow;
Still on thy bard thy genial influence thed,
Still twine thy myrtles round his favour'd head;
So fhall he wake for thee the founding ftring,
And ev'ry mountain, with thy praifes ring.
Ye mofs-clad banks, where twining violets bloom,
That load the feented breeze with foft perfume:
Ie verdant thrubs, permit a ftranger gueft
O., your ioft couch his fainting limbs to reft -

Thou:

## [ 115 ]

Thou gushing flood, thro' whofe tranfparent ftream,
Of glafly hue, a thoufand fragments gleam, Still murmur on-while Morpheus, drowfy god, O'er my fcorch'd temples waves his leaden rod. But other fcenes, as rapturous, bid me rife, And other beauties call my wandering eyes.

Now will the mufe the winding path afcend, And to that gloomy bank her footiteps bend, To hail her Shenfone-and, with grief fincere, Drop o'er his chade the tributary tear ; That tear which be to fuff'ring virtue gave, Shall now bedew his own lamented grave.

Ye fairy vales, and thou, enchanting glade, His foftering hand in artlefs pomp array'd, Where is your Corydon ? Ye fylvan powers,
That wont to rove 'midft thofe deferted bowers,
With rofes who fhall deck your lonely way,
What birds fhall warble, or what fountains play?
For Corydon is gone-The Chepherds come,
Buf ev'ry flute, and ev'ry voice is dumb;

* Virgil's Grave; which is the glory of the Learowes.


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}116\end{array}\right]$

The flocks with hriller plaints his lofs deplore, And, bleating moan - " Our mafter is no more!"

In yonder lawn, befide the bending wood,
The bard of Twit'nam ert, delighted food;
With nature's charms, or Homer's rapt, he fung,
And lays fpontaneous warbled from his tongue.
Behold where friendhip rears the pious urn,
Fond pledge of thee that never muft rcturn, In thefe lov'd haunts, with more than mortal fire, To fwell the notes, and fmite the founding lyre.

How high yon Turret, mouldering in decay,
Majeftic foars 'midft ruins rude and grey;
Up the feep pile afpiring ivy crecps,
And in its fhade the bat fecurely fleeps:
Ah, Lyttelton! in vain thy fancy ftrives
To imitate, where real nature lives-
For ftill in fpite of thee, in fpite of art,
Her anrient fpirit breathes thro' ev'ry part-
In fome bleft moment, fure, thy da:ing hand
O'erpower'd the nymph, and caught her magic wand!
Trembling, at length, I reach the glorious height,
And the wide landfcape burfts upon my fight;

## [ 117 ]

Scarce can I roll my eves from fide to fide, Where far beneath the diftant rivers glide :

Where cities fwell, where forefts, dark and deep, Stretch o'er the vallies with tremendous fweepHere the proud Malvern * hills romantic rife, There the great Wrekin mingles with the fkies; Here Clent's delightful fummits fimile around, And the Black Mountains + there the valt horizon bound.

Now let the notes in mournful cadence flow,
All wildly fweet, and breathe the foul of woe;
Strains, fuch as warbled late o'er Lucia's tomb,
Sooth'd her pale ghoft, and chear'd the mirky gloom:
When thefe lone bow'rs with fofter meafures rung,
Than ever dropt from Petrarch's tender tongue.
Her courfe the mufe to yonder mountain bends,
Where, wrapt in fhade, the leffening fire afcends,
There will fhe wail the royal infant's doom,
Bid round his fhrine eternal laurels bloom;
And while her eyes pour forth the torrent flood,
Her hand fhall write the tale in lines of blood!

* The Malvern hills divide this county, on the fouth-weft fide, from Herefordhuire, and rife to a great height, one above another, for feven miles together.
$\dagger$ Thefe mountains, and the round hill near Radnor in Wales, are, in a clear atmorphere, diftinctly vifible; though at the diftance of near eighty miles.


## [ 118 ]

In thofe dark times, when frantic difcord pourd
The gleaming horrors of her vengeful fword
O'er half the ravag'd globe-and Saxon chains
In flavery bound Britannia's hardy fivains,
There dwelt a prince *; whom fate's feveref frown

## Curft with the hopes of Mercia's glittering crown ;

For cre nine fummers, circling o'er his head,
On his young cheek the filver down had fpread,
The haplefs Kenelm wept his ravifh'd fire,
And faw the brother of his heart expire!
Nor yet remain'd a mother's foft'ring care,
To gild the feene, and chafe his deep defpair;
The baleful hour that life to Kenelm gave,
Confign'd the wretched parent to the grave.

* "On the death of Kenulph, King of the Mercians, the kingdom fell to his fon
"Kenelm, then an infant, whofe elder fifter, Quendred, practifed with Afkebert, her lover,
" and the joung king's guardian, to make away with himn; which, that he might do the
" more fecretly, he had the young king into Clent-wood, in this county, under the fair pre-
" tence of taking pleafure in hunting, and when he had gotten him into a fuitable place, he
" cut off his head, and buried him where no man knew."
Vide Plott's Hift. of Staffordhire, p. 412.
Subjeets of the deferiptive kindlabour under this peculiar difadvantage : they are feldom read but by perfons who are intcrefted by their particular knowledge of the beautics of the place defcribed. To make them more general therefore, by introducing hiftorical events, or enlivening epifodes, has been always the conduct of writers who were emulous of more univerfal attention. If the candid reader will forgive the difproportionate length of the following ftory, which is not the offipring of poetic invention, the author hopes the truly tragical feenes it contains will fufficiently apologize for its other defeets.


## [ 119 ]

One only fifter thar'd his filial grief,
Whofe fondnefs gave his bleeding heart relief;
Forlorn they wander thro' the lonely wood,
And mix their murmurs with the founding flood;
Or fpeechlefs bend and kifs the hallow'd bier, Returning figh for figh, and tear for tear.

Thus many a tedious month in anguifh paft,
And ev'ry month more irkfome than the laft;
But fiercer pangs the beauteous maid oppreft,
And love and grief divide her anxious breaft.
To guard the realm from foreign tyrant's rage,
And guide the monarch in his tender age,
Was Aikebert's high care ; whore mighty name ${ }_{2}$
Thro' all the weft renown'd for martial fame, Struck dread thro' ev'ry rebel Saxon's foul, That dar'd refift his fov'reign's high controul;
Yet beauty's charms could fmooth the warrior's brow,
His breaft of fteel with fofter trrnfports glow;
Thofe fincwy limbs, that on the embattled plain
Sublimely tower'd o'er myriads of the flain,
With matchlefs grace amidtt the dance could move,
And warm the tender female heart to love

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}120\end{array}\right]$

Fair Kendred faw, and felt the rapturous heat
Thro' ev'ry pulfe with quick vibration beat:
In vain the frove her frantic pains to hide,
Or fop refiftefs paffion's fwelling tide;
Her confcious thoughts in all her features rife,
Glow on her cheeks, and languifh in her cyes:
Nor lefs the baron felt the fecret flame,
But figh'd impatient for the royal dame;
Such favage joy the tiger's breaft infpires,
Or dæmons, madd'ning with inceftuous fires!
Treafon and flaughter in his bofom brood,
That burns for power, and thirfts for infant blood;
His guilty flame from curft ambition fprings,
And love conceals a dagger with his wings-
Yet foftef founds adorn'd his flowing tongue,
On which the nymph with rapt attention hung,
Swift thro' each fenfe the mingling poifon fole,
And fcepter'd fplendors fire her tainted foul.
Warm'd by her fmiles, the fell barbarian glows,
His dark and dreadful purpofe to difclofe;
And while with eager joy her hand he preft,
Thus his falfe lips th' attentive maid addreft:
"Faireft of Mercia's nymphs, whofe angel charms
"Have filld this panting breaft with foft alarms;
" Dear,
" Dear, blooming idol of my doating eyes,
"For whom I wafte the tedious night in fighs,
"How long in doubt and anguifh thall I pine,
"When call that paradife of beauty mine?
"Hafte thee, my love; to yonder fane away,
" The breathing altars chide our long delay;
:" This hour the hoary feer fhall join our hands,
" And Hymen bind us in his myrtle bands."
The nymph obey'd: her kindling cheeks affume A deeper crimfon, as me reach'd the dome.
There while the priefts the folemn rites prepare,
He mark'd the tumults of the trembling fair;
And gazing, with that look of villain joy,
That malks the fiend, and fimiles-but to deftroy;
On ev'ry charm with wanton praifes dwelt,
Diffembling tranfports which he never felt :

* Bleft with the beams of thofe blue rolling eyes,
" I envy not the gods their purple fkies;
" My Kendred's thoufand beauties to behold,
" Might draw down Woden * from his throne of gold.
" But Woden's felf fhould never tafte thy charms,
!- Nor force thee trembling from my bridal arms:
* Woden was the principal deity of the Saxons,


## [ 122 ]

" How would the feepter, by thy father borne,
" His lovely daughter's finow-white hand adorn!
" The gems, that in the crown of Mercia glow,
" How would they fparkle on thy brighter brow;
"And mingling with thy flowing, auburn hair,
"Surpals the fplendors of the proudeft fair!
"Shake not-nor dread to mount a brother's throne,
" Which years and birth more juftly ftamp thy own;
" Infirm, and tott'ring with each rougher breeze,
"Soon may he fall the victim of difeafe;
"Or if difeafe fhould fare his infant head,
"There want not means to mix him with the dead."-
"Ah ceafe," the Princefs cries, " that piercing ftrain,
"Nor let a fifter raife her voice in vain ;
" If my lov'd Afkebert hath thus decreed,
" The throne be ours-but let not Kenelm bleed:
"O fpare his tender age, and let his fate
"Be claains for life, or exile from the fate."
She fpake; and thus the guileful peer replied,
While his falfe tongue his murd'rous heart belied:
" Well haft thou faid-Yes, left his vengeful hand
" Hurl the red torch of faction round the land;
" Far, far from hence to Mercia's difant bound,
"Where tracklefs forefts Atetch immenfe around,

## [ 123 ]

"And length'ning fwamps thro' howling defarts fpread,
"Some faithful hind his devious fteps flall lead :
" While we, triumphing in a nation's fmile,
"The fondeft, happieft pair of Albion's ifle,
"Secure in rounds of endlefs rapture move,
" And fealt on all the luxuries of love."
The magic found fwift darted to her brain,
While fiercer tumults throb in ev'ry vein:
Her hand he printed with an ardent kifs,
And the laft rites confirm their impious blifs.

The founding clarions now th' event declare,
The affembled lords the nuptial banquet hare;
The royal victim flew to be carefs'd,
Nor knew a murd'rer clafp'd him to his breaft.
" Kenelm, at length, thy pious grief refrain,
" This day demands our rapture's loudeft Arain;
"To-morrow mount thy choiceft, fwifteft fteed,
" Beneath our fpears the foaming boar fhall bleed:
"The youth of Mercia call thee to the plain,
" And thy fair fifter deigns to grace our train."
The prince delighted his command obeys,
And fprings from llumber with the morning rays:

## [ 124 ]

But when the chace in all its fury burn'd, 'To the fe lone hills his devious courfe he turn'd; And as their flecds the dreary wild afcend, " This fuits our purpofe well," exclaim'd the fiend!
" Purpofe! what purpofe? -O, my honour'd lord,
" What means that frown, and ah! that gleaming fword!
" If aught my rafh, unthinking youth hath err'd,
" To rouze thy juft revenge, in deed, or word;
" Behold me roll repentant at thy feet,
" Low in the duft thy pardon to intreat;
" O, by thefe tears, that threat'ning hand remove,
" My father's friendhip, and my fifter's love;
"In bonds of feel my tender limbs confine,
" In damp and dreary dungeons let me pine;
"But fpare"_the brandifh'd falchion ftopt his cries,
And his meek foul fled quiv'ring to the fkies.

As the firlt murd'rer, from the froke that gave
His proftrate, bleeding brother, to the grave;
Thus, ghaftly pale, this fecond Cain arofe,
Such horror ev'ry hudd'ring finew froze!
But no remorfe could touch that iron heart,
Where never confcience plung'd her burning dart.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}125\end{array}\right]$

With favage rage his purple robes he tore, And dy'd them deeper in the reeking gare;
Then deeply delv'd the dark, unhallow'd tomb, And gave the mangled corpfe to earth's affrighted womb.

But now, refounding from the neighb'ring vale,
The horn's flhrill clangors load the chearful gale:
Furious he fnatch'd the veft, that dropt with blood,
And, like an arrow darting thro' the wood,
Terror and guilt, wild-glaring in his eyes,
Fill'd the wild concave with his dreadful cries.
"Halt, comrades halt-this bloody robe I found
" Decp in the foreft, fmoaking on the ground;
"Some prowling favage, or fome ruffian's fword,
" Hath rent the bofom of our youthful lord;
"Through yonder brake methought I faw him borne,
" By the fierce, panting boar-all gah'd and torn-
" Hafte, let us pierce its gloom; fome happier fpear
" May reach the monfter in his mad career."
"As mine does thee"-indignant Kendred faid,
And with her fabre clove his trait'rous head.
" The monfer thou-inhuman murderer go,
"Where vengeance waits thee in the realms below,
" 'To fcoffing fiends thy tale of horror tell,
"And reign with furies in the deeps of hell:

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}126\end{array}\right]$

" My foul with thine Ghall take her guilty fight,
" Purfuc thee howling thro' the realms of night ;
" Still thunder in thy ears the promis'd throne,
" And make the Chades re-murmur with her moan!
" Dear, martyr'd youth, that, in thy tendereft age,
" Haft fall'n the prey of fell ambition's rage;
" On the pale, trembling wretch, from heav'n look down,
"That dared afpire to feize a brother's erown-
" Behold the proftrate author of thy woe:
"Mine was the hand that gave the deathful blow-
" Mine was the traitor-voice that bade thee bleed,
" And thus this dagger thall revenge the deed!"
She fake, and kiffing thrice th'impurpled veft,
Thrice plung'd the weapon in her beauteous brealt.

The mule, all penfive, haftes to happier plains, Where Contemplation, pale-cyed matron, reigns; Deep thron'd in tenfold glooms that round her rife, In proud theatric fate, and fweep the flies. She comes, in robes of virgin white array'd;

Silent as night, fhe falks along the glade :
She ficaks; the folemn founds conviction roll, And ruha like lightaing to my inmort foul:

## [ ${ }^{2} 27$ ]

" Mortal, whofe foot my hallow'd haunts pervades,
"Approach the Genius of thefe awful Mades:
"And learn-how vain the monarch's purple ftate,
" How low the boafted triumph of the great ;
" Compar'd with raptures which content infpires,
" When wifdom guides the mind, and virtue fires-
"Ye blinded wretches, who for giory brave
" The battle's roar, and ftem the raging wave;
"And ye, who fir'd with boundlefs thirft of gain,
" Tempt the dark mine, or tread the burning plain,
" To this lone fpot retire, and know that "All is vain"-
But fee where gathering clouds deform the fky,
To yonder cell's deep covert let us fly,
Where darker trees their twilight horrors fpread,
And wrap fome hermit in their iron fhade-
Heard you that dreadful clap $\rightarrow$ fo loud, and long,
'Twas heav'n's high voice that ratified the fong:
Yes, ye fair fyrens, that betray mankind,
Whofe various influence tears the human mind,
Wealth, beauty, power, I dare renounce you all,
And proftrate bend at virtue's awful call!
I fee, I fee your fading charms expire,
Darken'd their luftre, and extinct their fire;

## [ 128 ]

Far, far from you contented would I dwell Beneath thefe roofs, and bid the world farewell ; Here innocence and peace Chould crown my days, And my fond heart forget its throb for praife: No longer confcious to the tafte of blood, The fruits of earth fhould be my humbler food; My thirf I'd flake in yon tranflucent fream, With God, my guide, my guardian, and my theme.

How foft the fragrance of this vernal hower, That lights the gem and wakes the drooping flower!
On magic ground, entranc'd, I feem to tread, Where fparkling emeralds pave the glowing mead:
With more than mortal notes the groves refound,
With more than Perfian odours breathes the ground.

Ere yon refplendent lamp forfakes the day, I'll climb the fteep, and mark his fetting ray From yonder feat-where, to his Maker's praife, Some pious fiwain hath grav'd the duteous laysUnbounded fcene-beyond my humble frain, For here a Milton's daring powers were vain; " Thefe are thy glorious works, Almighty King,". The bard aftonifh'd faid, and dropp'd the ftring!

## [ 129 ]

If my fond eyes the diftant hills behold,
Thofe ikies, diftingt with azure and with gold, Sweep o'er the foreft, range the defart heath ${ }_{\star}$ Or wanton in the fpreading lawn beneath :

His hand I fee in nature's thoufand forms; His power fupports them, and his firit warms.

How beauteous, 'midft the gay furrounding mead,
Does yon proud manfion rear its ample head!
Whofe polifh'd towers with trembling radiance gleam,
As the broad fun obliquely darts his beam.
What tho' Dædalean fkill hath deck'd the dome,
Vandyke or Titian glow in ev'ry room;
Thefe are its meaneft pride-with all the fire,
With all the genius of his noble fire,
There dwells a Lyttelton-immortal name!
That fires my fancy with rekindling flame;
As all thy glorious anceftors I trace,
And the long fplendor of thy antient race:
Bards, Prelates, Chiefs, in bright fucceffion rife,
And ermin'd fages fweep before my eyes.

Nor will the mufe neglect, in proud difdain;
The decent village, and the lowly fwain,

## [ 130 ]

The flacep, that thro' an hundred paftures feed, The half-rais'd ox, and brifk difporting feceBut ah! yc lovely, fading feenes, farewell;
Farewell ye fields, where health and pleafure dwell;
The thrufh invites me from the fecret bower,
The lone owl hails me from her antient tower;
The fhades of eve, advancing, veil the plains,
And half unfung the pleafing theme remains.

Fatigued, tho' ravilh'd with thefe glorious views,
Pleas'd I retire with filence and the mufe
Beneath this Doric roof-my aching fight
Dwells on thefe humbler greens with frefh delight;
Where hades o'er thades, in deep'ning pomp, afcend,
And thro the vale their lengthen'd gloom extend:
Here oaks of mighty growth the plain embrown,
There hoary clms or branching chefnuts frown:
Here towering limes the tempert's fury dare,
Or darker firs, luxuriant, floot in air.

Now let me penetrate yon lonely dale,
Where in foft whifpers fighs the hollow gale;
And many a murmuring rivulet breaking round,
Lulls my rapt fenfes with its foothing found.

With rapture thro' the darkfome gien I fray, Where twining coppice half exclude the day; High o'er my head the cuckow fwells her throat, And clamorous rooks prolong the folemn note.
But lo, where brighter fcenes my fteps invite,
By change more grateful to the roving fight;
With joy the mufe expands her rifing wing, O'er vallics, flulh'd with all the pride of fpring;
O'er plains, gay-finiling with eternal green, Plains, which had Mecca's boafted prophet feen, Here had he bade his blooming Houri rife, And Hagley been his fairer Paradife.

The fun hath now withdrawn his fiercer fires, And yonder fee his laft, faint beam expires:
'Tis fancy's hour-and now the fairy train, Whofe pinions wont to fweep the dewy plain, Rufh from their haunts, beneath the fhadowy dell, The mofs-green grotto, and the pebbled cell.
Hark! what foft ftrains of mufic float around;
From bow'r to bow'r the length'ning notes refound:
Will Thomfon now defcend and feize the lyre,
And join in concert with the woodland quire-

## [ 132 ]

Come, gentle bard, together let us rove,
Wrapt in high converfe, thro' the darken grove;
Together let us tread thy fav'rite lawn,
And mark the tranforts of the bounding fawn:
For fill, enamourd of thy warbling thell,
With thee, fond liwain, the Graces lov'd to dwell.
Nature confef'd her darling's magic hand,
And flowers, obedient, fprang at thy command.
The Seafons danc'd around their bard, and hed
Their choiceft, fweeteft products on thy head.
But nobler Atrains of bright, feraphic love,
Warm thy bold fancy in the realms above,
Delighted with fome kindred foul to fray,
And tempt the dazzling realms of purer day.
Yet here, of old, beneath this folemn glade,
This bower, now facred to thy awful thade;
Thou with the friendly Pope would'ft of prolong
The focial frain, or raife the moral fong. Immortal pair! whofe lays the mufe approves,

Whom freedom honours, and their country loves.
And well might he, in whofe harmonious mind
Each fofter pow'r, and ev'ry grace combin'd,
This beauteous feene with partial eyes furvey,
Where art and nature all their charms difplay;

## [ 133 ]

Woods, mountains, vales, with rival fplendor vie,
Awe the rapt foul, and tire the gazing eye.

The deeper fhades defcend; my anxious mufe
With quicken'd ftep the winding tract purfues:
Gloomy her path; yet oft departing day,
Thro' the long vifta darts its welcome ray:
And many an op'ning half-difplays to fight,
The dubious landfcape, fading into night.
Beyond where thofe brown defart waftes extend, Envil's green hiils and lofty woods afcend:

There Stamford, rural fwain, delights to roam,
While round the tumbling torrents dafh their foam;
Or in fome flhed of fancy's work reclines, Sooth'd with the murmurs of his waving pines.
Great peer, ennobled by the generous mind,
Who, like the mighty fathers of mankind, Scorns not the culture of his native plains, Nor fpurns the labours of induftrious fwains.

Mark where the moon, in filver pomp array'd, Skirts with her orient beam the dufky glade;
And as her filent chariot moves alung,
The burning orbs of heav'n around her throng;

## [ 134 ]

Full on this pilc her rays refiected fhine, That bears the nobleft of the Brunfwick line. Frederic, all hail! my country's early boanO haplefs prince! admir'd, belov'd, and loft. Thy anxious heart beat high for Britain's fame, And Britain lov'd thee with a parent's flame. Her daughters fung thy worth in cv'ry vale, Her fathers pour'd the fage prophetic tale, But heav'n forbade-and fates untimely gave Our promis'd monarch to the barren grave!
Yet in thy fon thefe glorious lines we trace,
And all the father's virtue warms his race:
Tho' factions rouze the Britifh world to arms,
And fierce Bellona found her mad alarms,
Aw'd by the virtues of the beft of kings,
The fury flall contract her harpy wings:
Bright from the cloud their Genius break away, And concord fpread as boundlefs as her fway.


N
O
D
Y,

SACRED TO THE MEMORY OF

## E L I Z A B E T H,

DUCHESS OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

YET ONCE MORE, O! YE LAURELSMiltox
-

## [ 137 ]

A $\mathrm{M} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{N} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{D} \mathrm{Y}$,

Sacred to the Memory of Elizabeth, Duchefs of Northumberland.
$W_{\text {HA T meant that plaintive, choral fwell, }}$
That from a thoufand voices feem'd to rife,
And fpread in leffening murmurs thro' the fkies?
Big with what awful tale does yonder bell
Exalt its burial note, and pour
Its deep'ning mufic round the attentive fhore?
Smote by the hand that levels all,
Another PERCY dies.
But let no vulgar, impious tongue, prefume
The baleful tidings to relate,
This blackeft, bittereft Aroke of fate,
And break the eternal filence of the tomb.
The dire event a nation's cries fhould tell,
'Twas Britain's voice that wail'd her as fhe fell.
'Twas Britain's voice-and all her weeping train
Of orphans, widows mingled in the Atrain.
What monument can raptur'd fancy raife
To the fair memory of the wife and good,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}138\end{array}\right]$

(Tho' all the mufes wak'd their loftien lays,
Tho' all the treafures of Potofis minc
Grac'd their proud bier, and fparkled round their hrine)
Greater than virtue's tears, and Britain's praife?
You fpeechlefs, pale-eyed, forrowing band,
Whofe tears and burfing fighs declare
What heart-felt pangs your bofoms tear ;
Who flar'd her fortune, and her power,
When famine crulh'd you with his iron hand,
When death's dire harpies, burning to devour,
Difeafe and anguifh, ftalk'd around your bed,
And fhook their fcorpions o'er your frighted head;
Oh! Break your awful filence, and prolong
In melting rhapfodies to Percy's name,
Your loftieft meafures,-fwell the choral fong,
Soar with her zeal, and glow with all her flame.
With flattery's arts your lays ye need not ftain,
Nor let one venal lye debafe the frain;
Whate'er of daring or fublime,
The fabling fons of Phœbus dream,
To fwell the lofty rage of rhyme,
Shrinks from the grandeur of our brighter theme.
The greeneft bays that e'cr the mufes fipread,
To shave the athes of the mighty dead,

## [ 139 ]

Fade at the light of Virtue's living ray ;
Where the rapt foul to nobler views afpires,
And as on eagle wing the breaks away,
Erom her frail tenement of mould'ring clay,
Pants with diviner rage, and burns with brighter fires.

What tho' thro' thy illuftrious veins,
From many a godlike anceftor roll'd down,
And many a chief, of high renown,
That fought on Agincourt's and Crefly's plains,
The rich, patrician fream unfullied flowed;
Though thy proud race with lengthen'd fplendours fline,
And monarchs mingle in the mighty line,
Thefe were but humbleft trophies to thy name;
Had not thy fpirit caught the kindred flame,
Had not thy breaft with rival virtue glow'd.

Beneath thy fmiles reviving fcience rear'd
With fairer luftre her immortal head,
The fons of genius haild thy bounteous hand,
That oft the night of black misfortune chear'd;
And every nobler art its influence fpread,
In wider circles, round a favour'd land.

$$
\mathrm{T}_{2}
$$

## [ 140 ]

Rife, "hou dear child of Fancy and the Nine,
Whom Nature, at thy awful birth endow'd
With rage to foar beyond the rhyming crowd;
And kindled in thy breat the fpark divine,
That thath'd refintleis thro' thy rapid line;
()! tem for ever from our longing eyes,

Whom all Parnafius widow'd fprings,
And all Caftalia's weeping grottoes mourn,
From the cold cyprefs bowers of death arife,
And feize once more thy Rumbering lyre,
And deeply fmite its magic ftrings!
Let gratitude a nobler fong infipire,
Than burft, with facred energy of found,
When Cambria's cliffs, and Conway's liftening tide,
Heard their hoar prophet raife his thundering frain,
To blaft the tyrant Edward's banner'd pride;
Whofe ftreaming hands, with wanton vengeance red,
Reck'd with the blood of bards unjuftly flain.
His powerful verie hath broke the fpell of death:
Mark where, flow-tifing from their rocky bed,
In ftoles of white the bearded fpeetres rife,
And foud like lightning o'er the defart heath,
And point their hoftile torches at his head.

* This alludus to a particular inftance of kindinefs hewn by her Grace to the late Mr. Gray.


## [14, ]

Such deathlefs ffrains to Percy's memory raife, And let thy wild harp labour in her praife.

O could they burft death's adamantine chain, And give her to the weeping world again!
Thy pencil's animated touch alone
Can draw the living portrait of her mind ;
Where ev'ry gentle female grace combin'd, Where ev'ry gen'rous manly virtue fhone ; As thou who fhar'd her bounty belt can tell,

That rais'd her name as much above her kind, As thy bold lays each meaner mure excel.

Ye who by birth or fortune's varying imile Difinguifh'd fhine, the guardians of our ille;

Whether ye fwell the Senate's awful band,
Where Lyttelton, in thoughts fublime and ftrong,
Rolls the full ftream of eloquence along-
Or high on glory's glittering fummits' fand Where all the virtues dart their blended rays,
Diffufing round the throne their central blaze,
And guide the fcepter of fupreme command;
O dare to emulate your fov'reign's zeal,
In truth's, in wifdom's caufe with Percy glow:
Thefe are the bafis of a nation's weal,
From thefe renown and lafting tranfport flow-

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}142\end{array}\right]$

Hafte to the couch where drooping merit pines, Where pale difeafe the languid head reclines;

Bid laurels round the brow of genius bloom, And fnatch expiring virtue from the tomb.

Fain would the mufe each generous deed rehearfe,
And bid them flourih in immortal verfe:
To lateft times difplay thy virtuous fame,
Till wondering ages kindle at thy name :
With all thy firit warm the glowing line,
Mark how the patriot, how the Chriftian hine;
Trace thec thro' each fond fcene of private life,
In all the tender names of friend and wife;
Paint thee in ev'ry milder charm confefs'd,
And all the parent burning in thy breaft:
But what cxhauftefs toil can number o'er
The fands that fwell the deep's extended thore,
Or in the defart waftes of Lybia rife,
When dukty whirlwinds fweep along the fkies;
And what bold tongue hall e'er refound
The boundlefs tale of thy exalted worth,
That brightening every object round,
Shot forth its beams confpicuous as thy birth :

## [ 143 ]

Nor did thofe beams with partial fplendor fall, But like the fource of light, they fhone on all.

Daughters of Jove, your mournful lays forbear;
Some fong of magic virtue dare,
To chale the fullen blacknefs of defpair,
And footh the grief-ftruck partuer of her bed:
Whofe inexprefive forrows flow,
In all the fpeechlefs agony of woe,
O'er the cold ames of the unconfcious dead,
From the rich treafures of your tuneful art, Some foft medicinal balm prepare,

Sweeter than all the breathing gums that fhed
Their wanton fragrance thro' Arabian air,
To heal the anguifh of his bleeding heart.
To kindred worth fweep all your warbling lyres,
O wake fome tender, thrilling, dying ftrain;
Till rapture trembles from the quivering wires,
And fofter anguif throbs thro' every vein :
Then, as each ruder paffion finks to reft,
With feenes of martial ardor warm his breaft,
And point his wondering eye to yonder plain;
Where in infulted Britain's glorious caufe,
His dauntlefs fon * the fword of juftice draws:

* Earl Percy; then ferving in America,


## [ 144 ]

And as his great forefathers tower'd in arms,
Pants in the midft of battle's fierce alarms,
With eager hope to gain the glittering prize,
Which glory holds to valour's ravifh'd view:
Their lighning-terrors kindle in his eyes,
And in his breaft their ardors blaze anew.
'Tis done;-and l ! the mitred prelate ftands,
The facred volume trembling in his hands,
The latt fad obfequies prepar'd to pay,
As the decp chorus chaunt the according lay,
And render to the ravenous grave,
That yawns to clafp her in its cold embrace,
What erft to crowded courts their luftre gave,
The boaft at once and pattern of her race.
Grandeur approach, this awful fpot furvey,
And learn a leffon from the Chrouded dead;
The rolling years urge on thy fwift decay,
And thou thalt fumber on the fame cold bed.-
Ha! doft thou Mudder at the awful tale?
Does thy lip quiver, and thy cheek turn pale?
Or fay, do glory's charms thy thoughts beguile?
Does beauty lull thee with her fofter finile?

Yet know, -and let thefe founds like thunder roll Thro' all the deep receffes of thy foul;
The farkling eyes in death shall quench their fire, And all thy fplendors in the duft expire.

Mark where, attended by the myriad throng,
That anxious prefs around the mournful bier,
Unable to reftrain the farting tear,
Death's awful train in filence move along:
Pale-glimmering torches thro' the duky air,
On every face their funeral fplendors glare,
And kindle in the fkies a milder day,
As to yon dome * they bend their dreary way,
That rears its Gothic towers, fo fteep and hoar;
Where Britain's nobles Arew the facred floor,
And monarchs moulder with their kindred clay.
But hark! the loud infpiring organ blows,
And pours its labour'd harmony around!
From their eternal thrones of light,
Studded with burning fapphires bright,
Defcending feraphs propagate the found,

## [ ${ }^{146}$ ]

And fwell with tranfports of celeftial love:
Her purer fpirit mingling in their train, Diffolves in ecftacies unknown before;

Then feeks with them a happier, brighter fhore:
On lightning pinions cleaves yon fangled plain, And glows for ever in the quires above.

## A FREE

$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}T & R & A & N & S & L & A & T & I & O & N\end{array}$
OF THE

OEDIPUS TYRANNUS

0 F
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}S & O & P & H & O & C & L & E & S .\end{array}$

## [ 149 ]

## P $\quad$ R $\quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{F} \quad \mathrm{A} \quad \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{E}$.

THE Tragedy of which I have attempted to convey the beauties into the Englifh language in a free tranflation, ftands amidft the foremof of the claffical productions of antiquity. Of tragical writing it has ever been efteemed the model and the mafter-piece. The grandeur of the fubject is not lefs eminent than the dignity of the perfonages who are employed in it ; and the defign of the whole can only be rivalled by that art with which the particular parts are conducted. The fubject is a nation labouring under calamities of the moft dreadful and portentous kind; and the leading character is a wife and mighty prince, expiating by his punihment the involuntary crimes of which thofe calamities were the effect. The defign is of the moft interefting and important nature, to inculcate a due moderation in our paffions, and an implicit obedience to that providence of which the decrees are equally unknown and irrediftable.

So fublime a compofition could not fail to fecure the applaufe, and fix the admiration of ages. The philofopher is exercifed in the contemplation of its deep and awful morality; the critic is captivated by its dramatic beauties, and the man of feeling is interefed by thofe Atrokes of genuine paffion which prevail in almoft every page-which every character excites, and every new event tends to. diverfify in kind or in degree.

## [ 150 ]

The three grand unities of time, place, and action, are obferved with ferupulcus exactnefs. However complicate its various parts may on the firft siew appear, on a nearer and more accurate examination we find every thing ufeful, evcry thing neceflary; fome fecret fpring of action laid open, fome momentous truth inculcated, or fome importantend promoted: not one fecne is fuperfluous, nor is there one Epifode that could be retrenched. The fucceflive circumftances of the play arife gradually and naturally one out of the other, and are connected with fuch inimitable judgment, that if the fmalleft part were takenaway the whole would fall to the ground. The principal objection to this tragedy is, that the punifhment of Oedipus is much more than adequate to his crimes: that his crimes are only the effect of his ignorance, and that confequently the guilt of them is to be imputed not to Oedipus, but Apollo, who ordained and predicted them, and that be is only Pheri reus, as Seneca exprefles himflf. In vindiation of Sophocles, it munt be confidered that the conduct of Oedipus is by no means fo irreproachable as fome have contended: for though his public character is delineated as that of a good king, anxious for the welfare of his fobjects, and ardent in his cndeavours to appeate the gods by incenfe and fupplication, yet we find him in private life choleric, haughty, inquifitive; impatient of controu!, and impetuous in refentment. His character, even as a King, is not free from the imputation of imprudence, and our opinion of his piety is greatly invalidated by his contemptuous treatment of the wife, the benevolent, the facred Tirefias. The rules of tragic art fcarcely permit that a perfectly virtuous man hould be loaded with misfortunes. Had Suphocles prefented to our view a charager lefs debafed by vice, or more exalted by virtue, the end of his pe:formance would have been fruftrated; inflead of ago-

## $\left[\begin{array}{lll} & 151\end{array}\right]$

nizing compaffion, he would have raifed in us indignation unmixed, and horror unabated. The intention of the poet would have been yet more fruftrated on the return of our reafon, and our indignation would have been transferred from Oedipus to the gods them-felves-from Oedipus, who committed parricide, to the gods who firft ordained, and then punifhed it. By making him criminal in a fmall degree, and miferable in a very great one, by invefting him with fome excellent qualities, and fome imperfections, he at once inclines us to pity and to condemn. His obftinacy darkens the luftre of his other virtues; it aggravates his impiety, and almont juftifies his fufferings. This is the doctrine of Arifotle and of nature, and fhews Sophocles to have had an intimate knowledge of the human heart, and the fprings by which it is actuated. That his crimes and punifhment fill feem difproportionate, is not to be imputed as a fault to Sophocles, who proceeded only on the antient and popular notion of Deftiny; which we know to have been the bafis of Pagan theology.

It is not the intention of the Tranflator to proceed farther in a critical difcuffion of the beauties and defects of a Tragedy which hath already employed the pens of the moft diftinguifhed commentators; which hath wearied conjecture, and cxhaufted all the arts of unneceffary and unprofitable defence. The Tranflator is no ftranger to the merits of Dr. Franklin; whofe character he reveres, and by whofe cxcellent performance he has been animated and inftructed. He thinks it necelfary to difclaimevery idea of rivalhip with an author of fuch eftablihed and exalted reputation. The prefent tranilation, though it be executed with far lefs ability than that of Doctor Franklin, may deferve fome notice, becauie

## [ 152 ]

profefiedly written on very different principles. The Doctor was induced by his plan, and cnabled by his crudition, to encounter all the difficulties of literal tranfation. This work will be found by the reader, what it is called by the writer, a free tranflation. The Author was not fettered by his text, but guided by it; he has however not forgotten the boundaries by which liberal tranflation is diftinguifhed from that which is wild and licentious. He has always endeavoured to reprefent the fenfe of his original, he hopes fometimes to have caught its fpirit, and he throws himfelf without reluctance, but not without diffidence, on the candour of thofe readers who underftand and feel the difference that fublifts between the Greek and Englifi languages, between antient and modern manners, between nature and refinement, betwe n a Sophocles who appeals to pofterity, and a writer who catches at the capricious tafte of the day.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}153\end{array}\right]$

## THE ARGUMENT.

Oedipus, the fuppofed fon of Polybus, king of Corinth, lecaves the palace of bis father upon a reflection tbrown on bis birtb by a courtier, to confult the oracle at Delphi concersing bis parents. In bis journey be meets Laius, king of Thebes, kis ral tather, but unknown to bim, in a narrow avenue, and being oppofed by bim, kills biom and bis attendants. He afterwards folves the riddle of the Spbynx, a monger that laid the country of Thebes wafe with ber ravages, and, as his reward, is promoted to the throne, vacant by the diath of Laius, and to the bed of Jocaita, bis own mother. A dreadful peffilence rages among the Thebans, and, Creon bieng fent to confult the orack, brings back this anfour. "Tbat, when they fall bawe banifled the murderer of Laius, then refident among thicin, the plague fiould ceafe." Oedipus, anxious to difoover the offender, and to revenge bis deatb, denounces the moft folemn curfer both againft the culprit and thofe who conceal bine. After variety of inveftigation, Oedipus bingelf is difcovered to be the murderer. In bis rage be tears out bis cyes, and Joeafta, unable to bear the reflection of ker impurity, deftroys berfelf.

## [ 154 ]

## DRAMATIS PERSONIE.

Oedipus,
Jocafta,
Creon,
Tirefias,
Wife of Oedipus.
Corinthian Shepherd.
Shepherd formerly belonging to Laius.
Meffenger.
High Prieft of Jupiter.

CHORUS. Confifting of the Priefts and antient Men of Thebes, Theban Youths and Children of Oedipus.

SCENE, The Area before the Palace of Oedipus; where the Priefts are affembled before the Altars,

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
155
\end{array}\right]
$$

# OEDIPUSTYRANNUS. 

## A Crr

Oedipus, the Priest, Creon, Chorus.

## OEdipus.

OFFSPRING of antient Cadmus, wherefore thus
With fuppliant branches prefs you round our palace?
The temples fmoak with incenfe, all our ftreets
Refound with mournful paans, and with burfs
Of frantic woe-Behold your prince himfelf,
Ev'n Oedipus, by ev'ry tongue renown'd,
Anxious, impatient, haftes to learn the caufe
Of thefe commotions: Say, thou rev'rend feer,
Whofe years and wifdom claim my firt regard, Say, what difafters, what unfeen diftrefs
Involve my people: have the wrathful gods
Pour'd down their vengeance for fome hidden crinse,
Or hath fome plunderer laid your city wafte?
Say, for this arm flall yield you from his rage,

## [ 156 ]

Or added incenfe foothe offended Jove. Stecl'd were this heart, and ill fhould I deferse

To war the crown a grateful nation gave,
Did I not fympathize in all their griefs,
And rik my life and fafety for their welfare.
Priest. Prince of this wretched land, thine eyes behold
What proftrate throngs around thy altars poured,
Implore thy fuccour from the jaws of death.
Her unfledg'd *infant train their feeble hands
Here fuppliant ftretch; there bend her chofen youth
Renown'd in war-the venerable race
To thefe fucceed, who guard our facred rites,
Hoary with age and grief: the prien of Jove
Bows proftrate at thy feet: O king, attend
Thy fubje 台s crics, who rufh in gathering throngs
To where the temples of Minerva $\dagger$ rife,
And where Imenus her prophetic ftream
Rolls by Apollo's mrine: their facred boughs
Waving in air and weary heav'n with plaints.

[^8]
## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}157\end{array}\right]$

* Our ancient city, like a fhatter'd wreck,

When all the fury of the tempeit rages,
Sinks in the flood that fwells to overwhelm her.
A favage peftilence with horrid ftrides
Stalks th o' our ftreets, and rufhing from the flkies
Avenging Phoebus fatters o'er the land
His burning arrows, while the gloomy grave,
Enrich'd with groans and death, exults to view
Such myriads croud his defolate domain.
Parch'd by the blatt the ripening harveft dies,
Our fields are ftrewn with putrid carcafes
That lic unburied, and fill wider fpread
'I he foul contagion : difmal fcreams are heard Of women labouring with untimely birth, Who curfe the monfrous product of their womb. O fecond only to the immortal gods
In wifdom and in might, exterd thy arm To fave our finking race; arife, O prince, Shine forth, as when thy glorious prefence buitt
The fphynx's dark ænigma, and releas'd

* This comparifon of a ftate, ftruggling under calamity, to a hip in diftrefs, is to be met with in many both of the Greek and Roman claffics; it occurs again in the fpeech of Jocafta at the opening of the third act, or what the critics call fo, for this divifion into acts was unknown to the Grecian ftage.


## [ $15^{8}$ ]

From death and fervitede our drooping foul, To life, to health and fafety-prince, to thee We raife our anxious eyes; once more be call'd

The faviour of our race: in this dark hour, If thy prophetic lk ill may ought avail :

For of the counfels of the wife avert
The threaten'dill. Let not oblivion hade
Thy former godlike deeds. This city ftands
The great recording herald of thy fame:
Act like thyfelf; and know, illuffious fire,
A kingdom's frength confifts not in extent Of vaft domains, and bulwarks rais'd to heav'n; The people are its ftrength, and when thefe fail, Its fleets are ufclef, and its bulwarks vain.

Oed. Alas! my fons, ye urge not your complaints
Unknown or unregarded; well I know
The various labours that opprefs the fate:
Nor hath your fov'reign borne amidt you all
The fighteft hare of woe. Still have I felt
For every pang the meaneft fubject knows.
This breaft, where all your cares a center find,
Feels no repofe, but bears an empire's toils.
Whether by night upon my couch I lie,

## [ 159 ]

Or thron'd in regal pomp. All-feeing Jove, Witnefs the tears I fhed, the fighs I pour.
How rove my thoughts in mazy wand'rings loft,
Some med'cine to explore for bleeding Thebes.
What prudence bade I fail'd not to perform
With early fpeed: to Delphi's Chrine I fent
Creon, my noble relative and friend,
To fcek of Jove, what dark unpurg'd offence
Hath ftain'd the land; what offering may atone,
And mitigate the wrath of angry Heav'n.
My foul is big with terror while I wait
The God's decree: the time of his return
Is near elaps'd, and may the curfe be mine
If I not execute in all its force
The dread beheft.
Priest. Aufpicious are thy words;
'Thefe youths pronounce, that Creon is arriv'd.
Oed. O great Apollo! Grant his chearfu! looks
Be the fair omen of thy finile reftor'd.
Priest. Thus may we well divine, for bright indeed
Itis afpect; and around his temples wave
The joyful laurels + :
Oed. What his tidings, foon

+ When the perfon, who was fent to confult the oracle, retumed ciowned whithure, is was a fign of his having received a favourable anfwer.


## [ 160 ]

Ile will himfelf unfold; illuftrious prince, What anfwer bear'ft thou from the Ihrines of Delphi?

Cre. Moft happy, if the voice of wifdom guide
The fons of Thebes: the form that now impends,
Threat ning her overthrow, will foon fubfide.
Oed. Myfterious are thy words; my anxious mind Fluctuates 'midit doubt and terror.

Cre. If my liege
Command me to declare the will of Jove,
Before this great afiembly, I obey:
Or in the private chambers of the palace, Submifive wait his will.

Oed. Declare aloud
The fov'rain will: for know, my peoples grief
Opprefs me more than all my private woes.
Cre. Reveal'd Mall be the whole-The God comr
To drive from out our land the balcful fource Of thefe our fufferings; nor to nourih more A wretch, accurft by all the pow'rs of Heav'n.

Oed. What wretch?--declare, how fhall we foothe his rac
Cre. Let banifmment, or inftant death arreft
His guilty fteps; 'tis blood, 'tis blood, my friends,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}161\end{array}\right]$

A murder'd king's unexpiated blood, Hath laid our country wafte.

Oed. Whofe blood? Explain
This hideous myftery!
Cre. Know, illuftrious prince,
Ere thou waft feated on the throne of Thebes,
Laius our monarch held the reins of empire.
Oed. Report hath told mefo; I knew him not.
Cre. This prince unjuftly flain, the pow'rs above
Command us to avenge, and drag to light
The bafe affaffins.
Oed. Ha! where lark the traitors?
How hall we trace this foul and murd'rous deed To its dark fource? - but fay, where fell the prince?

Cre. In this fame land he fell; let guards be fent
T' explore the country, left he 'fcape by flight:
Our early vigilance may fave an empire.
Oed. Declare the time, and manner of his death;
Each circumftance recall to mind ; in Thebes
Met he this fate, or in a foreign land ?
Cre. He went (as was reported) to confult
Some diftant oracle, but ne'er return'd
To fill his vacant throne.
Oed. But did no have,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}162\end{array}\right]$

No meflenger of all his train return,
To fpread there tidings of your fov'reign's death ?
Cre. Onc only 'fcap'd by flight, the reft all fell,
Amidft the general naughter: him his fright
Permitted but in memory to retain
One trivial circumftance.
Oed. Say, what was that?
One glimmering fark may light us on our way
'Thro' all this maze of guilt.
Cre. That robbers flew him:
Ife fell not by a fingle ruffians hand,
But by the power of multitudes combin'd.
OED. How couid a band of robbers dare a deed,
So perilous?
Cre. Such were our furmizes then:
But thus unaided, unaveng'd, expir'd
The bert of princes.
Oed. Wherefore pried you not
Into this dark event with keener fearch ?
Cre. 'Twas then the monfer Sphinx to Thebes propofed.
ller dire xnigna, and remoter cares
Were buried in the feafe of prefent ills.
OEd. Mine be tho cire; our grateful vows we pay,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}163\end{array}\right]$

Firft to * all-feeing Phobus; next to thee, O prince, the warmeft thanks of 'Thebes are duc.
Hence with your fears, your Oedipus once more
Will ftand the bulwark of your falling ftate.
This arm fhall drag the traitor from his covert ;
Not only for the fake of you, my friends,
And this your murder'd fov'reign, but my own.
Soon may the daring regicides attempt
To murder me, my children, or my queen. Arife my fons, and henceforth throw afide

Your fuppliant boughs. Before thefe glowing altars
Let heralds fummon all the race of Cadmus.
Phœbus our guide, together will we raife
Our heads triumphant, or together fink
In undiftinguifh'd ruin.

> Priest. Yes, my fons,

Arife, fince thus our monarch hath refolv'd:
May that immortal power, whofe awful voice
Utter'd the prophecy defcend from Heav'n, Avenge our caufe, and fave expiring The bs.

[^9]
## C $\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{U}$. STROPHE I.

Immortal, high, harmonious fran!
That armed with awful terrors from above,
Did f break from Delphi's golden fane,
Bearing to Thebes the dread command of Jove:
Thy founds with terror fill my anxious breaft.
To thee our farrowing pans rife,
Patron and parent of the healing art.
Delian, O quickly cleave the flies.
Armed with thy quiver, thy unerring dart,
And purge our city from this raging pert.
ANTISTROPHE I.

Daughter of hope, fair child of light,
What great events in time's dark womb conceal'd,
Are now emerging to our fight;
Or wait the rolling hours to be reveal'd ?
Thee, Pallas, thee, the guardian of our land,
We fort invoke, and thee, whole illumine,
Fills our extended forum's ample face,
With there thine aid far-darting Phobos join :
Hate, hate, auspicious, to our finking race;
Pierce the dark fiend, and flay his wafteful hand.

$$
\left[\begin{array}{lll} 
& 1 & 6_{5}
\end{array}\right]
$$

## STROPHEII.

The pride of Thebes is levell'd with the ground,
The fruits of earth lie blafted on the plain:
Her palaces with fhrieks of death refound,
And her ftreets groan beneath the heaps of fain.
So wide hath fpread the monfter's fiery rage,
Beauty's fluhh'd cheek with fatal crimfon burns;
From her wild eye pernicious lightning glares:
E'vn virtue's hallow'd plaint the tyrant fpurns;
The fcreaming infant from the bofom tears,
And ftrikes to earth the hoary fcalp of age.
A N TISTROPHEII.

The mother with convulive tortures torn,
Faints 'midf her pains, and languifhes in death.
Her haplefs infant curft as foon as born,
Imbibes pollution with his earlieft breath.
But hark! in louder burts the pæans break;
The hores will wilder acclamations ring,]
Mad with the flames that revel thro' their blood.
Increafing throngs around our altars cling,
And fwift as rapid fire, or torrent flood,
By myriads rufh to Lethe's gloomy lake.

$$
\begin{gathered}
{[166]} \\
\text { STROPHE III. }
\end{gathered}
$$

Bright offspriag of the thundercr hear ; Ifear Pallas, from thy central throne of light, Seize thy dread hield, thy mighty fpear, And hither, O! direst thy rapid fight. Enthron'd on high, with ruin by his fide,

This ravager, who fpurns the mail of war,
Hath thain thy people, and thy groves defil'd.
O ! dalh him from his fiery car,
Drive him far hence to Scythia's rocky wild, Or deep ingulph him in the Thracian tide. A NTISTROPHE III.

But chief, dread ruler of the flies, Dare thou thine arm, with keencr lightnings red, Ommpotent! in vengeance rife, And let thofe lightnings blat his impious head. Monarch of Lydia, fretch thy mighty hand,

Bid thy unconquer'd fhafts the monfter rend;
O thou, whofe darts Lyceum's fummits fire,
O Bacchus, crown'd with chaplets, hither bend-
Bacchus, who lov'ft to join the madd'ning quire, Rufh on th' accurfed ${ }^{*}$ god, and drive him from the land.

- Atitiusb ir gisajs gićr.

A god accurl among the gods.

## A G T II.

Oedipus, Chorus, Tiresias.
OEDIPUS.

## $W_{\text {Hate'er my fubjects juftly can demand, }}$

To grant is my ambition: therefore hear
My words obedient; fo fhall we obtain
Relief from heav'n, and expiate our offence.
I knew not 'till this day the dire event,
Not ev'n report had told me; but there feem
Some fure, tho' fecret traces, that may lead
To full detection of this monftrous crime.
Hear then this laft refolve, which I, your king,
(Who glory in the name of citizen)
To all the citizens of ample Thebes
Aloud proclaim. If any fubject know
By whom the fon of Labdacus was flain,
'Tis my command that inftant he reveal
The fatal fecret: let not dread of dicath
Reftrain him, for the murd'rer hanll not die:
His exile fhall alone fuffice to pay

Filhe debt of vengeance; if by foreign hand Ilis blood was fpilt, whoever brings to light The traiterous parricide the fons of Thebes With lavilh honours thall reward his zeal. But if, from friendhip, or whatever caufe, He fercen the murderer, let him ponder well His dreadful doom. We further then command 'That none thro' all our wide domain receive A monter fo defil'd: that none hold converie, In word or action, with him : drive him out From all your temples: let him not approach Your folemn facrifices, nor partake

The facred fprinklings: but purfue, purfue, With loudeft execrations thro' the land The univerfal peft: this awful curfe The god of Delphi thunders on his head. If fome bold ruffian fingly dar'd the decd, Or leagued with numbers, be they ftill accurft;

May poverty exhauft their weary lives;
The fports of pain, and victims of difeafe !
If in this palace I conceal the traitor,
Show'r down, ye heav'ns, thefe curfes on the head Of Ocdipus, and all his perjur'd race.

## $[163]$

Not heav'n alone, the virtues of your king
Command this tribute; I am bound to pay
The debt of ample juftice to his manes.
I, who enjoy his fcepter and his bed,
And, had not unrelenting fate oppos'd
His fond deffres, had har'd his * children too-
Urg'd by a fon's regard, I will avenge
This beft of princes: fmile ye mighty names
That laid the bafis of this tow'ring empire,
Cadmus, Agenor, for I will avenge
The blood of your defcendant. Are there yet,
Among the fons of Thebes, who wifh to fereen
So bale a parricide: thou parent earth,
Ope not the treafures of thy fruitful womb
To this ungrateful race: curft be their beds,
And barren; curf the produce of theirtoil,
'Till the fame fate fhall cruh their impious heads.
Juftice divine, and ye immortal powers Who guard the innocent, affift our caufe, The cauie of virtue and of injur'd kings.

Chor. Prince, may each curfe thy lips have now pronounced, Alight on me, if, confcious to the fact, I foreen the murderer, or abet his caufe.

* The introduction of this circumftance has a ftriking effect: Laius had a child, and that child was Ocdipus; though his being expofed was kept as fecret as his birth.


## [170]

But the bright power, who uttered the decree,
Can beat explain its meaning.
Oed. Jun, O rage:

But if the god incline not to reveal it,
Who hall extort the fecret from a power
Armed with omnipotence?
Chore. Will then my liege
Attend an old man's counfel?
Oed. Speak, if aught
Thy mind conceives, of import to the fate.
Coo. In wifdom equalled by the gods alone,
The hoary feer, Tirefias, may unfold
Its hidden purport.
Oed. Creon thus advifed;
And meffengers have twice been font to fummon
The reverend prophet ; at his flange delay
I wonder much.
Cha. 'This well; for other tales,
Various and vague are rumour'd of his death.
Oed. What are they, fay? For I Could know them all
To judge aright.
Chino. They fay the prince was lain
By travellers.
Oed. This hath likewife reached my ears;
But who hath yet appeared to prove the fact?

Tho. If he exit on earth, thy menaces
Will force the confcicus villain to confers.
Oed. Whoever dar'd the execrable deed Will not be tattled at the impending cure.
$\mathbf{C H O}_{\text {н }}$ But this way, lo! they lead the holy feer, Who can alone difclofe the fatal truth.

Oed. All-wife Tirefias! Thou, whore mighty mind Can pierce the dark, mysterious depths of fate, Whatever in the womb of night, unborn, Or what, amid ft the great decrees of heaven, Lies hid from mortal ken: tho' dim the rays Of outward fight, yet well thy mental eye Beholds the toils of Thebes, whole anxious fobs
Call thee to be their faviour: for when late
We fought at Delphi's firing the will of Jove,
Thus fake the eternal voice: "With infant death
" Or evcrlafting exile, fine the wretch
" That murder'd Laius: this command obey'd,
"The plague hall ceafe to deflate your land."
O! therefore, if thy fage, prophetic fail,
From birds or ominous figns can ought divine,
From fwift deftruction fatah thy fell and Thebes;
Avenge a murdered prince; and thy reward
Reap in a nation's prayer, and tho fe pure joys

## [172]

The virtuous feel, in aiding the diftreft.
Tir. How fatal knowledge proves, when thus to know Is to be doubly wretched! when, to fpeak, And to be filent, tire alike the fource
Of bitteref grief! O had I ne'er approach'd-
Oed. What dreadful fecret labours in thy breaft,
Darkening thy brow?
Tires. Difmifs me from thy prefence;
Thy future peace and mine depend upon it.
Oed. 'Twere bafe ingratitude to Thebes, who bore
And nourihid thee, to hide the will of Jove
At this dread criifs.
Tires. Rahh, rafl prince, forbear,
Left I too fuddenly that will difclofe.
Ord. O by the gods reveal it, if thuu know'h;
Suppliant we all befeech thee.
Tires. Uige no more
The knowledge of thofe woes that, ah! too foon
Will burft upon thee.
Of.d. How? Know'f thou our fate,
Fet fealit thy lip in filence; thus betraying
Thy prince and country?
Tires. Yes, my lips are feal'd:

## [ 173 ]

Beware thy bafe fufpicions tempt me not
To break that filence.
Oed. I can hold no longer.
Traitor, fince thou art deaf to our intreaties,
Thou halt reveal it, for I'll force it from thee.
Tires. Thou blame'f my conduct; heedlefs that thy own Ungovernable temper leaft becomes
This facred place.
Oed. Who can reftrain his rage,
That fees thee treat, with infolent contempt,
A nation's cries?
Tires. What, on the book of fate,
The hand of Jove hath grav'd, hall come to pafs, -
'Tho' I remain in everlarting filence.
Oed. But duty to thy country calls upon thee-
To fpeak her doom.
Tires. Still let thy tongue rail on;
Thy ficreeft rage thall never tear it from me.
Oed. I then will foeak-for if aright I judge,
I hyfelf wert confcious to this deed of horror:
Nay, had thine eyes retain'd their light, I think,
Wouldf with thine own bafe hand have done it too.
Tires. Hear me, proud frince-the curfe thou haft pronounc'd
On thine own head recoils: murd'rer, avaunt-
For from this day, this day of thy difgrace,

The meaner have hall furn thee as profane,
Accurft by heaven, and faced to its rage.
Oed. Mifcreant, and hop'f thou for this daring infult
To go unfcourg'd?
Tires. Tyrant, I fern thy threats;
Truth is my fortress, and, againtt thy power,
Girds me, as with a coat of adamant.
Oed. Lat tell me from what fource thy knowledge firings From thy prophetic art?

Tires. Nay, from thyself:
Thy haughty treatment forced me to reveal it.
Oed. Once more then with the found refreflimy foul.
Tires. Wilt thou provoke me farther; was my meaning Hid in ambiguous phrafe?

Ocd. Nay, but repeat
Thy wonderous tale.
Tires. I tell thee then again,
Thou art that wretch, that murderer whom thou feek't -
Oed. By heavens, thou halt not twice infult thy prince And go unpunifh'd.

Tires. Should I tell thee more,
How wouldst thou madden!

> Ord. Speak it all, for all

Is one rank forgery.
Tires. Knncw, unholy firs

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
175
\end{array}\right]
$$

Within that foul, unconfcious bofom burn:
Nor heed'ft thou that the partner of thy joys
Shall prove ere long the fource of all thy woes.
Oed. Still thall thy tongue fpit forth its dark abufe
Againft thy fovereign.
Tires. I regard thee not,
While truth remains my fhield.
Oed. Traitor, thou ly'f-
Truth never harbour'd in fo bafe a foul;
Blacken'd by every crime, and like thy form
Involv'd in total night.
Tires. Beware the taunt,
That foon, with triple force, fhall fall on thee.
Oed. Thy blindnefs is thy fafeguard, or long fince
This arm had punih'd thy abure with death.
Tires. Still I defy thee, for thy murderous fword
Shall never drink my blood-The gods protect me.
Oed. Was this bafe falfehood forg'd by thee or Creon?
Tires. By neither; as thy fate too foon fhall prove.
Oed. Painful pre-eminence of wealth and pawer,
And wifdom, laft, beft, nobleft gift of heav'n!
Since envy thus purfues to blaft the fteps
Of all that's fair or excellent on ear:h :
This crown, unfought by me, which grateful Thebes

## [ 176 ]

1luced on my brow, that bafert of mankind, Creon, Whom late 1 deem'd my firmeft friend, Would ravifh from me, and hath here fuborn'd This curf magician, this vile fon of fraud, This wily, wand'ring, fubtle hypocrite, 'This bafe impoftor, *'ind to ev'ry fenfe But that of gain, with crimes of blackef die To load my name, and fully all my glory! Tell me, thou vaunting prophet, where waft thou

When the fell Sphynx her dark myfterious fong
Propos'd to Thebes: fpeak, dotard, for to folve
Her dire anigma, afk'd methinks at leant
A prophet's pow'r——Then Oedipus arole,
And, withour ad of dreams, or auguries,
Dut by the mative sigour of a foul
That pierees thine, and Creon's dark defigns,
Whofe bold ambition aims to feize my crown, Solv'd the dire riddle----but beware, impofor,

Thou and thy traitor friend, I fay, beware!
Or dearly ye fhall rue the wild attempt.
And did not years protect thee from my rage,
I hould, ere now, have tuught thee not to rouze
The wrath of kings.
Cho. If ro decide be mine,


## [ 177 ]

Ye both are heated with intemperate warmth, Heav'n can alone decide; let then our prayers,

United feek the fuccour of the gods.
Tires. What, tho' a mighty empire wait thy nod,
A monarch is but man, and $I$, as man,
Am not inferior to the proudeft prince.
Nor thee nor Creon, 'tis the gods I ferve,
But fince my blindnefs wakes thy infult-hear
A tale fhall fhake thy inmoft foul with horror.
Know then, a tenfold darknefs veils thy mind,
And tho' thine eyes now drink the noon-tide ray,
The time is near when they fhall quench their orbs
In everlafting night! Blind wretch, thou knoweft not
The long, long train of black calamities,
Whofe fcorpion ftings fhall wake thee into madnefs-
Thou know'f not that inceftuous tranfports ftain
Thy guilty couch, and that a father's blood
Calls from the grave for vengeance : that thy plaints
Of frantic woe, fhall ring thro' ev'ry fhore,
And ev'ry mountain * a Cithæron prove.

[^10]
## Serene * indeed, and fteady was the gale

That bore thy fwelling fails to Thebes's throne;
And to Jocafta's bed: vainly thou hop'it
To anchor there in undifturb'd repofe.
The port thou rideft in with fuch pormp of fail,
Shall wreck thee: once more give thee back
To all the madnefs of the hurricane ;
Thy children too-thy children did I fay!
Thy breth'ren-they with curfes Chall repay
Thy love, when they flall find themfelves allied
By guilty ties ; from the fame impious Rem,
Equally fprung-now let thy wanton tongue?
Exhauft its rage on Creon, and on me:
I'll bear it all, but fill I tell thee, prince,
The fun beholds not in its wide furvey,
A wretch fo guilty, fo accurft as thou art.
Oed. I will not further bear thy infolence,
Be gone-hafte from my prefence, or by heav'n -
Tires. I came not here unfummon'd.
Oed. Think't thou then,
I fent for thee, baie mifercant, to infult me?

* To tramnte this paffage with firit and delicacy was no very eafy tafk: The paffage litcrally tuas thus-" When thou fhalt have difcovered that marriage, into which thou haft faild with a fortunate gale, where thou didf expect joy and fafety, other, yes, other crils yet impend, that thail at once equal thee to thyfelf and thy children." The obfcurity is lefo horrid in the original, than the tranflation.


## [ 179 ]

Tires. Thou deem'it me fool and mad; far otherwife
-Thy parents thought.
Oed. What fay't thou? hah! my parents-
Whom may I call by that dear name?
Tires. No more:
This day that gives thee life, thall prove to thee
The day of death.
Oed. What thick obfcurity
Involves thy ev'ry fpeech ?
Tires. But thou perhaps,
Who folv'd the Sphinx's riddle, may'ft unfold
Their myftery.
Oed. Doft thou dare reproach me too
With what will ever be my greateft triumph ?
Tires. That triumph feals thy ruin,

> Oed. 'Tis well then;

I'll glory in my fall, fince by that fall
I've fav'd a nation.
Tires. Glory then; farewell.
Boy, lead me hence.
Oed. Aye, lead the dotard hence,
He but diftracts our counfels.
Tires. Prince, I go;
A 22
But,

$$
\left[\begin{array}{lll}
190
\end{array}\right]
$$

But, ere I take of thee my latt adicu, I will, in lefs myfterious terms, untold Why eame this doturd hither. Know once more

The man on whom thy lips have thunder'd forth
Such dreadful excerations, ftands among us.
Nor did a foreign country give him birth,
At Thebes he drew his breath; that mark thou well,
And mark - the day of vengeance is at hand.
Tho' now he riot in the fpoils of wealth,
And fhine in regal pomp, he Mall not long $\rightarrow$
Blindnefs, and tcil, and penury are his lot,
To wafte his days in barren folitudes :
And, bending on a ftaff implore relief
From paffing travellers, who hall fpurn him from them,
As one accurf, a blot in nature's page.
One, whom his own polluted race may call
Their father and their brother; fle who bore him,
Her child and hurband, and his murder'd fire,
A fon incertous, and a parricide- .
Now go within thy palace, well revolve
Each word: and if one word, one circumftance
Fail, and convit me of imputed fallehood;
My art prophetic fcorn, my threats defy.

$$
\begin{gathered}
{[181]} \\
\text { CHORUS. } \\
\text { STROPHE I. }
\end{gathered}
$$

Where lurks the murd'rous child of guilt, By whofe dark hand a monarch's blood was filt ?

On whofe devoted impious head
The Delphic rock its hallow'd curfe hath fhed.
Now let him mock in flight the rapid fteed,
Mount * the fwift ftorm, or feize the light'ning's fpeed;
For, arm'd with all the wrath of Jove,
Whofe bolts of fire the redd'ning æther rend,
Apollo rufhes from above,
And rav'ning deftinies his fleps attend.
ANTISTROPHEI.

Where freep Parnaffus, wrapt in fnow,
Rears'midft incumbent heav'n his hoary brow:
Thence came the mandate of the god
To drag the monfter from his drear abode :
Whether in rocks and caves, with wand'ring feet,
Like the lone + bull he feek his dark retreat.
Vain hope! his vengeful hand to fly,
That hand which guides the ftedfaft univerfe;
To fhun the light'ning of that eye
Whofe fearching beams its inmof center pierce.


+ This idea of the folitary bull is, in the original, peculiarly forcible; Virgil likewie, with the utmoft delicacy and pathos, defcribes the wanderings of the defpairing bull-
—— - - Sed alter
Victus abit, longeque ignotis exulat oris.


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}182\end{array}\right]$

## S T R O P HE.

What founds of horror Atrike mine ear?
The awful voice of yon prophetic feer :
Tidings of death to Thebes they bring,
Denouncing vengeance to her haplefs king. Within my breaft conflicting paflions roll, Terror and doubt alternate fhake my foul.

How by our monarch's hand could Laïus bleed,
A Atranger to that monarch's eyes;
Uninjur'd, unprovok'd, by word or deed ?
Hence let me caft the bafe furmize.
A N TISTROPHEII.
The powers who fearch the human heart, They can alone the dreadful truth impart;

While fway'd by rage, or rival hate,
Prophets may wrongly fean the page of fate.
Tho' high the fons of men in wifdom hine,
Mortals can never fathom truths divine.
Could he who late the bulwark food,
From the fell Sphinx our city to relieve,
Defile his fpear with royal blood?
'Twere guilt to think, and madnefs to believe.
And again,
Dura jacet pernox, inftrato faxa cubili.

## A $\quad \mathbf{C} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad$ III.

Creon, Oedipus, Jocasta, Chorus.
Creon.

## THEBANS, I come to vindicate my fame

From the foul ftains your king hath caft upon it.
In this dark moment, or by word or deed, If Creon aught could aggravate your woes,

He were unworthy of the air he breathes;
For what is life, if I mult live defpifed
By all my countrymen, and deemed a traitor?
Chorus. 'Twas all the dictate of ungovern'd rage, He could not think thee traitor.

Cbe. Whence could fpring
The bafe fufpicion that, fuborned by me,
The prophet utter'd lies?
Сно. Such were his words,
But whence his thoughts arofe I cannot fay.
Cre. Spoke he as if convinced?
Cho. 'Tis not my tafk
To penetrate the hidden thoughts of kings.
Afk him, behold he comes.
Oed. Thou regicide!
Dar't thou with all the hardinefs of guilt
Approach my palace; thou whofe treafonous fchemes

$$
\left[\begin{array}{lll} 
& 1 & S_{4}
\end{array}\right]
$$

Ihad plamnd my death, and wouldn with rebel hand
Have torn my fceptre fromme? Tell me, traitor!
1)idn thou efteem me fool or coward moft,

Not to perceive thy arts, or not revenge.
This violation of the rights of princes.
I tell thee, thou art fool and madman too,
Whofe wild ambition hurries thee away
In queft of empire, which the peoples voice
Alone can give, and pow'rful friends fupport.
Cne. When thou haft heard me, then will better judge
Whether I merit this fevere reproach.
Oed. I know thy fubtle powers of argument,
But all the force of words hall ne'er convince me
Thou art not Aill my moft inveterate foe.
Cre. Yet hear me.
Oed. Talk not then of innocence.
Cre. Nay, if thou wilt not hear the voice of reafon, Thou grofsly err't.

Oed. And thou thou more grofsly fill,
If for this treatment of an injur'd friend
Thou hop't to pais unpunifhed.
Cre. Prove the crime,
I will not murmur at the punifhment.
Oed. Infidious traitor! didft thou not advife
To fummon hither this all-feeing prophet?

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
185
\end{array}\right]
$$

Cre. Mine was the counfel, and in like fufpenfe Should be repeated.

Oed. Speak, what length of time
Hath Laius-
Cre. What of Laius?
Oed. Thus been * flain
By hands unknown?
Cre. A long extent of years.
Oed. But tell me, did Tirefias then poffers
This power of prophecy?
Cre. Alike he Chone,
Renown'd in wifdom, and alike rever'd.
Oed. Aught did he then predict concerning me.
Cre. It never reach'd my ear.
Oed. What! fought ye not
The author of the murder?
Cre. Yes; but all
Prov'd fruitlefs.
Oed. Why did this impoftor then,
So high renown'd, difclofe not this fell fecret?
Cre. Silence doth beft become the ignorant.
I can return no anfwer.
Oed. But of this,
At leaft, thou art the judge.
Cre. Of what? Of feak;

* The word is 'geser, flow',l a away; an exprefion moft forcible in the original. B b

For if I can refolve thy doubts I will.
Oed. Thou know'ft then, if this prophet of deceit
Had not been wrought on by thy artful wiles,
He ne'er had dar'd accufe me of this crime.
Cre. If this the feer hath done, the tafk is thine
To vindicate thyfelf: but of my crimes
I fill am ignorant.
Oed. Thy crimes? afk him.
But know-all, all thy arts fhall never prove
Thy prince a murderer!
Cre. Haft thou not efpous'd
My fifter ?
Oed. Yes, what then?
Cre. With pow'r fupreme
Reign you not jointly o'er the fons of Thebes?
Oed. She fhares at once my kingdom and my heart ;
Her will is mine : but thou-
Cre. Do I not ftand
The third in dignity ?
Oed. Moft undefervedly;

Thou haft betray'd thy friend.
Cre. Reftrain awhile
The tranfport of thy rage, and be convinc'd. Where is the man, who, bleft with all that kings

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
187
\end{array}\right]
$$

And empires can beftow, without their cares,
Would barter for the pageant of a name,
That peace of mind which, empires with their wealth
Can never purchafe, or when loft, reftore?
I am not mad enough to wifh the change,
Nor hath a fcepter fuch alluring charms
To draw me from that purpofe, while I hare
The higheft power a fubject can enjoy,
Or prince confer: monarchs are oft the flaves
Of factious nobles, oft refign their crowns
At the mad ravings of the tyrant vulgar-
I fear them not; fuppliant they crouch to me,
All who to fortune, or to pow'r afpire, And feek thy fmile. Shall I this folid good

Quit for a fladow? No, thou wrong'f me much.
I fcorn the name of traitor, and would bare
The murderous plot to light, if aught I knew
Of lurking treafon. Doft thou doubt my truth,
Go learn it of the Delphic oracles;
And, if I have deceiv'd thee, let me fuffer
All the collective wrath of heav'n and thee.
Shall prejudice ufurp the force of truth,
And hall a monarch, fan'd like Oedipus
For wifdom as for virtue, doom to thame,

## [ 188 ]

On blind fufpicion's mor fallacious tett,
His bofom friend? Remember, prince, the name
Of friend is facred, and, to lofe a friend,
A greater ill than lofs of life itfelf.
My innocence time only can atteft :
But wait with temper; for tho' curtain'd guilt
Is foon unveil'd, to heal the wounded fame
Of injur'd virtue alks a longer period.
Ciro. Calm thee, O king; nor let thy rage tranfport thee Beyond the bounds of reafon: rafh refolves

Are often dearly rued.
Oed. What! when the fword
Is lifted to my throat, mult I fubmit,
With pafive tamenefs, to the froke that rends
My empire from me, and, with empire, life?
Cre. Rafh, haughty man, what will appeafe thy rage?
My exile?
Oed. No, thy death.
Cre. Muft I then die
Without one proof of guilt?
Oed. Thy death, I fay,
Alone can fatisfy my juft revenge.
Cre. Thou raveft!
Oed. I fpeak the purpofe of my heart.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}189\end{array}\right]$

Cre. If fo, 'tis prudent I confult my fafety.
Oed. Thou traitor!
Cre. But thou haft not prov'd me fuch.
Oed. Abfolute is a king, and his commands
Mult be obey'd.
Cre. If founded on injuftice,
They ought to be refifted unto death.
Oed. Thebes, hear'f thou this?
Cre. Yes, hears and triumphs too,
I am her fon; fhe taught my infant foul
The glorious precept.
Сно. Princes, ceafe your ftrife;
Jocafta hither from the palace bends :
Ceafe, or make her the umpire of your caufe.
Joc. Whence rofe this tumult? Thoughtlefs, cruel men,
Have you combin'd to multiply our griefs,
And plunge your country deeper in defpair?
Let each in filence to his home depart,
Nor, with your private, fwell the public woes.
Cre. Sifter, thy lord hath bafely injur'd me;
Nought but my ruin can appeafe his rage.
Oed. No, for this brother with infidious wiles
Hath plann'd my death.
Cre. May ev'ry curfe of heav'n
Fall on me if I e'er indulg'd the thought.

## [ 190 ]

Joc. His vows, O king, revere, and plighted faith. If or thy country or thy queen be dear-

Coo. We too mut join in the fame ardent with,
And plead his cafe.
Oed. Mut then a baffled prince
Submit to the fe reproaches from a fubject?
Chino. His blameless character, his folemn oath,
At leaf demand refpect.
Oed. What would you have,
Or know you?
Chino. We implore thee, prince-
Oed. Speak on.
Сно. By friendship's holy name, to furn not thus
One who fo late was neareft to thy heart,
On mere fufpicion.
Oed. Then you are refolv'd
To facrifice me to his dark intrigues;
For he or I mut fall.
Сно. By yon bright fun,
The leader of the flaming hoot of heaven;
I meant not thus. 'Wis agony of foul
For all the woes my bleeding country bears,
Makes me thus urgent.
Oed. Let him then be gone,

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}191\end{array}\right]$

If I mult be the victim. Not to his,
But thy requeft I yield : deep in this heart
Will ever dwell the mem'ry of his crimes.
Cre. Unfkill'd to yield, thy fubborn foul is torn
With furied pangs; thofe pangs are my revenge.
Oed. Hence, villain, hence, left I revoke my words.
Cre. I go, unmop'd by all thy menaces;
That cannot Chake my innocence, and there
Can beft defend it.
Cho. Ufe thy power, O queen,
To foothe bis mind, and urge him to retire.
Joc. But firft inform me whence this conteft rofe.
Cho. From vague reports, uncertain and unjuft;
To both injurious.
Joc. What were thefe reports?
Сно. Prefs me no more, nor let us tear afrefh
The wounds of Thebes.
OEd. This coldnefs in my caufe,
Becomes you not; you flight the god's vice-gerent,
And yet profefs to venerate thofe gods.
Cho. Have I not fworn by Phœbus, that my zeal
And duty to my prince remain unfhaken?
To love my country, and not love the man
Who fnatch'd it from deftruction, were to prove mo

Dereft of reafon: couidf thou ftretch thine arm
Once more to fave, how would her fartheft bounds
Ring with thy triumph!
Joc. I conjure thee, prince,
Tell me whence fprang this frange diffention.
Ofd. Know,
Deareft Jocafta, that, with artful wilcs,
Thy brother hath confpir'd to feize my throne.
Joc. Your throne, my lord? Whence could the thought anife?
Ofd. 'Twas I, he faid, that murder'd Laius.
Joc. Ha!
He could not fpeats the dictates of his heart.
Oed. Nay more, he hah fuborn'd a crafty prieft,
Who in the prefence of near half my empire,
Urg'd home the charge.
Joc. Tho' all the race of priefts
United to maintain the glaring lye,
Heed thou them not. No mortal eye can pierce
The dark decrees of fate: they all are bred
In ignorance, and traffic in deceit.
Thyfelf hall be the judge; this very prince,
Lont fince, recived an oracle, the work
Of there fume priefs, (for from the god himfelf
It could not come, as lince crents have prov'd;)

## [ 193 ]

With dreadful tidings that from our embrace A fon hould fpring, the murd'rer of his fire :

And now, we hear, that in fome gloomy fpot,
Where three ways meet, by robbers he was flain.
Yet chill'd with horror, ere the third dark morn
Rofe on our babe, we pierc'd its infant feet,
And flaves convey'd it far away from Thebes,
To perifh on the mountain's pathlefs heights.
Say then, could Phœbus utter this decree?
For neither did the fon his father flay,
Nor Laius perifh by the fate he fear'd.
Such is the boafted truth of oracles,
And let the fullen bigot hear and tremble.
Be thou convinc'd of this; that what the gods
Would have us know, they can themfelves reveal
Without the aid of thefe defigning priefts.
Oed. What fudden terrors feize me! O, my queen,
Thy words have fill'd me with amaze and horror.
Jac. How? Wherefore?
Oed. Saidft thou not the prince was ilair
Where three ways meet ?
Joc. I did; 'twas thus affirm'd,
Nor is the fact difprov'd.
Oed. But fay again,
Where, in what country did the murder happen?

## [ 194 ]

Joc. In Phocis, where the public roads divide
To Delphi and to Daulia.
Oed. Mighty gods !
How long the period fince this dire event?
Joc. Not long before thy reign o'er Thebes began.
The tidings were denounced.
Oed. Eternal Jove!
To what am I referv'd!
Joc. Why is thy mind
Thus agitated?
Oed. Afk not, but inform me,
What were the age, form, ftature of this Laius?
Joc. In height majeftic, years had fcarcely ting'd
His locks with filver, and I've often thought
His form a faint refemblance of thy own.
Oed. Dillraction!-On my own unconfcious head
I have call'd down the curfe of every god!
Joc. O heavens, I fiudder as I gaze upon thee-
Oed. Too well, I fear, the prophet knew my fate!
One farther circumftance will prove my guilt,
Or feal my innocence.
Joc. Tho' my lips faulter,
Yet afk, and if I know, I will reveal it.
Oed. Went he attended with a chofen few,
Or with the pomp and fplendor of a monarch ?

## [ 195 ]

Joc. His train confifted but of five; of thefe
One was the herald; and one only chariot
That carried Laius.
OEd. Then my guilt is fure,
Glaring as yonder fun: but who brought back
The tidings of his death?
Joc. One who alone
Efcap'd the gen'ral flaughter.
Oed. Lives he now
Within this palace?
Joc. No ; his lord no more,
When he beheld thee on the throne of Thebes,
With earneft fupplication at my feet,
He fought permiffion to depart from Thebes,
To feed my diftant flocks, nor I refus'd,
For he was ever the mofl faithful fervant.
Oed. O hafte, let him be fummon'd inftantly.
Joc. He fhall; but why thus eagerly defire
This franger's coming?
Oed. I am on the rack: '
His anfwers may refolve my doubts, and oh!
May plunge me in defpair ; yet my refolve
Is fix'd to fee him.
Joc. He will foon be here.

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\mathrm{Cc}_{2}
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But oh! my lord, permit thy faithful queen
To fearch the bottom of this fecret wound
That rankles at thy heart.
Oed. Thou halt know all :
Since thy own fate is clofely link'd with mine,
To thee I will unbofom all my foul.
My father, Polybus, enjoys the throne Of Corinth; Merope, his royal fpoufe, By birth a Dorian; there I long poffefs'd Riches and pow'r next only to fupreme,
Till one event, moft trivial in itfelf,
But dreadful in its iffue, crufi'd my joys. A drunken courtier 'midft his cups proclaim'd
That Polybus was not my rightful fire. Kindling at this, I fcarce contain'd my rage
Till of my parents I enquir'd the truth
Of this bafe faying; they alike incens'd, Threaten'd with death the author of the cinarge.
This calm'd my prefent fears, but fill my mind
Labour'd with fecret doubts. Refolv'd to fearch
This myftery of my birth, by private roads I fought the Pythian hrine ; the holy maid Nought of my birth or parentage reveal'd;
But thus, convuls'd with raving extafies,

## [ 197 ]

Read the dark page of fate-" Thou, wretch, art doom'd "To ftain thy mother's bed, from thence to raife
"A race accurft, and laft with impious hand " To flay the hoary fire who gave thee birth." Shudd'ring with horror at thefe awful founds, With hafty ftep, from Corinth's fatal towers I urg'd my way. Directed by the fars, Oer tracklefs waftes and folitary lands, To that lone fpot where haplefs Laius fell: Ah thake not thus, for I will tell thee allJuft as I reach'd the pafs, where three ways meet, A chariot met iny fight, where foremolt fat, Who feem'd a herald; but within reclin'd A nother, and appear'd of regal port, In age, and form, and every circumftance Refembling moft the man thy words defcribe,

Both rufh'd againft me, and with fary Atrove
To drive me back; refentment fir'd my foul:
Inftant I fell'd the charioteer to earth,
And fprang to meet the chariot, where the fage
Obfervant fate, and twice with all his might
Smote me upon the temples; but in death
Soon wail'd the rafh affault: befmear'd with gore,
Beneath my ftaff he fell, and bit the ground.

## [ 198 ]

I Iis fervants in the general contef fell;
Not one, I thought, efcap'd to tell the news.
If this were Laius-who, thro' earth's wide bound,
Is half fo wretched as myfelf, or who
Like me accurf? No friendly citizen
Muft fuccour my diftrefs, or Atranger ope
The hofpitable door, but drive me hence,
Far hence, in defart folitudes to weep,
And 'midft the favage wandr'ers feek a home.
But oh my bittereft pang, thefe lips pronounc'd
The dire decree that drives me from the land,
From Thebes, from thee, and all my foul holds dear,
A foul, inceftuous, bloody parracide!
Ah whither Mall I go; to Corinth? There
I feek incentuous tranfports, there I flay
The beft of friends and fathers. Sure fome fiend
Hurries me on thro' all this maze of guilt.
But O! ye mightier powers, who rule on high,
Ere fuch a feene of horror overwhelm me,
Crufh this devoted head, and let me find
In death a refpitc from feverer toils.
Cino. O King, we more than hare in all thy griefs;
Perhaps the hepherd may difperfe your fears;
Defuair not.
Old. All my hopes are center'd there.

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
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\end{array}\right]
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Joc. What is he to reveal?
Oed. If he confirm
The thing thou fay'f, then am I free from guilt.
Joc. What have I faid?
Oed. Thou faid'f the king was flain
By robbers on his journey ; if he fell
By numbers, I am fafe: my fingle arm
The ftranger flew ; but if by one alone,
I anz that wretch.

> Joc. Doubt not his firft report,

From which he dares not fwerve. Not only I,
The whole affembled city heard the tale.
But if he fwerve, it Aill remains to prove
That oracles themfelves are not impofures;
For tho' their vaunted god had fix'd his death
On my poor murder'd child, that child thou feef
Perifh'd long fince on bleak Citharon's top.
Henceforth my foul is fteel'd againft belief Of priefts and prophecies.

Oed. And well it may;
But inftantly difpatch fome trufty flave
To bring this fhepherd.
Joc. Thou flalt be obey'd
This inftant; let us go within the palace.
My pride is to obey thee; and my joy
Is then the greateft when I pleafe thee moft,

## [ 200 ]

## $\mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{U}$. STROPHEI.

Etermal Jove! my heart infpire
With ardent virtue's active zeal, to hear
Thy voice obedient, and thy laws revere;
Thofe heav'n-defcended laws, almighty firc,
Which thy creative energy impreft
On animated nature's infant breaft.
Daughters of light, unlike the race of earth, Who range the tracts of day with * neps fublime;

Still vigorous like the god who gave you birth, Beyond the grafp of fate, or bound of time.
ANTISTROPHE I.
'Twas infolence firft drench'd in blood
The tyrant's hand; but when elate with pride
Hc fpurns at right, and dares the gods deride.
From the proud precipice where late he ftood,
That infolence fhall dafh him headlong down,
To wail his cruclty and ravifh'd crown.
To thee, dread ruler of events below, In decp humility behold we bend,

Wifdom and life from thee their fountain flow;
Oh! from yon heav'ns thy infant fuccour fend.

## [ 201 ]

## STROPHEII.

Where do the denin'd fons of rapine rove,
Who night the awful voice of nature's God,
Nor bend with rev'rence at his high abode.
The thunder ftruggling in the grafp of Jove.
With frong vibration labours to be gone, And fiweep them to the gulph of Acheron.

If vice triumphant rear her purple creft,
And injur'd virtue lift her voice in vain,
Still fhall the tyrant fiend ufurp the breaft, And vainly do we raife the choral Mrain.

> A NTISTROPHE

Flaming with holy zeal no more
To Delphi thall the priefts of Jove repair,
Or where Olympia's turrets rife in air,
With gifts and fongs the gods implore;
If impious tongues thofe rites prophane,
And treat their mandates with difdain :
Lord of the univerfe! their pride controul,
Avenge thine own; affert Apollo's caufe;
And flafh conviction on the fubborn foul:
That fpurns thy precepts, and refifts thy laws.

## A $\quad \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad$ IV.

Messenger, Cuorus, Jocasta, Oedipus, Shepherd.

## Messenger.

SAgES and chiefs of Thebes, 'tis my refolve, With incenfe, and with fuppliant boughs, to feek The temple of the gods: your prince, fo high For wiflom fam'd, and fortitude of foul, Forgets that he is man. His mind is torn With difmal terrors of he knows not what, And flrinks at each unmeaning tale he hears:
I urge, intreat, cxpoflulate in vain-
Hear'n is provok'd, I fear; on thec we call,
All-fecing Phocbus, nearef fill to hear
The wetch's plaint, arm thou his wav'ring thought
With wonted firmnefs. He whofe fkilful hand
Should guide our bark, the pilot of the fate,
Sinks at the helm, and the tumultuous fea
Wiil foon ingulph us all.
Mrsoen. Inform me, ftrangers,

Where fhall I find the palace of your king,
Or foonet where himfelf?
Cro. This is his palace:

## [ 203 ]

The king is now within; thou feef his queen.
Mess. Is the indeed the wife of Oedipus?
Moft happy may fhe live, nor fhe alone,
Eut all around her Chare the gen'ral joy.
Joc. I thank thee, ftranger, for thy friendly greeting;
But quickly tell me wherefore art thou come,
And what thy tidings?
Mess. Welcome, mighty princefs,
To thee and Oedipus.
Joc. What are they, fay;
And whence thyfelf?
Mess, From Corinth, and I bring
News that will give you both delight and grief.
Joc. Inftant explain thy meaning.
Mess. If report

Lye not, the race of Ifthmus have refolv'd
That Oedipus fhall reign o'er Corinth.
Joc. How?

Is not then Polybus their king ?

> Mess. He was;

But death hath laid the hoary king in duft.
Joc. How! Polybus no more?
Mess. May more than deatra.
Befall thy flave, if his report prove falfe.
Joc. Hafte to thy mafter with the joyful news.

## [ 204 ]

Fly intant - Where, ye lying oracles,
Diviners, where is now your boafted truth,
Prophets and Priefts? For Oedipus long fince,
Fearing lett he flould flied this monarch's blood,
As Phobus had foretold, from Corinth fled
In willing exile. Now forfooth we hear
That by the common courfe of fate he died, Without or fraud, or violence.

Oed. O!my queen,
Why am I fummon'd from my palace hither?
Joc. For this; to learn the truth of oracles:
That ftranger there will beft explain my words.
Oed. Who is he? Whence, and what his meffage, fay.
Joc. He comes from Corinth, and his tidings are,
That Polybus, your father, is no more.
Oed. Is this thy meffage; is it thus indced ?
Mess. Ev'n as the queen hath faid.
Oed. But fpeak again:
How died the prince; by treafon or difeafe?
Mess. Ah prince, a little violence will bow
The languid limbs of age.
Oed. Difeafe then cruh'd
The good old monarch.
Mess. Yes, difeafe in part,

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
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\end{array}\right]
$$

And part the preffure of a length of years,
For he had * meafur'd out the life of man.
Oed. 'Tis well: what blinded wretch will now regard
Altars, and priefts, and birds of ominous wing,
Screaming aloft? whofe falfe and bafe decrees
Had plung'd my hand in blood, a father's blood,
Who died, it feems, remote from Thebes and mis,
Bow'd down with weight of years: thefe hands unftain'd,
And guiltlefs of his blood. Unlefs, perchance,
Continual forrow for the lofs of me
Prey'd on his heart, and hurried on his fate.
Thus only could I caufe his death : but he Sleeps in the bofom of the grave; nor priefts, Nor oracles fhall break his long repofe.

Joc. Did I not tell thee this?
Oed. Thou didft; but fill
Severeft apprehenfions fhook my foul.
Joc. Away with them for ever.
Oed. Iut the bed
Of inceft, how it harrows up my thoughts!

The fame exprefion occurs in the P falms; " Make me no know the meafure of my days,"

39 hPDalm , 4th Verie.

## [ 206 ]

Joc. Let not vain terrors agitate thy mind;
Man is the fport of chance; the pow'rs divine
Loft in the robler plafures of the dies,
Need not our reptile race. The tank be his
To hurband well his life, and rove at large
Where fancy leads, or pleafure points the way.
Fear not th' inceftuous bed, nor be the flave
Of frantic zeal nor fuperfitious dreams:
For oft, amidft the flumbers of the night,
Have men in vifions reap'd inceftuous joys.
True happinefs is his, who boldly fpurns
Such vain chimeras.
Oed. True; but fill he lives,
This mother, whom I dread, and I muft fly
'Th' accurft embrace.
Joc. Go to thy father's grave;
Let that inform thee what thou haft to fear.
Oed. Yet, yet I hudder: and, while fhe furvives, I fill muft tremble.

Mess. Say, illuftrious prince,
What is this woman whom thou fear'ft fo much ?
Oed. 'Tis Merope, my friend, the late efpous'd
Of Polybus.
Mess. But whence proceed your fears?

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Oed. From oracles moft dreadful to relate!
Mess. And may a ftranger know them?
Oed. Thou fhalt hear:
A pollo hath denounc'd, that I floould fain
A mother's bed with inceft, and there hands
Drench in paternal blood-For this, long fince,
I fled from Corinth, and have here enjoy'd
Each earthly blifs, fave that moft fweet of all,
The dear delight a parent's prefence gives.
Mess. Was this the motive of thy exile?
Oed. This,
This dread alone of parricidal guilt-
Mess. What if I prove the meffenger of joy,
And bring thee tidings fuch as may difperfe
Thy every doubt?

> OEd. Ah, deareft franger, fpeak them;

Thy recompence thall be moft princely.
Mess. Yes,

I come to chafe thy fears, relieve thy doubts, And hail thee back to Corinth.

Oed. Never, never!
While one of thofe dear parents fill furvives,
Will I return to Corinth!
Mess. Son, I fee

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
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\end{array}\right]
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Thy ignorance hath caufu thefe idle fears.
Oed. Indeed! By heav'n inform me where I crr.
Mess, If for this cante thou fled't.
Oed. The curfe denounc'd
By Phcebus, drove me into willing exile.
Mess, The dread of murder, and inceftuous crimes.
Ofd. The fame.
Mess. Thy fears are groundlefs. Oed. Not if thefe

My parents were, or truc the voice of Jove.
Mess. Know then that Polybus by ties of blood
Was never bound to tince.
Oed. How? Speak again :
Not Polybus my fire!
Mess. No more than mine.
Oed. And yet he call'd me fon.

> Mess. His by adoption.

Thefe hands firft gave thee to his fond embrace.
Oed. And could an alien kindle in his foul
A father's tranfports?
Mess. He had never known
A father's joys.
Oed. Was I by purchafe thine,
Or may I hail thee by a father's name?

## [209]

Mess. I found thee in a deep and darkfomt .
Of Mount Cithæron.
Oed. Ha! what led thee there?
Mess. My flocks, that ranged the mountains verdant fides.
Oed. Thou wert a hepherd then it feems.
Mess. I was;
And more, the thepherd that preferv'd thy life.
Ced. What had befall'n me, ere thy guardian hand Snatch'd me from death ?

Mess. The joints of thy own feet
Will bert inform thee what.
Oed. Ah why repeat
That antient malady?
Mess. Mine was the hand
That loofed their tendons from the intangling cords.
Oed. Thus early did my woes commence?
Mess. To this
Thou oweft the name of Oedipus.
Oed. Ah me!

Which of my parents could be thus inhuman;
Canft thou inform me?
Mess. That he beft can tell
Who gave thee to me.
Oed. Then thou found'f me not ;

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But from another didat receive me?
Mess. Yes,
A brother hepherd gave thee to my charge.
Oed. O Speak his name, his refidence, whateer
Thou know't of this fame hepherd.
Mess. He was call'd
A fervant of king Laius.
Ord. Laius? ha!

The fame who govern'd Thebes?
Mess. The very fame:
He was his thepherd.
Oed. Is he fill alive;
Could I behold him?
Mess. Thefe his countrymen
Can better tell thee.
Oed. O my friends, declare
If aught ye know, or aught, perchance, have heard
Of fuch a flepherd; whether he refides
At Thebes, or in the country; inftant fpeak:
'Tis of the laft importance to our welfare.
Cuo. O king, if right we judge, he feems the man
Whom thou haft lately fummon'd: but the Queen
Is beft acquainted.
Oed. Princefs, doft thou know

## [ 211 ]

Whether the man this mepherd hath defrib'd, And he whom thou halt fent for, be the fame?

Joc. I know not what he faid, or whom he meant:
Nor is there aught of moment in his words;
Dark, idle words; thou art too anxious, prince:
Act not thus ramly.

> Oed. What? Muft I neglect

To trace this myftery of my birth, when now
The path is open, and the profpect fair?
joc. By heav'n forbear; I tell thee 'tis a rock
Thy peace will fplit on: if thou valueft life
Or happinefs, forbear. O this torn heart!
Of.d. Hence, woman, with thy fears; I am refolv'd:
Were all my anceftors a race of flaves,
'Twere no difgrace to thee; I fav'd your empire ;
In that one deed was more nobility,
Than all the glories of your line can boaft.
Joc. By all thy foul holds dear, beware the fearch.
Oed. Not all thy eloquence can hake my purpofe
To trace this matter to the very fource.
Joc. Oh hear my better counfel, and forbear:
Shun it as death.
Oed. Thy counfel but involves me.
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## [212]

In tenfold error.
Joc. Wretched, wretched prince!
May heav'i ftill hide the fecret from thy view,
Nor curfe thee with the knowledge of thy birth.
Oed. Let other meffengers be fent, in hane,
To bring this lingering hepherd to our prefence:
And leave the queen to glory in her birth,
And antient lineage.
Joc. Wretched, wretched prince;
Obrtinate, headiong, to thy own deftruction I leave thee to a fearch which thou halt rue For ever-treafure in thy heart thofe words;

Remember they're my lan-my lan! farewell.
[Exit Jocafta.
Cho. Sire, didft thou mark Jocafa's fix'd defpair!
With what confufed and enger looks the fled:
Much, much I fear her filence docs prefage
Events of dreadful iffue!
Oed. Let them come:
Still my refolve is fix'd to penetrate
This mighly cloud that hangs around my birth :
Whate'er my fate, I muft not, will not more
Be kept in darknefs : this it is that flings
Her haughty foul: the thinks that I Chall prove

$$
[213]
$$

Of rank, and parents, humbler than her own.
Blind woman! but my parents were not mean.
Thou wert my mother, fortune; and thy fon
Glories in his defcent : fublimer far
Than all the kings of earth : the kindred months,
Offspring of time, coeval with the world,
Salute me as they roll their mighty round,
And call me brother. Led thro' arduous to:ls,
By you I triumph on the throne of Thebes,
Power in my nod, and fortune in my fmile:
And from the glorious height look down fecure,
Whoe'er my fire, a monarch or a flave.
STROPHE.

A prophet's firit warms my foul!
I fee, I fee the mighty vifions dawn;
And all the feenes of fate unroll!
By great Olympus, ere another morn,
Cithæron, fkirt thy dulky front with gold,
Thou fhalt the long, myfterious maze unfold.
Then to our king fhall fwell the choral fong,
Our feet in myftic dance more fwiftly move;
And while our grateful meafures we prolong,
Pheobus fhall liften, and the ftain approve.

## [ 214 ]

## A NTISTROPIE.

What bright celential gave thee birth ?
O thou, whofe wiflom fpeaks that birth divine:
Renownd above the fons of earth;
From Jove defeended, or the fifter Nine.
Say art thou fprung from fylvan Pan's embrace,
With fome fair daughter of xtherial race;
Or wert thou nourifi'd in Cyllene's groves,
Where Mercury the fwifter nymphs purfues;
Or on the facred hills where Bacchus roves,
And courts in laurel bow'rs the bahful mufe ?

Oed. Friends, if my judgment err not, yonder fage, 'This way advancing, is the fame whom late We fummon'd hither; both in age, and mien, Refembling whom this ftranger hath deferib'd. My fervants too fupport him: you, perchance, May better know him.

Сно. 'Tis the fame, my lord,
The faithful fhepherd of our good old king.
Oed. Stanger, is this the man?
Mess. I know him well.
Ord. Old man, draw near; look up with confidence, And anfwer faithfully what I thall all.

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\left[\begin{array}{lll}
215
\end{array}\right]
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Didft thou not live with Laius?
Shep. Yes, my lord;
Nor was I of the hireling train, but bred
Within this palace.
Oed. What thy office, fpeak ?
Shep. My office was to tend the royal Cheep.
Oed. And whither chiefly didft thou lead thofe fheep?
Shep. To Mount Cithæron, and the neighbouring plains.
Oed. Say, doft thou recollect that ftranger's face?
Shep. That ftranger-who? Whence is he? What his crime?
Oed. I fay again, reflect; and call to mind
If thou haft ever had, or intercourfe,
Or converfe with him.
Shep. Sire, with age, and cares,
My memory fails.
Mess. Nor is there caufe of wonder:
But I'll refrefh his memory, and recount
Some antient facts he foon will call to mind.
I am that fhepherd who for three whole months,
Thro' long fucceffive years, thy friend/hip fhar'd
On Mount Cithæron's heights-mearly as fpring
Bade the young herbage fhoot; ev'n till the rife
Of pale Arcturus: and when winter's frofts
Deform'd the year, each with his fev'ral fooks

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
216
\end{array}\right]
$$

Departed homeward; to my cottage I,
And thou to Laius' palace: have thefe feenes
Entircly fled thy thoughts?
Sief. Almoft they had;
For'tis a long, long period fince.
Mess. 'Tis true:
But can'f thou, hepherd, to remembrance call
An infant whom I once receiv'd from thee,
And promis'd all a father's fottering care?
Sinep. An infant, friend? What mcans thy queltion?
Mess. This,
This is that infant, whom thou now behold'f.
Shep. A way with thee, thou rav'ft: perdition feize
Thy traitor's tongue.
Oed. Why art thou thus incens'd?
Thou art thyfelf more worthy of reproof.
SHEP. In what have I offended ?
Oed. By thy rage,
And filence touching this fame child.
Shep. Ah, Sir,
He knew not what he faid.
Oed. Eafe my fufpenfe,
Or by the gods I'll furce the fecret from thee.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}217\end{array}\right]$

SHEP. Ah ven'rate hoary age!
Oed. Quick, bind his hands,
Shep. What muft I do, my lord, or what difclofe?
Oed. Delay not, but inform me, didft thou give An infant to this man?

Shep. I did, and oh!
Death had that moment been my happieft boon.
Oed. This day thou dief, unlefs I know the whole
Of this dark fcene.
Shep. Ah fare the dire recital :
'Tis death to tell thee.
Oed. Doft thou trifle with me?
Shep. Did I not fay I gave the child ?
Oed. Go on;
Whence came he? Was he thine by birth, or who
Confign'd him to thy charge?
Shep. He was not mine;
I had receiv'd him from another hand.
Oed. What other? Speak his name, and where hedwells.
Sher. By all the pow'rs above, enquire no more:
I do conjure thee.
Oed. If I afk again,
Wretch, thou fhalt die.
Shep. In yonder palace born $\longrightarrow$

## $[218]$

Oed. Sprung from a $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{ave}}$, or was the king his fire?
Shep. Oh milery to declare-
Oed. Oh! Death to hear!
Yet foenk-
Sher. He was fuppos'd the king's own fon.
Eut well Jocafta knows the gloomy truth;
She can inftruct thee beft.
Oed. Didf thou from her
Receive the child?
Shep. 'Twere fruitlefs to deny
What fate itfelf reveals.
Ord. What was her purpofe?
Shep. That I hould kill it.
Oed. What, defroy the child?
Bloody, inhuman parent!
Suep. Dire affright,

From dreadful oracles, compell'd the queen
To this unnatural decd.
Oed. How, oracles?
What did they threaten?
Shep. That this fon hould nay
Thofe who begat him.
Oed. But if fuch her fears,
Why didft thou give it to this hepherd's care?

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[19}\end{array}\right]$

Shep. Compaffion for the infant wrung my foul ;
I hop'd he would have borne his charge away,
Far, far from Thebes, and thele his native roofs :
Fatal miftake! that life to him was death,
Preferv'd to long, unutterable woes-
For oh! if thou be't he, thou art indeed The moft ill-fated, moft accurft of men.

Oed. 'Tis done; the tenfold myfery burfts to light;
I am that mort ill-fated, mof accurf.
Thou fun farewell; why fmile thy beams on me,
Whom murder blackens, and whom inceft fains?
Inceft and murder of the deepent hue:
A futher nain, a mother's bed deflid!
Come night, come horror hield me from his rays;
Plunge me in thick impenetrable glooms, Black as my crimes, and boundlefs as my guilt.

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O man, thou hadow of a fhade!
How foon thy brighteft glories fade!
What higher boon could fortune give,
What nobler gifts could man receive,
Than late he hower'd on oni devoted king;
Only to plange him deeper in defpair,
And ratify the fulemn truths we fing?
Ff

## [ 220 ]

At yon fad fuectacle of woe,
Who can refrain the flarting tear !
What tongue the bitter plaint forbear,
" That mis'ry is the lot of all below!"
Blind faverite of a nymph more blind,
She bade thee dart thy rapid fight
Bcyond the bound to mortal pride aflign'd;
And plac'd thee on her dizzieft height:
Then thinc arm the monfer flew,
Dreadful with her forked fang,
Whofe eagle pinions mock'd the wind, And ravening, as in quet of blood the flew,
'To Thebes the prophecies of death the fang-
For this, thy hand the feepter har'd,
An empire was thy great reward.
But now what founds of horror meet mine ear?
How art thou blafted in thy bright career!
How chang'd in one datk, fatal hour,
Dah'd from the foaring pinnacle of pow'r,
And all that mortals vaunt of high and great,
To wrefle with the toils of fate.
Thrice wretched prince, renown'd in vain,
Since all the trophies of thy fame
Throw but a guity flendour round thy woes;

## [ 221 ]

Unchill'd with horror, who thofe crimes hall name
Whofe dark, indelible, eternal ftain,
With infany pollutes thy bed,
And dooms to vengeance thy devoted head.
How could thy confcious bed fo long fuftain
Its guilty load, thro' night's incumbent gloom,
Nor ftart with horror, and a voice affume!
But fate hath bared the deed to light,
Hath bar'd to our aftonih'd fight
A father murder'd by his child,
A mother by that fon's embrace defil'd.
O that thefe eyes might ne'er behold thee more;
But diftant far their duteous forrows pour:
By thee we rais'd them up to life and light,
Only to plunge them in eternal night.

## [ 222 ]

## A C T V.

Chorus, Messenger, Oedipus, Creon.

Enter another Messenger.

Messenger.
MosT honour'd chiefs of this once happy land,
Rouze all the refolution man can boant
To fortify your fouls, while I relate
A direr tale than ever reach'd your ears-
Unfold a feenc to your aftonin'd eycs
More black with woe than e'er thofe eyes behcld:
Not the broad Danube's waves, nor Phafis Rream,
Can purge away the complicated crimes
That fain thefe guiliy roofs; in dark array
'They rife to vicu, and as they rife, pollute
I he fickening light-fate rules the gloomy hour,
And rafh defpair, impatient, ruhtes on
To deeds of added horror.
Cro. Added horror!

## [223]

We thought the catalogue of this day's woes
Already fwell'd beyond the pow'r of fate.
Mess. No; to compleat our fufferings, he referves
A fruke more dreadful fill: the queen is flain.
Cho. Jocana nain-by whom? What daring hand-
Mess. She dar'd herfelf the deed: no confcious eye
Was witnefs to her diath. What we beheld
Thefe faultering lips fiall tell. With hafty fep,
Enrag'd, he burf within the palace gates-
Then, rufhing to the bridal chamber, tore,
With favage fury, her diforder'd hair ;
Invoking Laius from the tomb to view
A wretch, the fatal fource of all his woes, Who bore his murderer, clafp'd the parricide, That fon, that murd'rer, in abhorr'd embrace, And fain'd his bed with incelt; then with fhrieks

Of wildeft grief, the waild th' accurfed couch
That witnef'd to her dark, forbidden joys:
Nor heard we more; for intant we beheld
The wretched Oedipus, in frantic mood,
Raving thro' all the dome: with thund'ring voice
Commanding us to bring him fword or fpear,
To end his hated being. "Lead me where
'Thefe eyes, e'er veil'd in darknefs, may behold

## [224]

That injur'd form I dare not call my wife;
Her whobegat me, her, whofe glowing limbs,
Unconfcious, clafp'd the hufband and the child."
Inftant, by fome infpiring dæmon led,
He rulh'd upon the double doors that clos'd
The unhappy queen, and from their brazen bolts
Tore them, while far and wide the hollow dome
Refounded back his cries: but foon new feencs
Of horror met our fight, the royal fair
All pale and breathlefs, in the fatal noofe
Entangled. Shuddering at the view, the prince Recoil'd: then loofing the furpended cord, Heav'd a deep groan, and flung him on the ground,
Convuls'd awhile with agonies of grief.
When fudden ftarting, from her robe he tore
The golden buckle that adorn'd her fide, And madly plung'd the points into his eyes,

Exclaiming, " Never more fall I behold
Or thee, unhappy woman, or the race Sprung from thy loins." Bellowing thefe horrid plaints, He piercid, he tore from out their mangled orbs, The balls of fight: inftant the gulhing blood Ito fluices burt, and, ruming down his cheeks, E'ourd the black flood that fain'd his priucely form.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}225\end{array}\right]$

Such are the complicated ills that crufh'd
This wretched pair. Who lately * reign'd fupreme
In mutual blifs, are now fupreme alone
In mifery: curft with more than common woes!
Their joy was boundlefs; boundlefs was the guilt
Of fuch an union; boundlefs are their fufferings.
Ah! how hath one black fatal morn o'ercaft
The cloudlefs fcene! how blafted all their joys!
On ev'ry fide are heard the mingled founds
Of groans, defpair and death - the difmal cries
Of murderer and of inceft-all the fores
Of fecret anguifh, and fevere diftrefs,
At once difcharging their collective rage.
Сно. Where is the haplefs prince?
Mess. Throw wide, he cries,
Throw wide the gates, and let all Thebes behold
The murderer of his fire, with inceft black,
With blood defild, and crimes without a name-
Lead me, O lead me from thefe guilty roofs,
To banifhment, to death-that banifhment
My lips denounc'd will be my beft relief

[^11]
## [ 226 ]

From all th' intufferable ills that rufh,
With overwhelming rage, at once upon me.
But words are weak: behold a feene that fpeaks
Beyond the boldelt pow'rs of eloquence;
A feene fo full of horror, it would move
His mof inveterate foe.
Cno. Ah! fight of grief
Beyond whate'er my darkef fears had fram'd.
Rah man! what furious dxmon urg'd thee on
To this dire act ; thus to accumulate
Woe upon woe to crufh thy haplefs head?
Moft wretched of the wretched! my fwoll'n heart
Had much to utter; but munt burf itele
In filence, for the fight of fuch diftefs
Hath fruck me dumb for ever.

> Enter Ordipus. Oed. Hah! where am I?

What plaintive accents vibrate on my ear,
That feem to pity one whom fate hath plac'd
Beyond the pow'r of pity to relieve!-
Fortune, my mother, whither art thou fled?
Cno. She hath forfaken thee; hath plunged thee down In an abyis of wocs.
Oed. Odark! dark! dark!

Dark without dawn of hope, or beam of day!

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[227]
$$

Iftand envelop'd in eternal hade :
Remembrance like a fury fings my foul,
While my own paffions harpen ev'ry goad,
And drive me on to madnefs.
Cho. Doubly curft
Both in a hufband's and a father's hopes,
Well may thy reafon fail thee in this hour
Of multifold affliction.
Oed. Art thou here!
Thou, once my friend and guide in happier hours,
This, this was Oedipus.—Abject and blind,
Thou wilt not leave me to feverer pangs.
Cно. What haft thou done? What vengeful god impell'd
To this mad deed?
Oed. Phœbus himfelf,-yes, Phœbus,
Is that avenging, that impulfive pow'r.
That I am blind, impute to me alone,
'Twas I who quench'd thofe orbs, whofe light but ferv'd
To kindle horror, and awake defpair.
Сно. Ah! dreadful truth!
Oed. What, what remains
Grateful to me, in voice, or fight, or found?
Each joy extinct, and earth one barren void.
Rouze you, my friends, in injur'd virtue's caufe:

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\left[\begin{array}{ll}
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\end{array}\right]
$$

Drive from your land this peftilential bane,
This monker, black with incelt and with blood;
This moft abhorr'd of gods, and all mankind.
Cho. Thy fuffrings make thee rave. Ah! fatal hour
When firt I hail'd thee on the throne of Thebes!
Oed. And Oh! more fatal hour that faw my feet
Loos'd from their bands on bleak Cithæron's height.
Curft be the hand that loos'd them. 'Twas not life
That hand beftow'd; 'twas death. I then had died
In innocence, nor known, nor caus'd a pang.
Ciso. Oh thus had fate ordain'd -
Oed. I had not then
limbrued my hand in blood-I had not then
Receiv'd Jocafta to my guilty bed.
1 thould not then-
Cho. How! What fhall I advife thee,
Since death itfelf were better far than life
Wafted in mis'ry and perpetual gloom?
Oed. The lofs of fight, my friends, I leaft bewail:
Ah! with what * eyes in Pluto's dark domain,

* It appears from this paffage, that the antients fuppofed the fame qualities both of mindt and body to be poffeffed by the dead which they had while living.

Thus Virgil: Laniatum corpore toto
Deiphobum videt, et laccrum crudeliter ora.
Eneid. lib. 6. 495.

Could Oedipus have view'd his murder'd fire, Cover'd with wounds, and welt'ring in the blood
His impious offspring fpilt; or her who bore
The parricidal wretch, whofe foul embrace
Hath ftain'd the confcious womb that gave him life?
Could e'er this heart a parent's joy have known,
To view the offspring of that foul embrace,
Tho' fair in virgin beauty, haftning on
Thro' long progreflive mifery, to complete
The meafure of my woes, and fhare my guilt !
Ah! never, never could thefe eyes behold them;
Never the lofty citadels of Thebes,
Her gilded palaces, her beauteous fanes, And her bold race that own'd me king in vain,

Since now debas'd below the meanef flave.
Oh painful, bitter change! Thefe lips pronounc'd
The curft decree that drives me from the land
The execrated fcom of you and heav'n,
A foul, inceftuous, bloody parricide.-
Thus with a thoufand objects compafs'd round,
To wound anew my agonizing heart,
Blindnefs is but relief from weightier ills.
Grant me, ye mighty rulers of the world,
Some pow'r to bar the paffages of found,

## [ 230 ]

To hut each fenf, and quite extinguifh thought;
For cy'ry fenfe is now alive to woe.
Ah why, Cithwron, did thy arched glooms
Lead their broad made to fcreen my infant head?
Why did not fome devouring favage rend My featter'd limbs, and give them to the winds; That my difgraceful birth might never fain The annals of mankind ?-O Polybus,
And thou, O Corinth, falfely deem'd my country,
How have ye nourifh'd in thefe princely robes,
Beneath this feecious form a canker'd wound,
Putrid and rank! for now I fand confefs'd
Bafe in myfelf, and bate in my defent.
Se conicious forents, ye wide-fpreading glades,
And thou dark avenue, where three ways meet,
That drank the blood of my expiring fire;
Witnefs what guilty tranfports filld my breant
When I beheld his hoary figure fall
Proftrate and bite the ground-how am I chang'd!
How dearly hare I rued the triumph, bought
At the high price of ev'ry other joy:
Flung headlong from the blifs of gods, to wail
With dxmors in the hell of deep defpair!
O fatal, fatal nuptials! Night of horros!

## [ 231 ]

How have ye ftamp'd pollution on the names Of father, brother, fon-how burft the band Of dear relation! Sure around the bed Some fierce prefiding dxmon fix'd his fland, And fow'd the feeds of ev'ry baneful ill. Reflection hudders at the black detail-

I cannot bear the retrofpect: my tongue Faulters with thame, and eiry finew flinks, Wherefore, by all the gods, approach, and flay
This vatim to my own and others crimes. Or bear me to fome bleak and barren ille, Where found of human voice was never heard:

Cr plunge me in the deep with all my crimes. Fear not, my friends, approach; black as I am, Te cannot, by the touch, partake the guilt, Whofe weight hall crulh this guilty head alone.

Cifo. Moft opportunely Creon this way bends;
Creon, on whom thy pow'r and kingly fway
Will foon devolve, as next of royal line:
His counfel bent will guide us thro' this maze
Of intricate fufpenfe.
Oed. What fay'ft thow,-Creon?
That Crcon, whom I late fo bafely injur'd,
What can I fay to him; or how find words
At once expreflive of my thame and grieft

## [232]

We learn to vencrate that pow'r whofe laws
Thou hate thus violated, thus prophan'd.
Oen. But one werd more, and I have done for crer-
If every bond of friendhip I conjure thee,
Dig all the ties of nature, to cecree
Eepulchral honours werthy of her birth,
And cach due rite the illuhrious dead demand,
To thy dear difter, and my haplefs wife.
For me, the vilent of the fons of Thebes,
Fleed thun :o farther-once more let me go,
A wand'ring exile from my father's roofs,
From Thebes, as erit from Corinth, and explore
'That facred foot on dark Citharon's brow,
By thofe who gave me being docm'd my grave
Early as life began; for ah! I feel,
Vithin this breaft I feel the dire prefage,
That fate denies me by the common lot
Of man to fall; fnatch'd from the jaws of death,
To perifh by the fignal wrath of Jove,
Long treafur'd for the moment: what that froke
I know not; but defpair hath arm'd my foul-
Deareft of men, my children I commend
To thy protecting arm; my fons are firm

## [ 233 ]

In health and manhood; they will leart require
Thy friendly aid: but oh! my haplefs daughters-
Dear blooming orphans, with fuch anxious care Cherih'd beneath thefe roofs in royal ftate; Fed by my hand, and by my watchful eye still guarded: how will thofe poor babes fuppori At once a father's and a mother's lofs?

O take them, prince; O fhield them with thy power,
And fofter with thy love! Might they be fummon'd?
Might they receive a father's laft embrace?
To touch them would furpend my pains : but off:
To glue my clafing arms around their necks,
Would give me fight, and nerve my limbs anew,
What have I faid of rapture-'tis denied
To this care-broken heart! To weep their fate.
And o'er them hang in fix'd and filent woe,
Is all now left me-but methinks I hear
Sounds fweet and plaintive, like the tender moans
Of thofe dear children : yes, they are my chideren:
Creon hath gratified my ardent wifh ;
What cara I ay-ooh torture-
Cre. To thy command
Obedient, I have brought thy children hither.

## [ 234 ]

Orn. İternal bleflings on thee for this kindnefs!
Come near, my daughters; Mudder not to touch
Your father, and your-brother: view the hands,
I:trul with gore, whofe fury hath conlign'd me
To everlatting darknefs, and forbade
The fight of you and heav'n : a king myfelf,
And yet a regicide, by heav'n and man
Alike abhorrd: approach, and weep my fate,
But do not curfe me with the name of parent.
Y'es, to behold your angel fmiles, that once
Gave vigour to my pulfe, is mine no more.
Yet I can weep jour fate, and I will weep
In tears of blood warm guhing from the heart.
With patient fortitude I might have borne
My own ditafters, bat the fenfe of yours
Hath quite unmann'd me. Whither will ye go
For refpite from your toils, or how affuage
The madnefs of defpair? From public haunts,
And all the gay delights of focial life,
Driv'n with difgrace, your virgin bloom to wate
In barren folitude, and execrate
The name of father. Ye munt never tate
The fweets of Hymen, nor with eager eyes
Gaze on a fmiling progeny; for who,

## [ 235 ]

Who will receive pollution to his arms,
Nor hudder at the black impending guilt
That hangs o'er all the race of Oedipus?
What horror in the tale! An impious fon
Hath flain his father, and, with guilty fires
Flaming, defild his mother's facred bed.
Purfu'd with jealous hatred by your fex, And exil'd by the voice of all mankind-

Thus thall ye pafs your wretched days, till death,
Thrice welcome, clofe the folitary fcene.
Thou, Creon, thou art left their only frie: ad;
Ah! fuffer not my poor, forfaken babes,
Like vagabonds, to wander o'er the earth
The fport of infamy: dear, generous youth,
Extend thy hands, as pledges of thy faith
And firm fupport: much, O my daughters, much
My heart would utter more, but grief forbids.
This is my only pray'r, that you may live
Refign'd and happy, as your fate will fuffer,
Where heav'n may beft ordain: and may that heav'n
In rich abundance on my childrens head
Shower down the bleffings it denies your fire.

## [ 236 ]

CRE. Enoug: : thy grief tranfports thee; O! retire Within the palace.
Oed. Iobey thee, prince;

Yet fhudder to approach that fatal fecne
Of all myguilt.
Cre. 'Tis right * thou hould'it retire:
Time and erents require it.
Ofa. Know'ft thou not
By what dire curles I am bound -

> Cre. Dechare tinem.

Oen. To leave thofe roofs, and thou to drive me thence -
O prince, with fwiftnefs execute the talk.
CRE. The gods alone can grant thee tlyy defire.
Oed. I am moft hateful to thofe gods.
Cre. Fcar not;
'They will befriend thee here.
Oed. Ah might I hore!
Cre. Thou may'ft; I fecak with confdence.
Oed. Then lead,
Whither thou wilt.
Cre. But let thy children. ftay.-
Oed. Wilt thou bereave me of my children too!
*The original faith, "All things are right on right occiafions:" The text feems der.sodlv equivocal and obfcure.

## [ 237 ]

Cre. Submit-Warn'd by thy fuff'rings, Oh! beware
Of that perverfenefs thou haft rued fo dearly.
Cho. Inhabitants of Thebes, behold your prince,
The mighty Oedipus, whofe foaring thought
Pierc'd the dark riddle of the monfter Sphynx;
Whofe fame * and pow'r, beyond example great,
What fon of Cadmus but with envy view'd ?-
That prince behold, by fad reverfe of fate
Fall'n from his throne of grandeur to the depth
Of abject mifery-Mortal, mark his fate ;
Nor him, whom fortune's changeful fmile adorns
With momentary triumphs, call thou bleft,
'Till death decide, and ftamp the name of "happy."

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As the text now ftands, this is a very difficult paffage, and the tranflations are ambiguous and unfatisfactory. A friend told me of a propofed emendation by the learned Editor of Euripides, Doctor Mufgrave.

The paffage becomes thus interrogative, and the fenfe is, "whom, who was there of the citizens, but beheld with envy in confequence of his good fortune?" This fenfe I have adopted, as the moft ealy to be tranflated, and beft expreffe of the meaning of Sophocles,

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T \mathrm{HE} E N \mathrm{D}
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[^0]:    * The fea of Omman bounds Arabia on the fouth, and is celebrated by the Eaftern Pocts for the beauty of the pearls it producs.

[^1]:    * Thefe rocks are at the entiance of the bay, and are fo many and dangerous as to : llow chl: one fife approach to the harbour, through a channel hardy wide cnouth to admit two fhegs co fall in abreaft.

[^2]:    * Potowmack is a comfinerable river of Virginia, where the firf fettlers eftablimed their cuiony, after furmoursimgevery oblacle of an unk nown country and a farage enemy.

[^3]:    * The caftle of Oxford, erecked by Robert D'Oilie, A. D. 1071, now converted into the county gaol:_The flory is well known of a defeendant of this founder, who being afked how he came into that place, reptied, "by right of inheritance."
    + Vulgo dictum, the Black Book, in which, if any member of the univerfity has the misfortune to have his name emrolled, he is totally excluded from attaining any privilese, or taking his degree.

[^4]:    * The famous Reafen, or enchanted ftandard, is here alluded to, in which the Danes put great confidence. It contained the figure of a raven, which had been inwove by the three fifters of Hingua and Hubba with many magical incantations, the flappings of whofe wings. was regarded as the certain prefage of victory.

[^5]:    * The Author is very far from meaning by this, or any other expreffion that may occur in this Poem, to revive any idea of former animofities between two nations at prefent fo happily united under one head. What he has written, is in conformity to the truth of hiftory, and is by no means intended as a reflection on a people who are diftinguifhed by their liberal hofpitality to ftrangers, as the Author has experienced; who is happy in this opportunity of exprefing his grateful acknowledgments.
    + Henry I.
    $\ddagger$ Edward I. who, at the battle of Faikirk, entirely routed and put to fight the whole Scottih army. Some hifforians make the lofs of the Scots amount to fifty or fixty thoufand men ; certain it is they never fuffered a greater lofs, or one that feemed to threaten more inevitable ruin to their country.

[^6]:    * James V. having appointed his favourite, Oliver Sinclair, to command the army acting againft Henry King of England, the Scots refented the indignity, refufd to ferve under him, and 102 man laid down their arms.

[^7]:    * Since Mr. Pennant vifited this place, fome part of the Mofs has, with infinite labour and expence, been removed; a great part however ftill remains covered: but this tract is not of fuch extent, as to interrupt the pleafure that arifes from a general view of the country.

[^8]:     2 long way.

    + In Thebes there were two temples of Pallas; cne in honour of Mincrva the affiter; the other in honour of the Ifmenian Minerva.

[^9]:    * Sol, qui terrarum flammas opera omnia luftras.

[^10]:    * Cithæron was the mountain on which Oedipus was expofed. There is a horrid grandeur, and local propriety in the original here, which could not well be expreffed in a tranflation. I have ventured to give it literally.

[^11]:    * Great emphafis is in the original laid on the comparifon of the prefent with the former ftate of Oedipus; which the Tranhator could not well convey to the reader without a paraphrafe of the two or three fucceeding lines.

